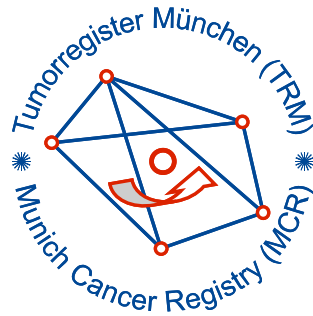


Munich Cancer Registry



- ▶ Survival
- ▶ Selection Matrix
- ▶ Homepage
- ▶ *Deutsch*

ICD-10 C25: Pancreas cancer

Incidence and Mortality

Year of diagnosis	1998-2020
Patients	17,254
Diseases	17,257
Creation date	12/21/2021
Database export	12/20/2021
Population	4.95 m




Munich Cancer Registry
Cancer Registry Bavaria - Upper Bavaria Regional Center
at Klinikum Grosshadern/IBE
Marchioninstr. 15
Munich, 81377
Germany

<https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en>

https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/base/bC25__E-ICD-10-C25-Pancreas-cancer-incidence-and-mortality.pdf

Index of figures and tables

Fig./Tbl.		Page
1	Annual cases, DCO, mult. malignancies, follow-up / yr	4
2	Incidence by year of diagnosis	7
3	Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis	8
4	Age distribution by 5-year age group and sex	11
5	Age-specific incidence, DCO rate, proportion malignancies	12
6	Age distribution and age-specific incidence (chart)	13
6a	Age-specific incidence internationally (chart)	14
7	Standardized incidence ratio of further malignancies	15
8a	Map of cancer incidence (BRD-S) by county (chart)	17
8b	Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) by county (chart)	18
9a	Pts incident cohorts and mortality / yr	19
9b	Incidence and mortality by year of diagnosis	20
9c	Cancer-related deaths, death certification available / yr	21
10	Medians of age at death / yr	22
11	Mortality by year of death	24
12	Distribution of age at death	26
13	Age-specific mortality	27
14	Further malignancies in deaths	28
15	Age-specific mortality (first primaries)	31
16	Age-specific mortality (single primaries)	32
17	Age distribution and age-specific mortality (chart)	33
18a	Map of cancer mortality (BRD-S) by county (chart)	34
18b	Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) by county (chart)	35

**Global Statements about the statistics on the Internet –
Baseline Statistics** (grey button ) , **Survival** (red button )

In these analyses, the clinics and physicians of Upper Bavaria and the city and county of Landshut[#], with a total of 4.69 million inhabitants, account for the frequency of cancer diseases^{##} and the achieved long term results. Additionally, the long term survival evaluated by the Munich Cancer Registry (MCR) is compared with the results of the population-based registry in the USA (SEER), which is useful for checking the consistency of the data on an international level.

In comparing several tables, inconsistent figures may be detected. This is based on the fact that different patient cohorts are included in the base calculation, for example when proportions of multiple tumors or DCO-cases^{###} are concerned. In other cases the individual tumor diagnosis is the basis for calculation, for example with incidence.

The foot notes describe the currentness of the data. The baseline statistics and survival data are updated annually. This yearly analysis comprises the Annual Report of the MCR.

Clinics and physicians have access to essentially more detailed data, with which they can check, compare and in the best case optimize their own data and results.

We would be pleased to receive corrections, critique and useful suggestions. Just send an e-mail to tumor@ibe.med.uni-muenchen.de.

Munich Cancer Registry, December 2021

- [#] Base data has been collected since 1998. An increase in new diseases is apparent, which is an effect of two extensions in the MCR catchment area (from a base population of 2.65 million to 4.10 in 2002, and to 4.69 million in 2007).
- ^{##} Due to the high frequency and good prognosis of non-malignant skin cancer (C44), no systematic ascertainment is performed for this diagnosis. C44 is not designated as a primary, but rather as a secondary tumor.
- ^{###} DCO (death certificate only) identifies a cancer case that first becomes available to the MCR through the death certificate.

ICD-10 codes (ICD-10 2015) used for specifying cancer site

Code	Description
C25.-	Malignant neoplasm of pancreas
C25.0	Head of pancreas
C25.1	Body of pancreas
C25.2	Tail of pancreas
C25.3	Pancreatic duct
C25.4	Endocrine pancreas
C25.7	Other parts of pancreas
C25.8	Overlapping lesion of pancreas
C25.9	Pancreas, unspecified

INCIDENCE

Table 1

Cases with invasive cancer by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (ALL PATIENTS) (incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	All cases n	DCO cases n	Prop. DCO %	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior + synchron. %	Prop. at least 1 further malign. after %	Prop. deaths %	Prop. actively followed %
1998	321	113	35.2	9.3	2.2	98.1	99.7
1999	373	139	37.3	11.4	2.2	98.1	99.7
2000	338	148	43.8	11.5	2.2	98.5	100.0
2001	418	172	41.1	11.2	2.3	97.4	98.8
2002	664	284	42.8	12.1	2.3	97.4	99.5 #
2003	612	219	35.8	12.5	2.3	98.0	99.5
2004	665	222	33.4	12.5	2.2	96.4	99.2
2005	717	218	30.4	13.3	2.2	96.7	99.3
2006	734	211	28.7	13.6	2.2	96.9	99.7
2007	821	234	28.5	13.8	2.1	95.6	99.0 #
2008	884	257	29.1	14.2	2.1	96.3	99.7
2009	900	252	28.0	14.8	2.0	94.7	99.1
2010	940	233	24.8	15.2	2.0	94.6	99.7
2011	915	247	27.0	15.7	2.0	94.0	99.8
2012	954	243	25.5	16.0	1.8	92.0	99.2
2013	931	222	23.8	16.5	1.7	93.1	99.1
2014	950	244	25.7	16.7	1.6	92.9	99.7
2015	1008	243	24.1	17.0	1.6	91.3	98.8
2016	1018	296	29.1	17.4	1.4	90.6	99.9
2017	1036	273	26.4	17.6	1.4	88.1	99.6
2018	773	116	15.0	17.9	1.4	77.1	99.7
2019	694	20	2.9	18.0	1.2	70.0	99.7
2020	591			18.2	0.7	52.6	99.7 ##
1998-2020	17257	4606	26.7	18.2	2.2	91.1	99.5

17,257 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 17,254 patients. Currently, in 3,644 (21.1 %) of these 17,254 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 2,941 / 573 / 130 (17.0 % / 3.3 % / 0.8 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.

Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retrieved from the respective headings.

How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 773 cases has been diagnosed, of which 17.9 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 1.4 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1a

Cases with invasive cancer by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (MALES) (incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Males n	Males %	DCO cases n	Prop. DCO %	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior + synchron. %	Prop. at least 1 further malign. after %	Prop. deaths %	Prop. actively followed %
1998	144	44.9	46	31.9	7.6	2.3	97.9	99.3
1999	190	50.9	60	31.6	11.7	2.3	97.4	99.5
2000	160	47.3	61	38.1	12.1	2.4	98.8	100.0
2001	200	47.8	73	36.5	11.4	2.4	97.5	98.0
2002	311	46.8	116	37.3	12.6	2.4	96.8	99.4 #
2003	301	49.2	97	32.2	13.6	2.4	99.0	100.0
2004	298	44.8	78	26.2	13.5	2.4	96.0	99.0
2005	351	49.0	89	25.4	14.3	2.4	97.2	98.6
2006	371	50.5	81	21.8	14.7	2.3	95.7	99.7
2007	419	51.0	88	21.0	14.8	2.2	94.7	99.0 #
2008	415	46.9	103	24.8	15.4	2.2	96.1	99.8
2009	455	50.6	113	24.8	16.0	2.1	95.2	99.3
2010	447	47.6	92	20.6	16.3	2.0	94.9	99.3
2011	445	48.6	114	25.6	16.8	2.0	93.3	99.6
2012	485	50.8	96	19.8	17.0	1.8	92.2	99.4
2013	462	49.6	99	21.4	17.5	1.6	94.2	98.9
2014	472	49.7	120	25.4	17.7	1.6	91.5	99.8
2015	501	49.7	95	19.0	18.1	1.6	91.0	99.4
2016	525	51.6	139	26.5	18.5	1.4	91.8	100.0
2017	511	49.3	121	23.7	18.7	1.4	87.7	99.8
2018	399	51.6	53	13.3	18.9	1.5	77.2	100.0
2019	359	51.7	8	2.2	19.0	1.4	68.5	100.0
2020	317	53.6			19.2	1.0	53.0	99.4 ##
1998–2020	8538	49.5	1942	22.7	19.2	2.3	90.8	99.5

8,538 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 8,537 patients. Currently, in 1,908 (22.3 %) of these 8,537 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 1,529 / 303 / 76 (17.9 % / 3.5 % / 0.9 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.

Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retrieved from the respective headings.

How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 399 cases has been diagnosed, of which 18.9 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 1.5 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1b

Cases with invasive cancer by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (FEMALES) (incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Females n	Females %	DCO cases n	Prop. DCO %	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior + synchron. %	Prop. at least 1 further malign. after %	Prop. deaths %	Prop. actively followed %
1998	177	55.1	67	37.9	10.7	2.1	98.3	100.0
1999	183	49.1	79	43.2	11.1	2.1	98.9	100.0
2000	178	52.7	87	48.9	11.0	2.1	98.3	100.0
2001	218	52.2	99	45.4	11.0	2.1	97.2	99.5
2002	353	53.2	168	47.6	11.6	2.1	98.0	99.7 #
2003	311	50.8	122	39.2	11.6	2.1	97.1	99.0
2004	367	55.2	144	39.2	11.7	2.1	96.7	99.5
2005	366	51.0	129	35.2	12.4	2.1	96.2	100.0
2006	363	49.5	130	35.8	12.6	2.0	98.1	99.7
2007	402	49.0	146	36.3	12.8	2.1	96.5	99.0 #
2008	469	53.1	154	32.8	13.1	2.1	96.4	99.6
2009	445	49.4	139	31.2	13.6	2.0	94.2	98.9
2010	493	52.4	141	28.6	14.1	1.9	94.3	100.0
2011	470	51.4	133	28.3	14.6	2.0	94.7	100.0
2012	469	49.2	147	31.3	15.1	1.9	91.9	98.9
2013	469	50.4	123	26.2	15.5	1.8	92.1	99.4
2014	478	50.3	124	25.9	15.8	1.7	94.4	99.6
2015	507	50.3	148	29.2	16.1	1.6	91.5	98.2
2016	493	48.4	157	31.8	16.4	1.4	89.2	99.8
2017	525	50.7	152	29.0	16.6	1.4	88.6	99.4
2018	374	48.4	63	16.8	16.9	1.2	77.0	99.5
2019	335	48.3	12	3.6	17.0	1.0	71.6	99.4
2020	274	46.4			17.2	0.4	52.2	100.0 ##
1998–2020	8719	50.5	2664	30.6	17.2	2.1	91.5	99.5

8,719 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 8,717 patients. Currently, in 1,736 (19.9 %) of these 8,717 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 1,412 / 270 / 54 (16.2 % / 3.1 % / 0.6 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.

Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retrieved from the respective headings.

How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 374 cases has been diagnosed, of which 16.9 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 1.2 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 2

Incidence measures by year of diagnosis including DCO cases
(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002,
and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

Year of diagnosis	Males n	Females n	Males Inc. raw	Fem. Inc. raw	Males Inc. WS	Fem. Inc. WS	Males Inc. ES	Fem. Inc. ES	Males Inc. BRD-S	Fem. Inc. BRD-S
1998	144	177	13.0	15.0	7.7	5.9	11.7	9.1	15.4	12.6
1999	190	183	17.0	15.4	10.0	5.7	15.3	9.0	20.9	12.7
2000	160	178	14.0	14.8	8.1	5.8	12.6	9.0	16.6	12.2
2001	200	218	17.3	17.9	9.9	7.2	15.1	11.2	19.7	14.9
2002	311	353	16.7	18.0	9.4	6.7	14.1	10.4	18.1	14.2
2003	301	311	16.1	15.8	8.8	6.3	13.3	9.7	17.3	12.7
2004	298	367	15.8	18.6	8.6	6.9	12.9	10.7	16.7	14.5
2005	351	366	18.5	18.4	9.6	7.1	14.5	10.9	19.2	14.4
2006	371	363	19.4	18.1	10.3	6.5	15.4	10.1	20.0	13.8
2007	419	402	18.9	17.4	9.9	6.4	14.9	10.0	19.2	13.2
2008	415	469	18.6	20.2	9.4	7.4	14.2	11.4	18.6	15.2
2009	455	445	20.4	19.1	10.1	6.9	15.3	10.6	19.9	14.2
2010	447	493	19.8	21.1	9.4	7.4	14.3	11.5	19.1	15.7
2011	445	470	19.9	20.1	9.3	7.1	14.0	11.0	18.4	14.9
2012	485	469	21.4	19.9	10.1	7.2	15.3	10.9	20.0	14.6
2013	462	469	20.1	19.7	9.3	6.8	14.1	10.6	18.4	14.3
2014	472	478	20.2	19.9	9.1	7.0	13.8	10.8	18.5	14.4
2015	501	507	21.1	20.8	9.4	7.2	14.3	11.1	19.1	15.0
2016	525	493	21.8	20.1	9.7	7.1	14.8	10.8	19.5	14.5
2017	511	525	21.2	21.3	9.1	7.3	14.0	11.3	18.6	15.1
2018	399	374	16.4	15.1	7.4	5.9	11.1	8.7	14.4	11.3
2019	359	335	14.7	13.5	6.8	5.3	10.1	7.9	13.1	10.3
2020	317	274	13.0	11.0	6.2	4.5	9.1	6.6	11.6	8.5
1998-2020	8538	8719	18.4	18.1	9.0	6.6	13.5	10.1	17.7	13.6

The computation of the incidence measures includes all cancers, irrespective of first or subsequent malignancy.

Table 3

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (ALL PATIENTS)
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Cases n	Std.		Median						
		Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	321	71.8	12.6	28.2	98.1	55.4	63.2	73.6	80.4	86.5
1999	373	72.6	11.8	27.6	98.8	56.2	64.4	74.2	80.8	86.6
2000	338	71.5	13.0	21.7	98.5	54.2	62.1	73.9	80.5	87.3
2001	418	71.7	11.7	35.1	97.7	56.4	64.3	72.0	80.7	87.0
2002	664	72.2	11.8	35.3	98.6	56.1	63.7	73.2	80.9	87.3
2003	612	71.4	12.1	33.2	98.4	55.3	63.2	72.7	80.2	87.3
2004	665	72.3	11.4	38.5	100	57.3	64.6	72.4	81.3	86.6
2005	717	72.1	11.6	36.2	99.8	57.9	64.3	71.9	80.7	86.2
2006	734	72.4	11.9	12.3	97.7	57.8	64.8	73.7	81.5	86.3
2007	821	72.1	12.0	25.6	97.2	55.4	64.0	72.6	81.2	87.1
2008	884	72.7	12.2	22.9	98.5	56.4	65.5	73.3	81.9	87.1
2009	900	72.8	11.6	27.9	102	57.4	65.4	73.3	82.1	87.1
2010	940	73.1	11.4	15.4	98.6	57.7	66.5	74.0	81.8	86.6
2011	915	73.1	11.4	34.6	99.1	57.7	67.0	73.7	81.7	87.0
2012	954	72.4	11.9	0.0	101	57.1	65.8	73.5	80.8	86.5
2013	931	73.3	11.3	14.2	99.4	57.5	66.8	74.6	81.1	87.0
2014	950	73.6	11.3	24.8	99.2	58.4	67.0	74.8	81.9	87.3
2015	1008	73.1	11.7	23.4	101	55.9	66.3	75.0	80.7	87.0
2016	1018	73.1	12.4	18.8	101	55.6	65.8	75.4	81.5	87.4
2017	1036	73.6	11.6	23.3	99.7	57.2	67.2	75.4	81.4	87.4
2018	773	71.8	11.8	24.4	104	55.5	64.2	73.7	80.2	86.1
2019	694	70.7	11.7	23.5	96.8	54.3	63.3	73.3	79.2	83.5
2020	591	70.0	11.8	0.0	94.0	54.7	62.6	71.6	79.0	83.0
1998-2020	17257	72.5	11.8	0.0	104	56.3	65.1	73.8	81.0	86.7

Table 3a

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (MALES)
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Cases n	Std.		Median						
		Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	144	68.1	11.5	36.3	97.7	53.3	59.5	69.8	75.7	80.1
1999	190	69.3	11.8	27.6	93.0	54.3	61.5	69.5	78.3	84.4
2000	160	69.4	11.9	41.1	97.8	54.3	60.8	69.6	78.5	85.5
2001	200	68.8	11.7	35.1	94.0	54.7	61.5	68.7	78.0	84.6
2002	311	68.8	11.8	35.3	97.5	53.8	61.6	69.1	76.7	82.8
2003	301	69.4	11.3	33.2	98.0	55.1	63.0	69.3	77.0	82.9
2004	298	69.2	11.1	38.5	94.9	54.5	62.6	69.5	76.8	84.2
2005	351	69.7	10.8	36.2	98.5	56.4	62.4	69.2	78.2	83.7
2006	371	69.3	12.0	12.3	94.8	55.5	62.5	70.3	77.2	83.4
2007	419	69.5	11.7	25.6	95.5	53.2	62.0	69.8	77.8	85.1
2008	415	70.3	11.7	22.9	94.5	54.8	63.4	70.5	79.3	84.8
2009	455	70.5	11.1	29.0	102	55.6	63.4	70.9	78.5	85.1
2010	447	71.1	10.7	42.2	98.6	57.4	64.2	71.7	79.0	84.6
2011	445	71.2	11.0	38.8	96.2	56.1	64.8	72.3	78.7	84.5
2012	485	70.5	11.4	0.0	96.8	56.0	63.8	71.9	78.3	84.4
2013	462	71.7	10.7	34.4	98.1	57.5	64.7	72.7	78.5	85.1
2014	472	72.3	11.3	24.8	98.0	57.7	66.2	73.7	80.2	86.0
2015	501	71.1	11.5	23.4	96.6	53.9	64.7	72.9	79.5	83.8
2016	525	71.7	12.2	18.8	94.8	55.0	64.5	74.2	80.1	85.7
2017	511	72.0	11.3	36.2	99.7	54.6	65.9	74.3	79.3	85.0
2018	399	71.3	11.4	27.0	97.8	55.6	63.4	72.9	80.0	84.8
2019	359	70.1	11.7	23.5	92.5	53.7	63.3	72.3	78.7	83.4
2020	317	69.6	11.2	29.8	92.9	54.9	62.7	70.8	78.2	82.8
1998-2020	8538	70.5	11.4	0.0	102	55.1	63.3	71.6	78.7	84.4

Table 3b

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (FEMALES)
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Cases n	Std.		Median						
		Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	177	74.8	12.6	28.2	98.1	57.0	66.9	77.6	84.2	87.7
1999	183	76.0	10.9	44.6	98.8	60.8	69.5	76.8	84.1	88.6
2000	178	73.4	13.8	21.7	98.5	53.8	65.5	76.9	82.6	87.8
2001	218	74.3	11.1	38.6	97.7	58.3	67.7	74.9	82.1	88.0
2002	353	75.1	11.0	38.1	98.6	60.9	68.1	76.6	82.4	88.2
2003	311	73.3	12.6	37.1	98.4	55.6	63.8	76.0	82.7	88.6
2004	367	74.8	11.0	38.8	100	60.1	67.1	75.9	83.3	88.0
2005	366	74.4	11.8	36.3	99.8	60.2	66.3	75.0	82.4	90.6
2006	363	75.5	11.1	32.2	97.7	60.4	68.5	76.9	84.5	87.9
2007	402	74.9	11.6	37.8	97.2	59.1	67.6	75.9	84.1	88.6
2008	469	74.8	12.2	23.8	98.5	58.7	67.7	76.0	84.4	88.0
2009	445	75.1	11.7	27.9	101	59.5	67.4	76.6	84.0	88.6
2010	493	74.8	11.8	15.4	97.6	59.5	69.3	76.2	83.7	87.3
2011	470	74.8	11.5	34.6	99.1	59.0	68.5	75.8	83.7	88.0
2012	469	74.4	12.1	19.5	101	58.7	68.7	75.3	83.2	88.3
2013	469	74.9	11.6	14.2	99.4	56.6	69.0	76.3	83.6	88.3
2014	478	74.9	11.2	29.9	99.2	59.9	67.7	75.6	83.4	88.8
2015	507	75.1	11.5	36.6	101	60.4	68.9	76.1	82.5	89.7
2016	493	74.5	12.4	26.3	101	56.6	68.0	76.2	82.8	89.2
2017	525	75.1	11.7	23.3	98.4	59.1	67.8	76.8	83.4	89.0
2018	374	72.4	12.1	24.4	104	55.2	65.1	74.5	80.3	86.9
2019	335	71.4	11.7	29.2	96.8	54.9	63.7	74.2	79.9	83.8
2020	274	70.5	12.4	0.0	94.0	53.6	62.1	73.1	79.6	83.6
1998-2020	8719	74.4	11.8	0.0	104	58.3	67.4	75.9	83.0	88.1

Table 4

Age distribution by 5-year age group and sex for period 2007-2020
(incl. DCO)

Age at diagnosis Years	Cases			Males			Females		
	n	%	Cum.%	n	%	Cum.%	n	%	Cum.%
0-4	2	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.0
5-9	0	0.0	0.0			0.0			0.0
10-14	1	0.0	0.0			0.0	1	0.0	0.0
15-19	4	0.0	0.1	1	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	0.1
20-24	8	0.1	0.1	4	0.1	0.1	4	0.1	0.1
25-29	18	0.1	0.3	9	0.1	0.2	9	0.1	0.3
30-34	24	0.2	0.5	12	0.2	0.4	12	0.2	0.5
35-39	44	0.4	0.8	24	0.4	0.8	20	0.3	0.8
40-44	113	0.9	1.7	59	0.9	1.8	54	0.9	1.7
45-49	320	2.6	4.3	194	3.1	4.9	126	2.0	3.7
50-54	497	4.0	8.3	291	4.7	9.6	206	3.3	7.0
55-59	771	6.2	14.5	452	7.3	16.9	319	5.1	12.2
60-64	1116	9.0	23.5	652	10.5	27.4	464	7.5	19.7
65-69	1588	12.8	36.3	897	14.4	41.8	691	11.1	30.8
70-74	2133	17.2	53.5	1119	18.0	59.8	1014	16.3	47.1
75-79	2289	18.4	71.9	1162	18.7	78.5	1127	18.2	65.3
80-84	1752	14.1	86.0	757	12.2	90.7	995	16.0	81.3
85+	1735	14.0	100.0	578	9.3	100.0	1157	18.7	100.0
All ages	12415	100.0		6212	100.0		6203	100.0	

Table 5

Age-specific incidence, DCO rate and proportion of all cancers
for period 2007–2020

Age at diagnosis Years	Males n	Females n	Males Age- spec. incid.	Females Age- spec. incid.	Males DCO rate n=1240 %	Females DCO rate n=1639 %	Males	Females
							Prop.all cancers n=153686 %	Prop.all cancers n=155051 %
0- 4	1	1	0.1	0.1	100.0		0.5	0.6
5- 9								
10-14		1		0.1				0.8
15-19	1	3	0.1	0.2			0.3	1.1
20-24	4	4	0.2	0.2			0.6	0.8
25-29	9	9	0.4	0.4			0.9	0.8
30-34	12	12	0.5	0.5			0.9	0.6
35-39	24	20	1.0	0.9	4.2	10.0	1.3	0.6
40-44	59	54	2.4	2.2	3.4	1.9	2.1	0.9
45-49	194	126	7.2	4.8	5.7	2.4	3.8	1.3
50-54	291	206	11.4	8.2	10.3	3.9	3.4	1.7
55-59	452	319	21.3	14.6	9.3	7.2	3.6	2.4
60-64	652	464	36.9	24.4	8.0	8.8	3.7	3.0
65-69	897	691	55.0	38.1	11.3	10.1	3.7	3.6
70-74	1119	1013	74.6	58.9	12.2	12.5	4.1	5.1
75-79	1162	1127	96.0	75.1	21.9	19.0	4.8	5.8
80-84	756	995	104.4	93.5	35.1	37.6	4.9	6.5
85+	578	1157	123.8	111.0	59.5	67.1	5.5	7.1
All ages	6211	6202			20.0	26.4	4.0	4.0
Incidence								
Raw			19.1	18.5				
WS			8.9	6.7				
ES			13.4	10.2				
BRD-S			17.6	13.6				

The age-specific incidence characterizes the disease risk in a particular age group. The age distribution depends on the patient population frequency in each age group and reflects the tangible clinical picture of everyday patients care (see following chart).

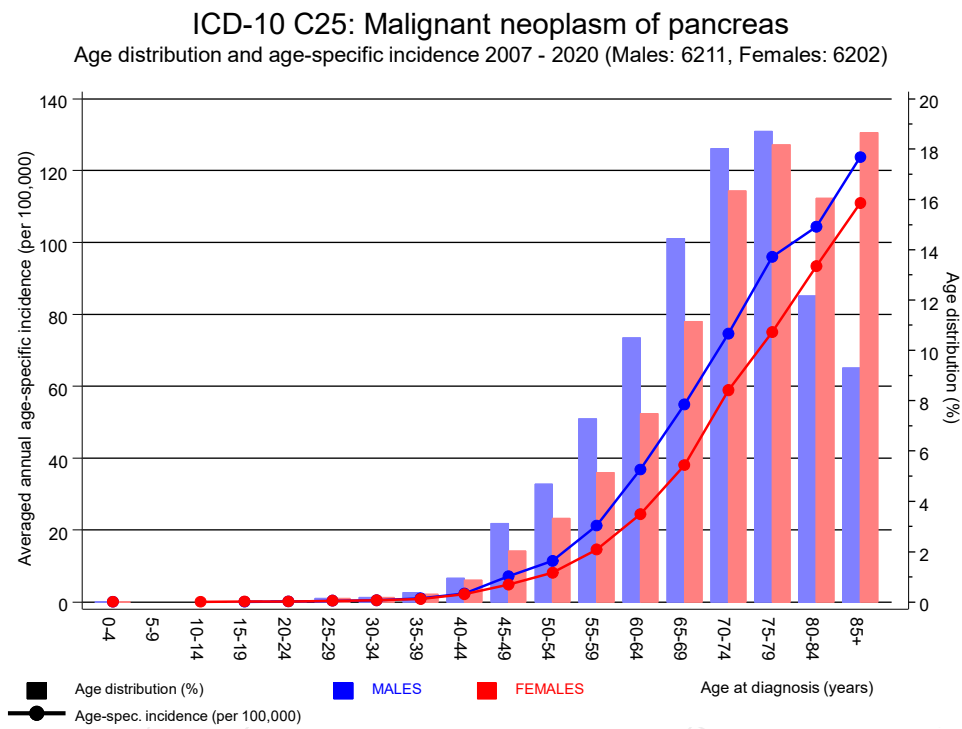


Figure 6. Age distribution (males: mean=71.0 yrs, median=72.3 yrs; females: mean=74.3 yrs, median=75.8 yrs) and age-specific incidence.

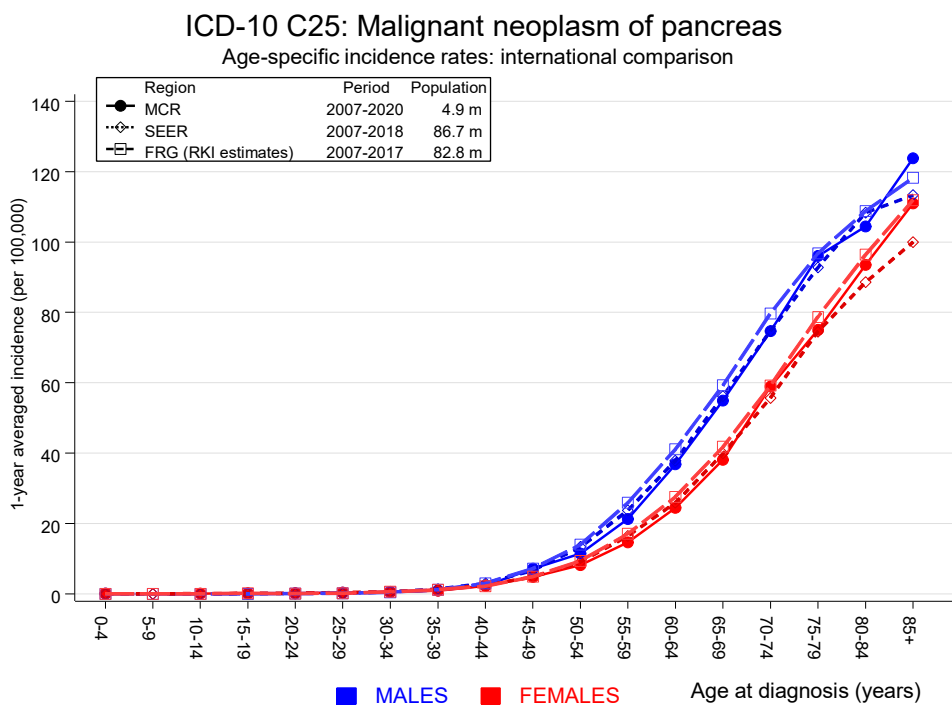


Figure 6a. Age-specific incidence in MCR registry areas compared to Germany (FRG, RKI estimates) and SEER (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA).

Reference:

Estimated age-specific patient population of Germany, latest update: 16 March 2021. German Centre for Cancer Registry Data, Robert Koch Institute (RKI), based on data of the population based cancer registries. <http://www.krebsdaten.de>. Last access: 08/17/2021
 Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 21 Regs Research Data, released April 2021, based on the November 2020 submission. <http://www.seer.cancer.gov>.

Table 7a

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits),
excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies
for period 1998–2020

MALES

Diagnosis	Observed n	Expected n	SIR	CI 95%	CI 95%	EAR	DCO %
C09–C10 Oropharynx	3	1.3	2.3	0.5	6.8	2.1	33.3
C12–C13 Hypopharynx	1	0.7	1.4	0.0	8.0	0.4	
C15 Oesophagus	5	2.6	1.9	0.6	4.5	2.9	20.0
C16 Stomach	34	4.8	7.0	4.9	9.8 #	35.7	11.8
C17 Small intestine	14	0.8	17.8	9.7	29.9 #	16.2	
C18 Colon	34	12.0	2.8	2.0	4.0 #	26.9	20.6
C19–C20 Rectum	10	6.7	1.5	0.7	2.8	4.1	
C22 Liver	5	3.8	1.3	0.4	3.1	1.5	
C23–C24 Bile	6	1.4	4.4	1.6	9.5 #	5.7	
C25 Pancreas	1	5.0	0.2	0.0	1.1	-4.9	100.0
C32 Larynx	1	1.2	0.8	0.0	4.5	-0.3	
C33–C34 Lung	41	14.9	2.7	2.0	3.7 #	31.9	24.4
C38,C45 Mesothelioma	1	0.9	1.1	0.0	6.4	0.2	100.0
C43 Malign. melanoma	12	5.8	2.1	1.1	3.6 #	7.6	
C46,C49 Soft tissue	4	0.7	5.6	1.5	14.3 #	4.0	
C48 Peritoneal	1	0.1	9.5	0.2	53.1	1.1	100.0
C60 Penis	1	0.3	3.1	0.1	17.4	0.8	
C61 Prostate	64	35.7	1.8	1.4	2.3 #	34.6	31.3
C62 Testis	1	0.3	3.2	0.1	17.7	0.8	100.0
C64 Kidney	13	4.4	3.0	1.6	5.1 #	10.6	7.7
C65 Renal pelvis	3	0.6	5.2	1.1	15.3 #	3.0	
C67 Bladder	13	5.8	2.2	1.2	3.8 #	8.8	15.4
C69 Eye melanoma	1	0.1	7.1	0.2	39.5	1.0	
C70–C72 CNS cancer	2	1.6	1.3	0.2	4.6	0.5	50.0
C74–C80 Cancer others	1	0.3	3.9	0.1	21.7	0.9	100.0
C76–C79 CUP	2	2.1	1.0	0.1	3.5	-0.1	
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	1	0.3	3.5	0.1	19.4	0.9	
C82–C85 NHL	11	5.2	2.1	1.0	3.8 #	7.0	9.1
C90 Mult. myeloma	2	1.6	1.2	0.1	4.4	0.4	
C91–C96 Leukaemia	3	1.9	1.6	0.3	4.7	1.4	
Not observed	0	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.9 #	-5.3	
All further malignancies	291	127.2	2.3	2.0	2.6 #	200.2	18.2

Patients	7344
Median age at next malignancy (years)	73.8
Person-years	8180
Mean observation time (years)	1.1
Median observation time (years)	0.5

The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Table 7b

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits),
excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies
for period 1998–2020

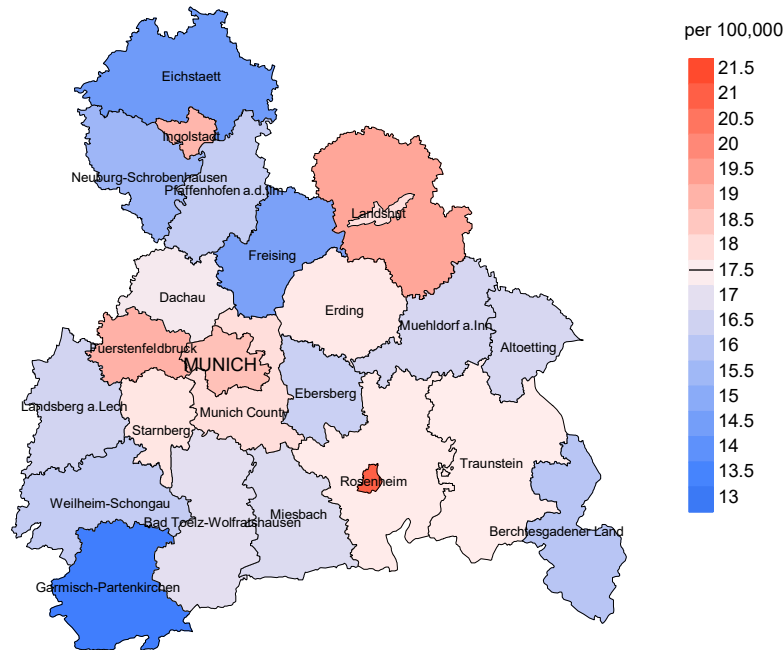
FEMALES

Diagnosis	Observed n	Expected n	SIR	CI 95%	CI 95%	EAR	DCO %
C03–C06 Oral cavity	1	0.5	2.1	0.1	11.5	0.7	
C15 Oesophagus	5	0.6	8.3	2.7	19.3 #	5.7	60.0
C16 Stomach	25	2.9	8.6	5.6	12.7 #	28.6	12.0
C17 Small intestine	9	0.5	18.4	8.4	35.0 #	11.0	
C18 Colon	25	8.4	3.0	1.9	4.4 #	21.6	36.0
C19–C20 Rectum	9	3.4	2.7	1.2	5.1 #	7.3	33.3
C22 Liver	3	1.1	2.7	0.6	7.9	2.4	66.7
C23–C24 Bile	9	1.2	7.3	3.3	13.8 #	10.0	22.2
C25 Pancreas	2	4.2	0.5	0.1	1.7	-2.8	
C33–C34 Lung	33	6.9	4.8	3.3	6.7 #	33.8	24.2
C43 Malign. melanoma	2	3.3	0.6	0.1	2.2	-1.6	50.0
C50 Breast	59	26.8	2.2	1.7	2.8 #	41.7	22.0
C51 Vulva	1	0.9	1.1	0.0	6.0	0.1	
C52 Vagina	3	0.2	18.2	3.8	53.3 #	3.7	
C53 Cervix uteri	1	1.0	1.0	0.0	5.3	-0.1	
C54 Corpus uteri	7	5.0	1.4	0.6	2.9	2.6	28.6
C55,C57 Fem. genitals un	1	0.2	5.8	0.1	32.2	1.1	100.0
C56 Ovary	18	3.5	5.1	3.0	8.1 #	18.8	55.6
C64 Kidney	8	2.0	3.9	1.7	7.7 #	7.7	12.5
C65 Renal pelvis	1	0.3	3.5	0.1	19.7	0.9	
C66 Ureter	2	0.2	13.3	1.6	48.1 #	2.4	
C67 Bladder	3	1.7	1.8	0.4	5.2	1.7	66.7
C70–C72 CNS cancer	1	1.1	0.9	0.0	5.1	-0.1	
C73 Thyroid	2	1.3	1.6	0.2	5.7	1.0	
C76–C79 CUP	6	1.5	4.0	1.5	8.6 #	5.8	
C82–C85 NHL	5	3.4	1.5	0.5	3.5	2.1	40.0
C90 Mult. myeloma	6	1.1	5.7	2.1	12.4 #	6.4	16.7
C91–C96 Leukaemia	2	1.2	1.6	0.2	5.8	1.0	100.0
Not observed	0	3.4	0.0	0.0	1.1	-4.4	
All further malignancies	249	87.5	2.8	2.5	3.2 #	209.0	26.1

Patients	6998
Median age at next malignancy (years)	74.9
Person-years	7725
Mean observation time (years)	1.1
Median observation time (years)	0.5

The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Average incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



Average incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females

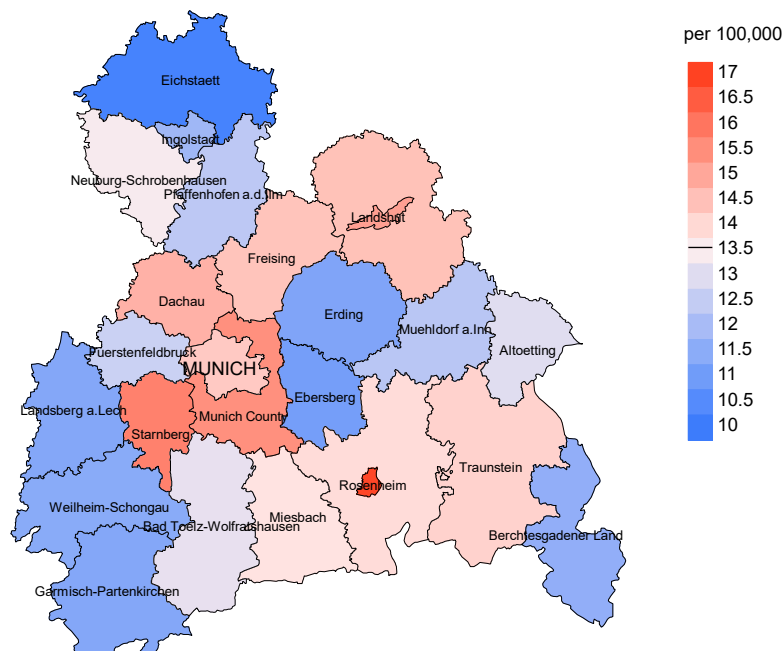
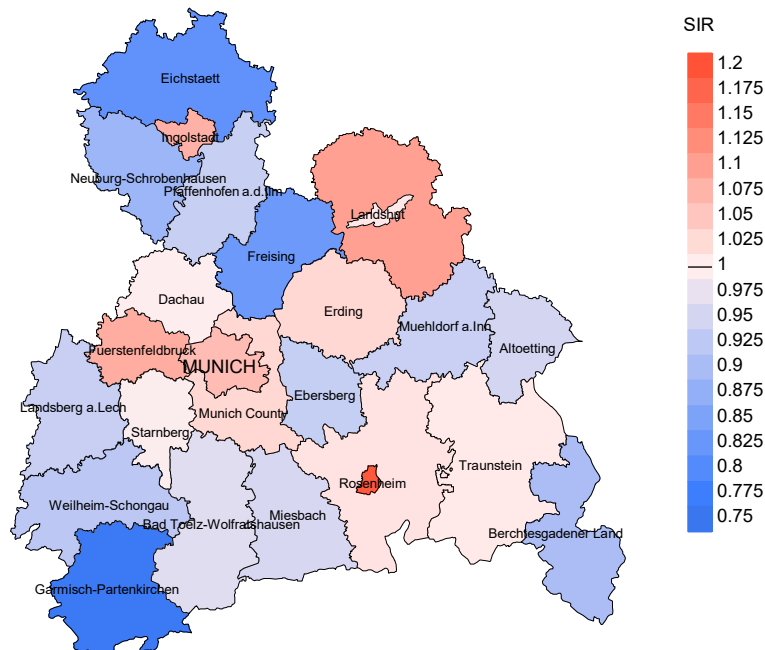


Figure 8a. Map of cancer incidence (german standard population, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual incidence rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 17.6/100,000 WS N=6,211, females 13.6/100,000 WS N=6,202).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 138 women were identified with newly diagnosed pancreas cancer. Therefore, the mean incidence rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 11.1/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 8.8 and 13.8/100,000.

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Males



Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Females

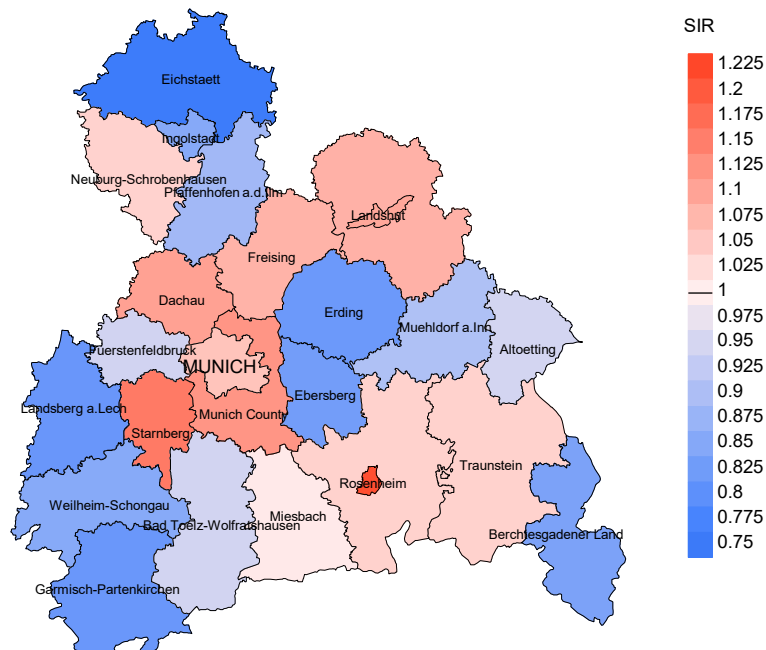


Figure 8b. Map of standardized incidence ratio (SIR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SIR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=6,211, females N=6,202).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 138 women were identified with newly diagnosed pancreas cancer. Therefore, the mean standardized incidence ratio (SIR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 0.83. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.66 and 1.03, and is therefore not statistically striking.

MORTALITY

Table 9a

Annual cohorts: Incident cancers, follow-up status, proportion of DCO, deaths among the annual cohorts and proportion of available death certificates (with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

Year of diagnosis	Incident cases n	Prop. actively followed %	Prop. DCO %	Deaths n	Prop. deaths %	Prop. deaths with death certific. %
1998	321	99.7	35.2	315	98.1	95.2
1999	373	99.7	37.3	366	98.1	95.1
2000	338	100.0	43.8	333	98.5	97.3
2001	418	98.8	41.1	407	97.4	98.0
2002	664	99.5	42.8	647	97.4	97.7
2003	612	99.5	35.8	600	98.0	98.3
2004	665	99.2	33.4	641	96.4	98.3
2005	717	99.3	30.4	693	96.7	99.1
2006	734	99.7	28.7	711	96.9	98.5
2007	821	99.0	28.5	785	95.6	99.5
2008	884	99.7	29.1	851	96.3	99.1
2009	900	99.1	28.0	852	94.7	98.6
2010	940	99.7	24.8	889	94.6	98.4
2011	915	99.8	27.0	860	94.0	98.6
2012	954	99.2	25.5	878	92.0	98.1
2013	931	99.1	23.8	867	93.1	97.0
2014	950	99.7	25.7	883	92.9	97.3
2015	1008	98.8	24.1	920	91.3	95.8
2016	1018	99.9	29.1	922	90.6	94.4
2017	1036	99.6	26.4	913	88.1	86.1
2018	773	99.7	15.0	596	77.1	60.2
2019	694	99.7	2.9	486	70.0	79.8
2020	591	99.7		311	52.6	95.8
1998-2020	17257	99.5	26.7	15726	91.1	95.0

Table 9b

Annual cohorts of incident cancers and deaths, proportion of death certificates and cases deceased within the same year of being diagnosed with cancer (incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

Year of diagnosis/ death	Incident cases n	Deaths n	Prop. deaths with death certific. %	Deaths in same year n	Prop. deaths in same year %
1998	321	315	96.5	186	57.9
1999	373	354	95.2	235	63.0
2000	338	336	97.0	206	60.9
2001	418	370	95.9	253	60.5
2002	664	494	98.6	390	58.7
2003	612	524	98.9	351	57.4
2004	665	524	98.1	368	55.3
2005	717	567	97.9	370	51.6
2006	734	642	99.2	410	55.9
2007	821	670	98.8	426	51.9
2008	884	709	99.6	473	53.5
2009	900	699	98.9	462	51.3
2010	940	776	99.4	486	51.7
2011	915	793	98.7	494	54.0
2012	954	775	98.8	483	50.6
2013	931	756	98.4	453	48.7
2014	950	763	98.2	483	50.8
2015	1008	815	98.3	506	50.2
2016	1018	835	97.7	547	53.7
2017	1036	871	97.5	555	53.6
2018	773	610	67.0	292	37.8
2019	694	591	44.5	227	32.7
2020	591	567	95.8	174	29.4
1998–2020	17257	14356	94.6	8830	51.2

Table 9c

Annual cohorts of deaths, proportion of cancer-related and non-cancer-related deaths, and cancer recorded on death certificates
(incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002,
and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

Year of death	Deaths n	Prop. cancer- related %	Prop. non-cancer- related %	Prop. cancer recorded on death certificate %
1998	315	91.1	8.9	99.0
1999	354	90.7	9.3	98.8
2000	336	94.3	5.7	98.8
2001	370	95.1	4.9	99.7
2002	494	95.7	4.3	98.8
2003	524	97.3	2.7	99.8
2004	524	98.1	1.9	99.2
2005	567	97.2	2.8	99.6
2006	642	98.0	2.0	99.2
2007	670	97.5	2.5	99.4
2008	709	97.6	2.4	98.7
2009	699	96.9	3.1	98.8
2010	776	97.6	2.4	98.6
2011	793	96.8	3.2	99.2
2012	775	96.4	3.6	99.2
2013	756	94.8	5.2	98.3
2014	763	95.9	4.1	98.8
2015	815	95.5	4.5	98.0
2016	835	95.8	4.2	98.3
2017	871	95.4	4.6	98.4
2018	610	88.2	11.8	93.9
2019	591	79.2	20.8	95.1
2020	567	89.9	10.1	94.5
1998–2020	14356	94.9	5.1	98.5

Table 10a

Medians of age at death according to the grouping in Table 9
MALES

Year of death	Deaths n	Age at death (all causes) Years	Age at death (cancer-related) Years	Age at death (non-cancer-related) Years	Age at death (according to death certificate) Years
1998	145	69.8	69.8	73.0	69.8
1999	179	71.0	70.5	78.7	71.0
2000	162	70.2	69.5	80.7	70.2
2001	170	70.2	70.2	69.6	70.5
2002	231	69.5	69.3	76.5	69.5
2003	263	69.1	68.9	77.7	69.3
2004	254	70.3	70.3	73.7	70.3
2005	286	70.4	70.3	71.4	70.6
2006	312	71.1	71.2	66.8	71.1
2007	322	70.2	70.2	76.0	70.2
2008	363	71.3	71.3	70.2	71.3
2009	357	71.3	71.3	72.2	71.4
2010	381	72.4	72.3	76.4	72.4
2011	388	72.5	72.4	75.3	72.8
2012	389	72.9	72.8	77.6	73.1
2013	382	72.4	72.2	78.1	72.3
2014	387	74.0	74.0	77.4	74.1
2015	395	74.2	73.7	81.3	73.9
2016	442	75.5	75.0	83.1	75.6
2017	450	73.6	73.4	75.8	73.4
2018	316	74.9	74.8	75.4	75.1
2019	304	75.1	73.7	78.6	74.4
2020	297	74.3	73.4	78.7	73.3
1998–2020	7175	72.4	72.2	77.5	72.4

Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

Table 10b

Medians of age at death according to the grouping in Table 9
FEMALES

Year of death	Deaths n	Age at death (all causes) Years	Age at death (cancer-related) Years	Age at death (non-cancer-related) Years	Age at death (according to death certificate) Years
1998	170	76.6	75.5	78.7	76.9
1999	175	79.2	79.1	80.3	79.6
2000	174	76.7	76.3	80.2	77.1
2001	200	75.5	75.2	83.7	75.9
2002	263	77.7	77.2	88.2	77.7
2003	261	77.1	76.9	85.6	77.2
2004	270	77.1	77.1	74.7	77.1
2005	281	75.8	75.6	84.3	75.9
2006	330	76.8	76.8	76.2	76.9
2007	348	75.7	75.6	78.2	75.7
2008	346	76.1	76.0	81.8	76.1
2009	342	76.8	76.6	86.4	76.8
2010	395	76.9	76.7	82.7	76.9
2011	405	76.6	76.6	78.5	76.7
2012	386	76.7	76.3	85.7	76.6
2013	374	76.1	76.0	87.3	76.1
2014	376	77.4	77.4	76.4	77.3
2015	420	75.8	75.7	82.0	75.9
2016	393	76.7	76.6	83.7	76.7
2017	421	77.5	77.3	79.6	77.3
2018	294	76.6	76.5	78.4	76.7
2019	287	76.1	75.7	78.1	77.1
2020	270	76.2	75.8	79.1	75.8
1998–2020	7181	76.7	76.5	80.6	76.8

By 2018, Bavarians' life expectancy at birth is estimated at 79.3 years for boys and 83.8 years for girls.

Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

Table 11a

Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index
by year of death

MALES

Year of death	Deaths n	Mort. raw	MI-Index raw	Mort. WS	MI-Index WS	Mort. ES	MI-Index ES	Mort. BRD-S	MI-Index BRD-S
1998	135	12.2	0.94	7.3	0.95	11.1	0.94	14.8	0.96
1999	161	14.4	0.85	8.4	0.84	13.0	0.85	17.7	0.85
2000	155	13.6	0.97	7.8	0.96	12.0	0.96	16.1	0.97
2001	162	14.0	0.81	7.9	0.79	12.4	0.82	16.4	0.83
2002	219	11.8	0.70	6.6	0.70	10.1	0.71	13.0	0.72
2003	258	13.8	0.86	7.5	0.85	11.3	0.85	14.6	0.84
2004	250	13.3	0.84	7.0	0.81	10.7	0.83	14.2	0.85
2005	277	14.6	0.79	7.5	0.77	11.4	0.79	15.5	0.81
2006	305	15.9	0.82	8.0	0.78	12.2	0.79	16.4	0.82
2007	312	14.1	0.74	7.2	0.72	10.9	0.73	14.2	0.74
2008	357	16.0	0.86	7.9	0.85	12.1	0.85	16.2	0.87
2009	343	15.4	0.75	7.6	0.76	11.6	0.76	15.0	0.75
2010	370	16.4	0.83	7.9	0.84	12.0	0.84	15.9	0.84
2011	371	16.6	0.83	7.6	0.83	11.7	0.83	15.5	0.84
2012	376	16.6	0.78	7.6	0.75	11.5	0.75	15.4	0.77
2013	358	15.6	0.77	7.3	0.79	11.0	0.78	14.2	0.77
2014	371	15.9	0.79	6.9	0.76	10.6	0.77	14.5	0.78
2015	374	15.7	0.75	6.9	0.73	10.6	0.74	14.4	0.75
2016	420	17.5	0.80	7.4	0.76	11.4	0.77	15.7	0.80
2017	427	17.7	0.84	7.8	0.86	11.9	0.85	15.7	0.84
2018	278	11.4	0.70	4.9	0.66	7.5	0.68	10.0	0.69
2019	232	9.5	0.65	4.1	0.60	6.2	0.61	8.5	0.64
2020	269	11.0	0.85	4.8	0.77	7.3	0.80	9.7	0.84
1998-2020	6780	14.6	0.79	7.0	0.78	10.6	0.78	14.1	0.80

Table 11b

Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index
by year of death

FEMALES

Year of death	Deaths n	Mort. raw	MI-Index raw	Mort. WS	MI-Index WS	Mort. ES	MI-Index ES	Mort. BRD-S	MI-Index BRD-S
1998	152	12.9	0.86	5.2	0.88	8.0	0.88	10.9	0.86
1999	160	13.5	0.87	4.7	0.82	7.6	0.84	11.1	0.88
2000	162	13.5	0.91	5.2	0.90	8.2	0.91	11.0	0.91
2001	190	15.6	0.87	6.2	0.86	9.7	0.87	13.0	0.88
2002	254	13.0	0.72	4.7	0.70	7.4	0.71	10.2	0.71
2003	252	12.8	0.81	4.9	0.78	7.6	0.79	10.2	0.81
2004	264	13.4	0.72	4.8	0.69	7.5	0.70	10.3	0.71
2005	274	13.8	0.75	5.3	0.74	8.1	0.75	10.8	0.75
2006	324	16.1	0.89	5.7	0.88	9.0	0.89	12.4	0.90
2007	341	14.8	0.85	5.4	0.84	8.3	0.84	11.3	0.86
2008	335	14.4	0.71	5.2	0.70	8.1	0.72	10.8	0.71
2009	334	14.4	0.75	5.0	0.73	7.8	0.74	10.7	0.75
2010	387	16.5	0.78	5.8	0.78	9.0	0.79	12.4	0.79
2011	397	17.0	0.84	5.7	0.80	8.9	0.81	12.5	0.84
2012	371	15.7	0.79	5.4	0.75	8.4	0.77	11.4	0.78
2013	359	15.1	0.77	5.2	0.76	8.0	0.76	10.9	0.76
2014	361	15.0	0.76	4.6	0.65	7.4	0.69	10.5	0.73
2015	404	16.6	0.80	5.7	0.80	8.9	0.80	12.1	0.81
2016	380	15.5	0.77	5.3	0.75	8.2	0.76	11.1	0.77
2017	404	16.4	0.77	5.2	0.72	8.3	0.73	11.4	0.76
2018	260	10.5	0.70	3.6	0.62	5.6	0.64	7.6	0.67
2019	236	9.5	0.70	3.4	0.64	5.2	0.66	7.1	0.68
2020	241	9.7	0.88	3.4	0.76	5.2	0.79	7.2	0.85
1998-2020	6842	14.2	0.78	5.0	0.75	7.8	0.76	10.6	0.78

Table 12

Age distribution of age at death (cancer-related) for period 2007-2020
(incl. multiple malignancies)

Age at death Years	Cases			Males			Females		
	n	%	Cum.%	n	%	Cum.%	n	%	Cum.%
0-4	1	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.0			0.0
5-9	0	0.0	0.0			0.0			0.0
10-14	0	0.0	0.0			0.0			0.0
15-19	1	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.0			0.0
20-24	1	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	0.1			0.0
25-29	5	0.1	0.1	3	0.1	0.1	2	0.0	0.0
30-34	10	0.1	0.2	5	0.1	0.2	5	0.1	0.1
35-39	23	0.2	0.4	16	0.3	0.6	7	0.1	0.3
40-44	64	0.7	1.1	32	0.7	1.2	32	0.7	1.0
45-49	174	1.8	2.9	113	2.3	3.5	61	1.3	2.2
50-54	345	3.6	6.5	204	4.2	7.7	141	2.9	5.2
55-59	548	5.7	12.1	324	6.7	14.4	224	4.7	9.8
60-64	827	8.6	20.7	504	10.4	24.8	323	6.7	16.5
65-69	1246	12.9	33.6	719	14.8	39.6	527	11.0	27.5
70-74	1713	17.7	51.3	907	18.7	58.3	806	16.8	44.2
75-79	1877	19.4	70.7	913	18.8	77.0	964	20.0	64.3
80-84	1501	15.5	86.2	672	13.8	90.9	829	17.2	81.5
85+	1332	13.8	100.0	443	9.1	100.0	889	18.5	100.0
All ages	9668	100.0		4858	100.0		4810	100.0	

Table 13

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers
for period 2007-2020
(incl. multiple malignancies)

Age at death Years	Males		Females		Males		Females	
	n	n	Age- spec. mortal.	MI-index	Age- spec. mortal.	MI-index	Prop.all cancers %	Prop.all cancers %
0- 4	1		0.1	1.00			5.3	
5- 9								
10-14								
15-19	1		0.1	1.00			2.1	
20-24	1		0.0	0.25			1.4	
25-29	3	2	0.1	0.33	0.1	0.22	3.2	2.0
30-34	5	5	0.2	0.42	0.2	0.42	3.5	2.8
35-39	16	7	0.7	0.67	0.3	0.35	6.0	1.7
40-44	32	32	1.3	0.54	1.3	0.59	5.3	3.7
45-49	113	61	4.2	0.58	2.3	0.48	8.0	3.6
50-54	204	141	8.0	0.70	5.6	0.68	7.7	5.3
55-59	324	224	15.3	0.72	10.3	0.70	7.3	5.9
60-64	504	323	28.5	0.77	17.0	0.70	7.9	6.5
65-69	719	527	44.0	0.80	29.1	0.76	7.8	7.6
70-74	907	806	60.5	0.81	46.9	0.80	7.6	9.2
75-79	913	964	75.5	0.79	64.2	0.86	7.3	9.8
80-84	672	829	92.8	0.89	77.9	0.83	6.4	8.8
85+	443	889	94.9	0.77	85.3	0.77	4.9	7.4
All ages	4858	4810					7.0	7.8
Mortality								
Raw			14.9	0.78	14.3	0.78		
WS			6.8	0.77	4.9	0.74		
ES			10.3	0.77	7.6	0.75		
BRD-S			13.7	0.78	10.4	0.77		
PYLL-70								
per 100,000			61.5		41.6			
ES			52.4		34.0			
AYLL-70			9.2		8.9			

Table 14a

Further malignancies in deaths in period 1998–2020
MALES

Diagnosis	Total n	Total %↓	Pre n	Pre ←%	Syn- chron ±30d n	Syn- chron ±30d ←%	Post n	Post ←%
C03–C06 Oral cavity	13	0.8	12	92.3			1	7.7
C07–C08 Salivary gland	5	0.3	5	100.0				
C09–C10 Oropharynx	20	1.3	17	85.0			3	15.0
C11 Nasopharynx	4	0.3	3	75.0			1	25.0
C12–C13 Hypopharynx	8	0.5	7	87.5			1	12.5
C15 Oesophagus	17	1.1	8	47.1	5	29.4	4	23.5
C16 Stomach	79	5.0	41	51.9	25	31.6	13	16.5
C17 Small intestine	15	0.9	5	33.3	8	53.3	2	13.3
C18 Colon	161	10.1	127	78.9	19	11.8	15	9.3
C19–C20 Rectum	76	4.8	60	78.9	13	17.1	3	3.9
C22 Liver	17	1.1	8	47.1	8	47.1	1	5.9
C23–C24 Bile	13	0.8	6	46.2	4	30.8	3	23.1
C25 Pancreas	5	0.3			2	40.0	3	60.0
C30–C31 Sinuses	3	0.2	3	100.0				
C32 Larynx	19	1.2	15	78.9	3	15.8	1	5.3
C33–C34 Lung	96	6.0	49	51.0	23	24.0	24	25.0
C38,C45 Mesothelioma	2	0.1	1	50.0	1	50.0		
C43 Malign. melanoma	85	5.3	76	89.4	4	4.7	5	5.9
C44 Skin others	134	8.4	107	79.9	7	5.2	20	14.9
C46,C49 Soft tissue	7	0.4	2	28.6	2	28.6	3	42.9
C48 Peritoneal	2	0.1			2	100.0		
C50 Breast	6	0.4	6	100.0				
C60 Penis	3	0.2	3	100.0				
C61 Prostate	507	31.8	440	86.8	24	4.7	43	8.5
C62 Testis	26	1.6	25	96.2			1	3.8
C64 Kidney	66	4.1	52	78.8	11	16.7	3	4.5
C65 Renal pelvis	10	0.6	7	70.0	2	20.0	1	10.0
C67 Bladder	66	4.1	53	80.3	9	13.6	4	6.1
C68 Urethra	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C69 Eye melanoma	2	0.1	1	50.0			1	50.0
C70–C72 CNS cancer	9	0.6	5	55.6	2	22.2	2	22.2
C73 Thyroid	12	0.8	11	91.7			1	8.3
C76–C79 CUP	11	0.7	8	72.7	1	9.1	2	18.2
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	9	0.6	8	88.9			1	11.1
C82–C85 NHL	52	3.3	42	80.8	7	13.5	3	5.8
C90 Mult. myeloma	15	0.9	13	86.7	1	6.7	1	6.7
C91–C96 Leukaemia	12	0.8	9	75.0	2	16.7	1	8.3
Others, specified	6	0.4	4	66.7	1	16.7	1	16.7
All further malignancies	1595	100.0	1241	77.8	186	11.7	168	10.5

Further malignancies with number of cases 1 are pooled in category "Others, specified".

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

Table 14b

Further malignancies in deaths in period 1998-2020
FEMALES

Diagnosis	Total n	Total %↓	Pre n	Pre ←%	Syn- chron ±30d n	Syn- chron ±30d ←%	Post n	Post ←%
C03-C06 Oral cavity	8	0.6	7	87.5			1	12.5
C07-C08 Salivary gland	6	0.4	6	100.0				
C09-C10 Oropharynx	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C11 Nasopharynx	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C15 Oesophagus	7	0.5	2	28.6	1	14.3	4	57.1
C16 Stomach	56	4.0	29	51.8	18	32.1	9	16.1
C17 Small intestine	12	0.9	6	50.0	5	41.7	1	8.3
C18 Colon	143	10.1	111	77.6	20	14.0	12	8.4
C19-C20 Rectum	55	3.9	43	78.2	6	10.9	6	10.9
C21 Anus/canal	4	0.3	4	100.0				
C22 Liver	4	0.3	1	25.0	1	25.0	2	50.0
C23-C24 Bile	14	1.0	6	42.9	5	35.7	3	21.4
C25 Pancreas	4	0.3			1	25.0	3	75.0
C30-C31 Sinuses	3	0.2	3	100.0				
C32 Larynx	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C33-C34 Lung	67	4.8	27	40.3	20	29.9	20	29.9
C37 Thymus	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C40-C41 Bone	3	0.2	3	100.0				
C43 Malign. melanoma	63	4.5	59	93.7	2	3.2	2	3.2
C44 Skin others	71	5.0	62	87.3	3	4.2	6	8.5
C46,C49 Soft tissue	4	0.3	4	100.0				
C50 Breast	500	35.5	442	88.4	29	5.8	29	5.8
C51 Vulva	4	0.3	3	75.0			1	25.0
C53 Cervix uteri	35	2.5	32	91.4	2	5.7	1	2.9
C54 Corpus uteri	92	6.5	87	94.6	3	3.3	2	2.2
C55,C57 Fem. genitals un	4	0.3	3	75.0	1	25.0		
C56 Ovary	49	3.5	31	63.3	6	12.2	12	24.5
C64 Kidney	48	3.4	39	81.3	6	12.5	3	6.3
C65 Renal pelvis	3	0.2	3	100.0				
C67 Bladder	28	2.0	24	85.7	1	3.6	3	10.7
C69 Eye lymphoma	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C69 Eye melanoma	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C70-C72 CNS cancer	4	0.3	3	75.0			1	25.0
C73 Thyroid	25	1.8	24	96.0			1	4.0
C76-C79 CUP	15	1.1	8	53.3	5	33.3	2	13.3
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	6	0.4	6	100.0				
C82-C85 NHL	38	2.7	33	86.8	3	7.9	2	5.3
C90 Mult. myeloma	9	0.6	3	33.3	4	44.4	2	22.2
C91-C96 Leukaemia	7	0.5	3	42.9	3	42.9	1	14.3
Others, specified	6	0.4	1	16.7	3	50.0	2	33.3

Table 14b

Further malignancies in deaths in period 1998–2020
FEMALES

Diagnosis	Total n	Total %↓	Pre n	Pre ←%	Syn- chron ±30d n	Syn- chron ±30d ←%	Post n	Post ←%
All further malignancies	1409	100.0	1130	80.2	148	10.5	131	9.3

Further malignancies with number of cases 1 are pooled in category "Others, specified".

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

Table 15

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers
for period 2007–2020
(**First primaries only ***)

Age at death Years	Males		Females		Males		Females	
	n	n	Age- spec. mortal.	MI-index	Age- spec. mortal.	MI-index	Prop.all cancers %	Prop.all cancers %
0– 4	1		0.1	1.00			5.3	
5– 9								
10–14								
15–19	1		0.1	1.00			2.2	
20–24	1		0.0	0.25			1.5	
25–29	3	2	0.1	0.33	0.1	0.22	3.5	2.2
30–34	5	5	0.2	0.42	0.2	0.42	3.6	3.1
35–39	15	5	0.6	0.71	0.2	0.31	6.0	1.4
40–44	30	27	1.2	0.56	1.1	0.61	5.4	3.6
45–49	106	52	3.9	0.58	2.0	0.48	8.2	3.6
50–54	190	129	7.5	0.72	5.1	0.68	8.1	5.7
55–59	295	197	13.9	0.73	9.0	0.71	7.6	6.2
60–64	435	276	24.6	0.79	14.5	0.71	8.1	6.8
65–69	594	425	36.4	0.82	23.4	0.77	8.1	7.7
70–74	700	644	46.7	0.82	37.5	0.81	7.7	9.5
75–79	693	756	57.3	0.83	50.3	0.88	7.6	10.1
80–84	473	651	65.3	0.90	61.2	0.83	6.4	9.0
85+	310	706	66.4	0.78	67.7	0.78	4.8	7.5
All ages	3852	3875					7.2	7.9
Mortality								
Raw			11.8	0.80	11.5	0.78		
WS			5.6	0.78	4.0	0.74		
ES			8.3	0.79	6.2	0.76		
BRD–S			10.9	0.80	8.4	0.77		
PYLL–70								
per 100,000			55.6		36.1			
ES			47.4		29.6			
AYLL–70			9.5		9.1			

* See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.

Table 16

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers
for period 2007-2020
(**Single primaries only ***)

Age at death Years	Males		Males Age- spec. mortal.		Females		Females Age- spec. mortal.		Males	Females
	n	n	MI-index	MI-index	MI-index	MI-index	Prop.all cancers %	Prop.all cancers %		
0- 4	1		0.1	1.00			5.3			
5- 9										
10-14										
15-19	1		0.1	1.00			2.2			
20-24	1		0.0	0.25			1.5			
25-29	3	2	0.1	0.33	0.1	0.22	3.5	2.3		
30-34	5	5	0.2	0.42	0.2	0.42	3.6	3.2		
35-39	15	4	0.6	0.75	0.2	0.27	6.0	1.1		
40-44	30	26	1.2	0.56	1.1	0.62	5.4	3.5		
45-49	106	50	3.9	0.60	1.9	0.48	8.3	3.5		
50-54	186	129	7.3	0.72	5.1	0.70	8.0	5.8		
55-59	290	194	13.7	0.73	8.9	0.72	7.6	6.2		
60-64	431	273	24.4	0.79	14.4	0.72	8.2	6.8		
65-69	580	416	35.5	0.83	22.9	0.78	8.1	7.7		
70-74	682	625	45.5	0.82	36.4	0.81	7.8	9.5		
75-79	675	741	55.8	0.83	49.3	0.88	7.8	10.2		
80-84	449	639	62.0	0.88	60.0	0.82	6.4	9.2		
85+	299	696	64.0	0.76	66.8	0.77	5.0	7.7		
All ages	3754	3800					7.3	8.0		
Mortality										
Raw			11.5	0.79	11.3	0.78				
WS			5.4	0.78	3.9	0.74				
ES			8.2	0.78	6.1	0.76				
BRD-S			10.6	0.79	8.3	0.78				
PYLL-70										
per 100,000			54.9		35.4					
ES			46.8		29.0					
AYLL-70			9.5		9.1					

* See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.

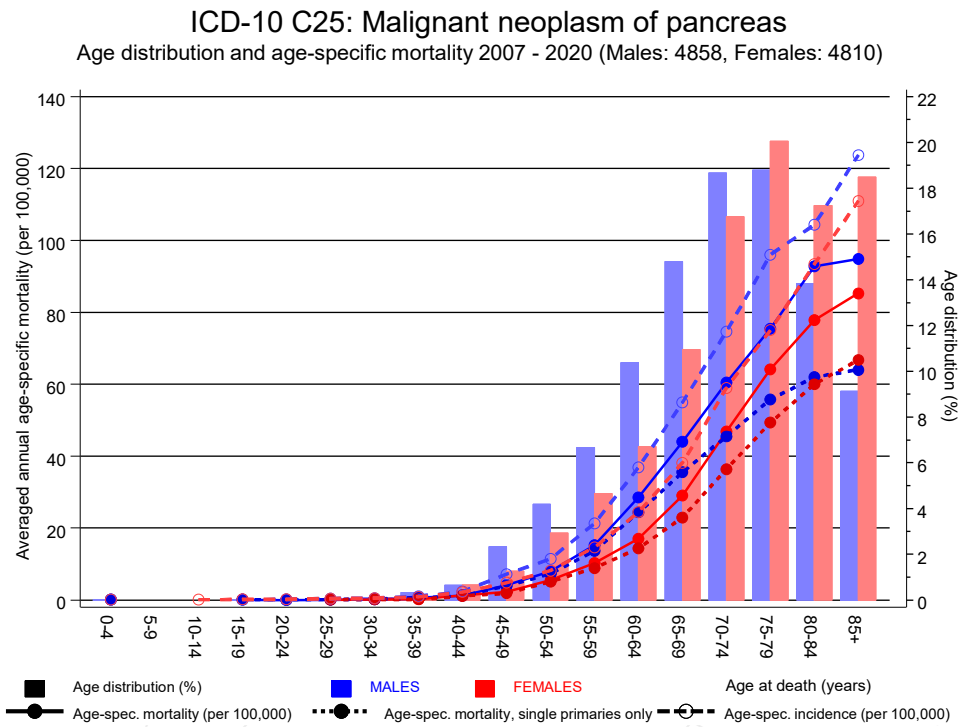
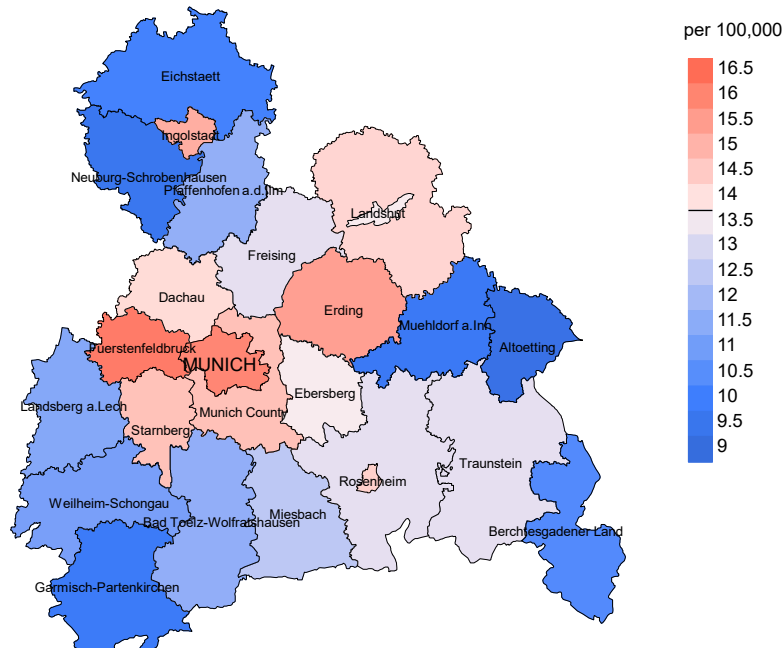


Figure 17. Distribution of age at death (bars; males: mean=70.7 yrs, median=71.9 yrs; females: mean=74.3 yrs, median=75.3 yrs) and age-specific mortality (all patients: solid line, patients with single primaries: dotted line). The age-specific incidence is additionally plotted for comparison (dashed line).

The difference between age at diagnosis (Table 3) and age at pancreas cancer-related death (see Table 10) should be considered.

Average mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



Average mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females

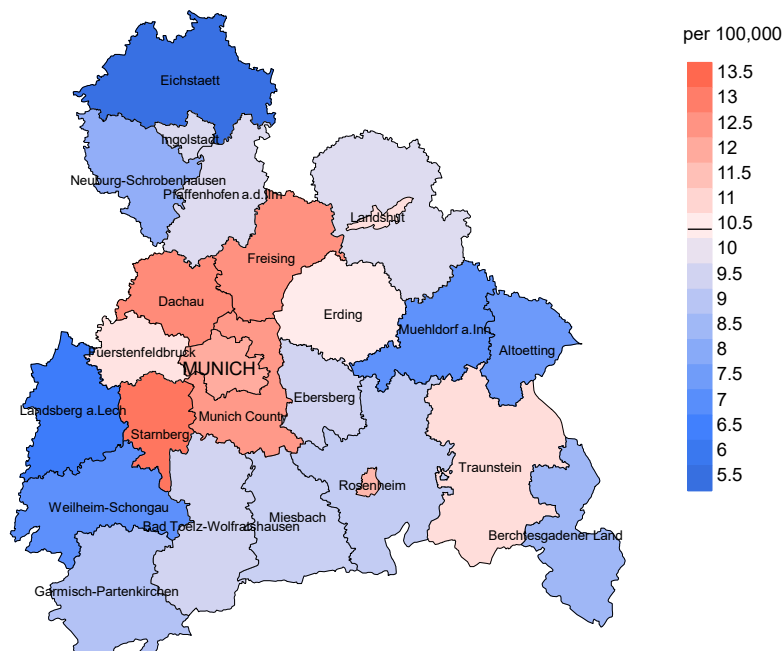
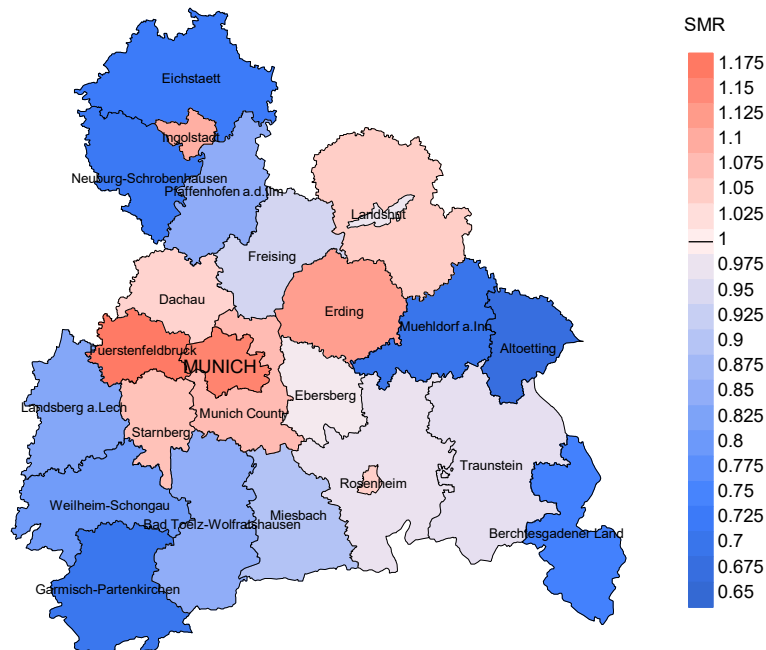


Figure 18a. Map of cancer mortality (german standard population) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual mortality rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 13.7/100,000 WS N=4,858, females 10.4/100,000 WS N=4,810).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 121 women died from pancreas cancer. Therefore, the mean mortality rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 9.5/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 7.4 and 12.0/100,000.

Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Males



Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Females

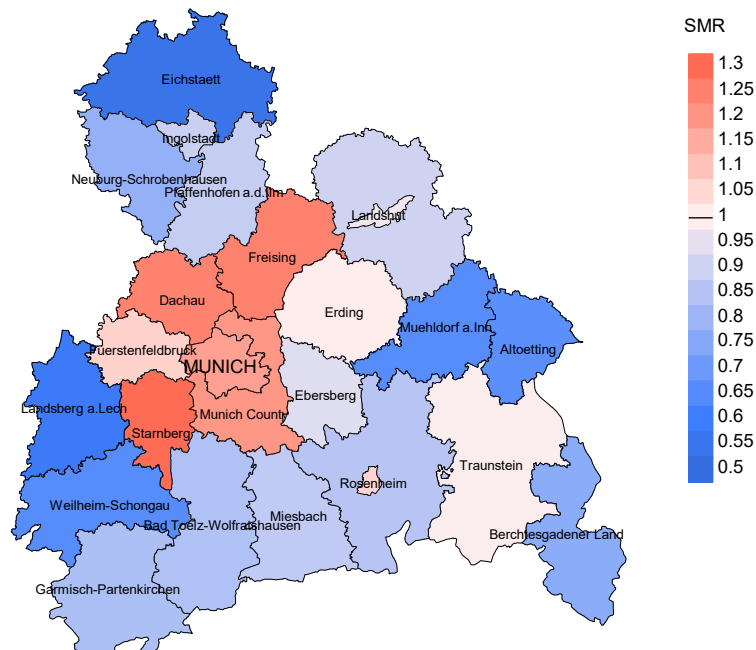


Figure 18b. Map of standardized mortality ratio (SMR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SMR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=4,858, females N=4,810).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 121 women died from pancreas cancer. Therefore, the mean standardized mortality ratio (SMR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 0.94. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.73 and 1.18, and is therefore not statistically striking.

Statistical Notes

In all tables and figures the respective reference values should be carefully considered. The incidence rates include diagnoses (with multiple primary), and death certificate only (DCO) cases, where applicable. For mortality statistics patients, diagnoses and progressive course of disease are presented. In the calculations, all courses of disease are considered whereby progressions occurred and/or death certificate identified progressive cancers were ascertained. Additionally there are three groups of disease course to consider:

1. All multiple primaries included

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death, independent of any malignancy. The patient perspective, induced secondary malignancies, and the problem of multiple malignancies from the same primary tumor all have reasons for their inclusion.

2. First singular primary (no information about other prior or synchronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the cancer-related death for patients who have no therapeutic restrictions due to a previous or synchronous cancer. These statistics are comparable to studies that have exclusion criteria based on a second malignancy.

3. Single primary (no information about other prior, syn- or metachronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death that occurs without any impact through secondary primaries, earlier, synchronous, later or induced. Precisely the difference between disease group 1 and 2 highlight the magnitude of the problem of secondary malignancies.

For this reason differences appear concerning official mono-causal mortality statistics. To judge the maximum deviation, 2 further tables are presented. In the first table the distribution of secondary malignancies before, at or after the described cancer are shown, that could be an alternative cause of death. In the second table, the age-specific mortality rates for all courses of disease, without designation of secondary malignancies are shown.

A previously minimally acknowledged statistic is the **age at death**, which allows for a good assessment of the quality of classification of the apparent tumor-specific death. For assumed tumor-independent deaths, the age of death should be estimated from the age of diagnosis and the normal life expectancy, whereas tumor-dependent deaths can be estimated from the age of diagnosis plus the average tumor-specific life expectancy. The comparison of different tumors demonstrates this association, if the causes of cancer and the competing cause of death are independent of each other (e.g. breast and colon versus head&neck and lung).

The ratio of mortality and incidence (mortality-to-incidence ratio, **MIR, MI-Index**) is a statistical index that allows for the evaluation of the quality of data. For diseases with poor prognoses, comparable values are obtained from all age groups, because to a large extent, the numerator and denominator contain the same cases. For tumors with a good prognosis, increasing and decreasing incidence and age-specific differences in prognosis can more strongly alter the MIR. Additionally, attention should be paid to the confidence intervals where fewer cases are reported.

The complexity of problems identified here emphasizes the importance of relative survival data for the appropriate analysis of long term results.

As a measurement of the burden of disease, the number of potential life years loss due to premature deaths in a cohort can be calculated (**PYLL**, potential years of life lost, standardized per 100,000 persons or per European standard) as well as the average loss of life years per individual (**AYLL**, average years of life lost). Depending upon the analytic aim (health economy, prevention, health care research) different methods exist for the generation of these measurements. In the results presented here, the age for a premature death is considered to be before 70 years, according to the guidelines of the OECD and the WHO (as seen in the abbreviation PYLL-70 or AYLL-70).

Shortcuts

MCR	Munich Cancer Registry (Tumorregister München)
GEKID	Association of Population-based Cancer Registries in Germany (Gesellschaft der epidemiologischen Krebsregister in Deutschland e.V.)
SEER	Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (USA)
DCO	Death certificate only
BRD-S	German (FRG) standard population
ES	European standard population (old)
WS	World standard population
SIR	Standardized incidence ratio
CI	Confidence interval
EAR	Excess absolute risk = excess cancer cases (O - E) per 10,000 person-years
PYLL-70	Potential years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age
AYLL-70	Average years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age
SMR	Standardized mortality ratio
MI-index	Ratio of mortality to incidence, MIR
FRG	Federal Republic of Germany

Recommended Citation

Munich Cancer Registry. ICD-10 C25: Pancreas cancer - Incidence and Mortality [Internet]. 2021 [updated 2021 Dec 21; cited 2022 Feb 1]. Available from: https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/base/bC25__E-ICD-10-C25-Pancreas-cancer-incidence-and-mortality.pdf

Copyright

The content of the public web site provided by the Munich Cancer Registry is available worldwide and free of charge. All documents are free to download, utilize, copy, print-out and distribute, providing that the MCR is referenced.

Disclaimer

The Munich Cancer Registry reserves the right to not be responsible for the topicality, correctness, completeness or quality of the information provided. Liability claims regarding damage caused by the use of any information provided, including any kind of information which is incomplete or incorrect, will therefore be rejected.