# **Munich Cancer Registry**



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# ICD-10 C73: Papillary thyroid ca.

# **Incidence and Mortality**

Year of diagnosis	1998-2020
Patients	6,943
Diseases	6,950
Creation date	12/21/2021
Database export	12/20/2021
Population	4.95 m



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https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/base/bC73P\_E-ICD-10-C73-Papillary-thyroid-ca.-incidence-and-mortality.pdf

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# Global Statements about the statistics on the Internet – Baseline Statistics (grey button ——), Survival (red button ——)

In these analyses, the clinics and physicians of Upper Bavaria and the city and county of Landshut<sup>#</sup>, with a total of 4.69 million inhabitants, account for the frequency of cancer diseases<sup>##</sup> and the achieved long term results. Additionally, the long term survival evaluated by the Munich Cancer Registry (MCR) is compared with the results of the population-based registry in the USA (SEER), which is useful for checking the consistency of the data on an international level.

In comparing several tables, inconsistent figures may be detected. This is based on the fact that different patient cohorts are included in the base calculation, for example when proportions of multiple tumors or DCO-cases### are concerned. In other cases the individual tumor diagnosis is the basis for calculation, for example with incidence.

The foot notes describe the currentness of the data. The baseline statistics and survival data are updated annually. This yearly analysis comprises the Annual Report of the MCR.

Clinics and physicians have access to essentially more detailed data, with which they can check, compare and in the best case optimize their own data and results.

We would be pleased to receive corrections, critique and useful suggestions. Just send an e-mail to tumor@ibe.med.uni-muenchen.de.

Munich Cancer Registry, December 2021

- Base data has been collected since 1998. An increase in new diseases is apparent, which is an effect of two extensions in the MCR catchment area (from a base population of 2.65 million to 4.10 in 2002, and to 4.69 million in 2007).
- Due to the high frequency and good prognosis of non-malignant skin cancer (C44), no systematic ascertainment is performed for this diagnosis. C44 is not designated as a primary, but rather as a secondary tumor.
- ### DCO (death certificate only) identifies a cancer case that first becomes available to the MCR through the death certificate.

#### ICD-10 codes (ICD-10 2015) used for specifying cancer site

Code	Description
C73	Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland
in c	ase of coexisting one of the following

### Morphology codes (ICD-O-3 2013) used for specifying cancer site

Code	Description
8260/3	Papillary adenocarcinoma, NOS
8340/3 8341/3	Papillary carcinoma, follicular variant Papillary microcarcinoma
8342/3	Papillary carcinoma, oxyphilic cell
8343/3	Papillary carcinoma, encapsulated
8344/3	Papillary carcinoma, columnar cell

#### **INCIDENCE**

Table 1

Cases with invasive cancer by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (ALL PATIENTS) (incl. DCO)

				Prop.			
				at least	Prop.		
				1 further	at least		
				malign.	1 further		Prop.
	All	DCO	Prop.	prior +	malign.	Prop.	actively
Year of	cases	cases	DCO	synchron.	after	deaths	followed
diagnosis	n	n	%	ું ગું	%	왕	%
1998	136			6.6	10.4	25.0	89.7
1999	139			5.8	10.1	12.9	87.1
2000	167			7.9	9.8	21.6	89.2
2001	130			7.5	9.5	15.4	89.2
2002	197			8.1	9.4	28.4	91.9 #
2003	220			8.1	9.0	18.6	91.8
2004	262			7.4	8.8	12.2	88.5
2005	270			7.2	8.5	15.2	86.7
2006	319			7.4	8.2	14.1	81.5
2007	436			7.5	7.5	11.7	79.6 #
2008	532			7.2	7.0	10.3	95.9
2009	511			7.8	6.4	9.2	96.3
2010	402			7.7	5.7	7.5	95.3
2011	363			8.0	4.9	6.6	95.0
2012	355			7.9	4.2	7.3	93.8
2013	363			8.1	3.4	7.2	97.2
2014	333			8.2	3.0	5.7	88.6
2015	325			8.4	2.6	3.4	88.0
2016	367			8.5	2.4	3.8	97.5
2017	348			8.5	2.1	3.2	100.0
2018	362			8.5	1.8	2.2	99.7
2019	264			8.4	1.5	2.3	99.6
2020	149			8.3	0.0	2.0	100.0 ##
1998-2020	6950			8.3	10.4	9.4	92.7

6,950 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 6,943 patients. Currently, in 1,232 (17.7 %) of these 6,943 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 974 / 190 / 68 (14.0 % / 2.7 % / 1.0 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

- # The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.
- ## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retreived from the respective headings.

#### How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 362 cases has been diagnosed, of which 8.5 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 1.8 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1a

Cases with invasive cancer by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (MALES) (incl. DCO)

			DCO	Prop.	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior +	Prop. at least 1 further malign.	Prop.	Prop. actively
Year of	Males	Males	cases	DCO	synchron.	after	deaths	followed
diagnosis	n	%	n	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	%	%	%	%
1998	26	19.1			7.7	11.7	26.9	88.5
1999	28	20.1			3.7	11.3	25.0	82.1
2000	34	20.4			6.8	11.0	26.5	88.2
2001	31	23.8			8.4	10.8	22.6	90.3
2002	44	22.3			9.2	10.6	31.8	95.5 #
2003	53	24.1			8.8	10.5	26.4	92.5
2004	76	29.0			8.2	10.4	18.4	92.1
2005	55	20.4			8.1	10.1	27.3	94.5
2006	82	25.7			8.9	9.8	20.7	85.4
2007	115	26.4			9.0	9.0	17.4	81.7 #
2008	125	23.5			9.1	7.8	12.8	97.6
2009	138	27.0			10.4	7.0	11.6	96.4
2010	85	21.1			10.1	6.4	16.5	94.1
2011	100	27.5			10.2	5.3	10.0	94.0
2012	94	26.5			10.5	4.8	16.0	94.7
2013	134	36.9			10.9	3.7	9.0	95.5
2014	94	28.2			11.3	3.7	11.7	90.4
2015	96	29.5			11.4	2.5	9.4	89.6
2016	97	26.4			11.5	1.8	3.1	99.0
2017	82	23.6			11.5	1.7	3.7	100.0
2018	91	25.1			11.3	0.9	1.1	100.0
2019	/ 71	26.9			11.2	0.8	4.2	98.6
2020	52	34.9			11.0	0.0	3.8	100.0 ##
1998-2020	1803	25.9			11.0	11.7	13.3	93.7

1,803 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 1,802 patients. Currently, in 389 (21.6 %) of these 1,802 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 298 / 64 / 27 (16.5 % / 3.6 % / 1.5 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

- # The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.
- ## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retreived from the respective headings.

### How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 91 cases has been diagnosed, of which 11.3 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 0.9 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1b

Cases with invasive cancer by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (FEMALES) (incl. DCO)

Prop. at least Prop.	
1 further at least	
malign. 1 further	Prop.
	rop. actively
	eaths followed
diagnosis n % n % % %	% %
1998 110 80.9 6.4 9.9	24.5 90.0
1999 111 79.9 6.3 9.7	9.9 88.3
	20.3 89.5
	13.1 88.9
2002 153 77.7 7.8 8.9 2	27.5 90.8 #
2003 167 75.9 7.9 8.5	16.2 91.6
2004 186 71.0 7.1 8.3	9.7 87.1
2005 215 79.6 6.9 8.0	12.1 84.7
2006 237 74.3 7.0 7.6	11.8 80.2
2007 321 73.6 7.0 6.9	9.7 78.8 #
2008 407 76.5 6.5 6.7	9.6 95.3
2009 373 73.0 6.9 6.1	8.3 96.2
2010 317 78.9 7.0 5.4	5.0 95.6
2011 263 72.5 7.3 4.7	5.3 95.4
2012 261 73.5 7.1 4.0	4.2 93.5
2013 229 63.1 7.1 3.3	6.1 98.3
2014 239 71.8 7.2 2.7	3.3 87.9
2015 229 70.5 7.4 2.6	0.9 87.3
2016 270 73.6 7.4 2.6	4.1 97.0
2017 266 76.4 7.5 2.2	3.0 100.0
2018 271 74.9 7.5 2.1	2.6 99.6
2019 193 73.1 7.4 1.7	1.6 100.0
2020 97 65.1 7.4 0.0	1.0 100.0 ##
1998-2020 5147 74.1 7.4 9.9	8.1 92.3

5,147 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 5,141 patients. Currently, in 843 (16.4 %) of these 5,141 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 676 / 126 / 41 (13.1 % / 2.5 % / 0.8 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

- # The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.
- ## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retreived from the respective headings.

### How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 271 cases has been diagnosed, of which 7.5 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 2.1 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 2

Incidence measures by year of diagnosis including DCO cases (with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

				_		_ \		_		_
	M - 1		Males		Males		Males		Males	
Year of		Females		Inc.	Inc.	Inc.		Inc.	Inc.	Inc.
diagnosis	n	n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S
1000	0.6	110		/	1.0	- 4		0 5	0 1	0 1
1998	26	110	2.3	9.4	1.6	7.1	2.0	8.5	2.1	9.1
1999	28	111	2.5	9.4	1.9	7.3	2.3	8.7	2.5	9.1
2000	34	133	3.0	11.1	2.0	8.1	2.6	10.0	2.9	10.4
2001	31	99	2.7	8.1	1.9	5.8	2.4	7.2	2.5	7.5
2002	44	153	2.4	7.8	1.7	5.9	2.1	7.2	2.3	7.6
2003	53	167	2.8	8.5	1.9	6.4	2.5	7.8	2.6	8.1
2004	76	186	4.0	9.4	3.0	7.2	3.6	8.7	3.9	9.1
2005	55	215	2.9	10.8	1.9	7.9	2.5	9.8	2.7	10.2
2006	82	237	4.3	11.8	2.8	8.7	3.7	10.8	4.0	11.2
2007	115	321	5.2	13.9	3.7	10.3	4.7	12.7	4.8	13.2
2008	125	407	5.6	17.5	4.0	12.8	5.1	15.8	5.5	16.6
2009	138	373	6.2	16.0	4.5	12.3	5.6	14.9	5.9	15.6
2010	85	317	3.8	13.5	2.5	10.1	3.2	12.3	3.5	12.9
2011	100	263	4.5	11.3	3.2	8.5	4.0	10.1	4.2	10.7
2012	94	261	4.1	11.1	2.9	8.5	3.6	10.2	3.8	10.6
2013	134	229	5.8	9.6	4.2	7.1	5.2	8.7	5.5	9.2
2014	94	239	4.0	9.9	2.8	7.9	3.5	9.3	3.8	9.5
2015	96	229	4.0	9.4	2.9	7.7	3.6	8.9	3.8	9.3
2016	97	270	4.0	11.0	3.0	8.7	3.6	10.3	3.7	10.8
2017	82	266	3.4	10.8	2.5	8.6	3.1	10.1	3.2	10.6
2018	91	271	3.7	10.9	2.8	8.6	3.4	10.2	3.6	10.6
2019	71	193	2.9	7.8	2.2	6.3	2.6	7.5		7.6
2020	52	97	2.1	3.9	1.6	3.1	1.9	3.7	2.0	3.8
								- 1/		
1998-2020	1803	5147	3.9	10.7	2.7	8.1	3.4	9.8	3.6	10.2
7										

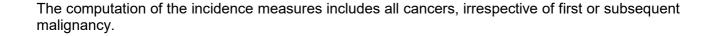


Table 3  $\label{eq:Age_age} \mbox{Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (ALL PATIENTS) } \mbox{(incl. DCO)}$ 

Year of	Cases		Std.					Median		
diagnosis	n	Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	136	50.3	14.7	13.0	80.5	30.1	40.3	50.1	60.7	69.4
1999	139	48.6	14.2	16.7	81.7	27.4	37.9	51.1	58.3	64.5
2000	167	51.1	14.7	11.3	89.1	32.2	40.7	51.6	60.8	69.9
2001	130	50.6	13.7	25.4	95.4	34.5	39.7	50.3	59.8	67.8
2002	197	52.6	14.3	16.6	91.0	33.7	43.2	53.5	63.5	68.9
2003	220	51.3	14.5	7.6	93.3	33.0	40.3	53.1	62.0	67.1
2004	262	50.2	14.1	14.8	88.1	30.9	39.9	50.1	60.3	66.9
2005	270	52.0	13.6	17.7	91.3	35.5	42.3	51.6	63.0	69.5
2006	319	51.9	13.6	15.1	82.3	34.3	41.5	52.9	61.6	69.4
2007	436	50.2	13.4	9.3	82.1	32.7	40.6	50.2	59.2	68.0
2008	532	52.2	14.0	16.2	87.9	34.0	41.4	52.5	62.1	70.4
2009	511	50.4	14.7	12.7	89.1	31.2	39.4	51.0	61.7	69.6
2010	402	51.4	14.0	14.3	87.5	33.9	41.0	51.2	61.5	70.4
2011	363	50.4	15.6	10.1	88.7	30.2	39.4	49.3	62.6	70.6
2012	355	50.1	14.3	13.3	87.2	31.8	39.7	49.7	60.9	68.8
2013	363	50.6	15.1	11.6	89.9	32.0	39.6	51.1	60.1	72.0
2014	333	49.8	15.1	6.4	86.6	30.0	39.4	49.4	59.8	70.0
2015	325	48.7	15.2	10.5	86.2	28.7	37.6	48.3	60.2	70.0
2016	367	48.4	14.6	13.0	97.7	28.6	37.3	49.5	57.5	66.6
2017	348	48.7	14.8	13.1	89.3	29.9	36.9	48.5	58.4	68.8
2018	362	48.7	14.8	10.3	92.7	29.4	38.2	47.8	57.8	69.0
2019	264	47.4	13.6	10.1	90.5	30.0	37.5	46.9	55.2	65.6
2020	149	48.3	15.3	13.1	87.2	29.4	37.3	47.3	58.2	68.1
1998-2020	6950	50.2	14.5	6.4	97.7	31.5	39.6	50.3	60.6	69.3

Table 3a

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (MALES) (incl. DCO)

Year of	Cases		Std.					Median		
diagnosis	n	Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	26	50.7	13.8	27.2	78.4	28.6	40.4	54.4	59.9	67.3
1999	28	50.1	14.9	17.5	79.0	26.7	42.3	52.1	58.7	68.4
2000	34	53.0	16.6	24.8	89.1	32.1	35.8	54.0	66.0	70.0
2001	31	49.2	11.0	29.9	72.9	36.1	40.3	45.6	58.1	65.0
2002	44	53.0	14.7	24.7	87.0	34.6	43.0	52.3	62.7	71.5
2003	53	54.4	13.5	24.0	85.7	34.5	45.5	55.7	64.3	68.6
2004	76	52.4	14.2	16.1	88.1	29.8	43.5	52.8	63.6	68.0
2005	55	56.6	13.6	20.1	91.3	41.6	47.4	56.6	65.1	72.4
2006	82	55.4	12.8	26.1	81.2	38.6	45.5	56.0	64.6	71.8
2007	115	50.2	12.3	23.1	82.1	33.1	41.4	51.2	58.4	66.2
2008	125	54.0	13.3	18.9	81.1	34.8	46.6	55.4	62.6	70.0
2009	138	52.1	14.6	13.4	78.8	31.2	42.0	54.0	62.8	69.4
2010	85	54.7	13.7	24.1	87.5	36.0	46.0	53.1	65.3	73.6
2011	100	50.1	14.6	17.3	86.7	33.1	39.5	48.7	60.6	70.4
2012	94	52.9	14.4	19.6	83.9	35.1	42.6	53.1	64.7	71.9
2013	134	51.9	15.5	11.6	89.9	32.8	41.4	53.2	61.5	73.3
2014	94	53.2	16.0	14.3	83.6	32.3	42.0	53.4	63.9	74.8
2015	96	53.1	15.9	10.5	86.2	32.4	43.0	51.8	65.5	74.4
2016	97	49.6	13.8	13.0	82.5	30.8	41.3	50.3	56.3	67.1
2017	82	50.9	13.6	20.6	82.9	32.1	39.8	50.9	60.3	68.1
2018	91	50.5	14.3	13.8	86.5	34.2	40.7	49.8	60.7	68.5
2019	71	50.5	14.3	17.8	80.0	33.2	40.7	50.1	58.8	70.8
2020	52	48.2	15.9	25.3	84.1	29.4	34.3	44.5	59.9	74.4
1998-2020	1803	52.1	14.3	10.5	91.3	33.4	42.1	52.3	62.5	70.5

Table 3b

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (FEMALES) (incl. DCO)

Year of	Cases		Std.					Median		
diagnosis	n	Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	110	50.2	15.0	13.0	80.5	30.8	40.3	49.6	61.8	70.2
1999	111	48.3	14.0	16.7	81.7	28.0	37.5	50.7	58.0	63.9
2000	133	50.6	14.2	11.3	83.3	32.3	41.2	51.5	60.8	68.8
2001	99	51.0	14.4	25.4	95.4	32.1	39.2	51.9	60.8	70.9
2002	153	52.4	14.3	16.6	91.0	33.7	43.3	53.6	63.5	67.9
2003	167	50.3	14.7	7.6	93.3	32,8	39.3	51.9	60.6	66.0
2004	186	49.3	14.0	14.8	83.0	30.9	39.4	48.9	59.7	66.3
2005	215	50.8	13.4	17.7	79.2	33.4	40.9	50.9	62.2	68.4
2006	237	50.7	13.7	15.1	82.3	33.1	39.6	52.1	60.1	68.9
2007	321	50.2	13.8	9.3	81.0	32.7	40.4	49.9	59.6	68.5
2008	407	51.6	14.2	16.2	87.9	33.4	40.6	51.6	61.9	70.4
2009	373	49.8	14.7	12.7	89.1	30.8	39.1	49.8	60.7	69.7
2010	317	50.5	14.0	14.3	85.5	33.7	40.3	50.1	60.9	69.0
2011	263	50.5	15.9	10.1	88.7	30.1	39.1	49.3	63.1	70.7
2012	261	49.1	14.1	13.3	87.2	31.1	38.6	49.5	59.7	67.8
2013	229	49.9	14.8	16.4	83.3	31.2	39.3	50.1	59.5	71.6
2014	239	48.5	14.5	6.4	86.6	29.7	38.7	47.9	58.7	69.5
2015	229	46.8	14.5	13.7	82.4	27.9	36.4	46.5	57.9	67.7
2016	270	48.0	14.8	13.1	97.7	28.2	36.6	48.8	57.9	66.1
2017	266	48.0	15.2	13.1	89.3	29.3	36.3	47.6	57.7	68.9
2018	271	48.2	14.9	10.3	92.7	29.4	37.4	46.7	56.7	69.0
2019	193	46.3	13.1	10.1	90.5	29.3	37.0	45.3	54.2	60.4
2020	97	48.4	15.1	13.1	87.2	30.1	37.5	48.3	57.9	67.9
1998-2020	5147	49.6	14.5	6.4	97.7	30.9	38.9	49.5	59.8	68.8

Age at									
diagnosis	Cases			Males			Females		
Years	n	용	Cum.%	'n	용	Cum.%	n	왕	Cum.%
0-4									
5-9	2	0.0	0.0			0.0	2	0.1	0.1
10-14	33	0.6	0.7	8	0.6	0.6	25	0.7	0.7
15-19	41	0.8	1.5	12	0.9	1.5	29	0.8	1.5
20-24	130	2.5	4.0	26	1.9	3.3/	104	2.8	4.3
25-29	235	4.6	8.6	51	3.7	7.1	184	4.9	9.2
30-34	384	7.5	16.1	83	6.0	13,1	301	8.1	17.3
35-39	526	10.3	26.4	116	8.4	21.5	410	11.0	28.2
40 - 44	603	11.8	38.2	150	10.9	32.5	453	12.1	40.4
45-49	632	12.4	50.6	164	11.9	44.4	468	12.5	52.9
50-54	667	13.1	63.7	197	14.3	58.7	470	12.6	65.5
55-59	555	10.9	74.5	161	11.7	70.5	394	10.5	76.0
60-64	466	9.1	83.6	141	10.3	80.7	325	8.7	84.7
65-69	359	7.0	90.7	113	8.2	88.9	246	6.6	91.3
70-74	258	5.0	95.7	80	5.8	94.8	178	4.8	96.1
75-79	142	2.8	98.5	45	3.3	98.0	97	2.6	98.7
80-84	48	0.9	99.4	20	1.5	99.5	28	0.7	99.4
85+	29	0.6	100.0	7	0.5	100.0	22	0.6	100.0
All ages	5110	100.0		1374	100.0		3736	100.0	
AII ages	2110	100.0		13/1	100.0		3/30	100.0	

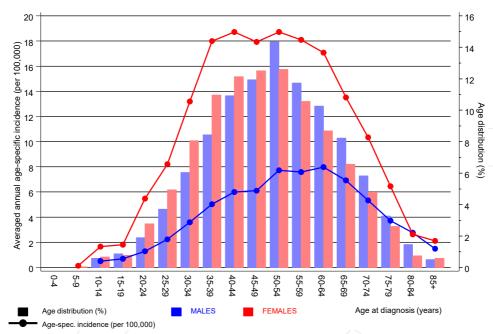
Table 5  $\label{eq:Age-specific} \mbox{Age-specific incidence, DCO rate and proportion of all cancers} \\ \mbox{for period 2007-2020}$ 

							Males	Females
			Males	Females	Males	Females	Prop.all	Prop.all
Age at			Age-	Age-	DCO rate	DCO rate	cancers	cancers
diagnosis	Males	Females	spec.	spec.	n=0	n=0	n=153686	n=155051
Years	n	n	incid.	incid.	용	%	ଚ୍ଚ	૾ૢ
0- 4								
5- 9		2		0.1				2.0
10-14	8	25	0.5	1.7			5.8	19.5
15-19	12	29	0.7	1.8			3.8	10.9
20-24	26	104	1.3	5.5			4.1	20.1
25-29	51	184	2.2	8.2			5.4	15.5
30-34	83	301	3.6	13.2			6.4	14.0
35-39	116	409	5.0	18.0			6.3	11.6
40 - 44	150	453	6.0	18.7			5.4	7.4
45-49	164	467	6.1	17.9			3.2	5.0
50-54	197	470	7.7	18.7			2.3	3.8
55-59	161	394	7.6	18.1			1.3	3.0
60-64	141	324	8.0	17.1			0.8	2.1
65-69	113	245	6.9	13.5			0.5	1.3
70 - 74	80	178	5.3	10.4			0.3	0.9
75-79	45	97	3.7	6.5			0.2	0.5
80-84	20	28	2.8	2.6			0.1	0.2
85+	7	22	1.5	2.1			0.1	0.1
All ages	1374	3732			0.0	0.0	0.9	2.4
Incidence								
Raw			4.2	11.1				
WS			3.0	8.5				
ES			3.7	10.2				
BRD-S			3.9	10.7				

The age-specific incidence characterizes the disease risk in a particular age group. The age distribution depends on the patient population frequency in each age group and reflects the tangible clinical picture of everyday patients care (see following chart).

# ICD-10 C73: Papillary thyroid carcinoma (PTC)

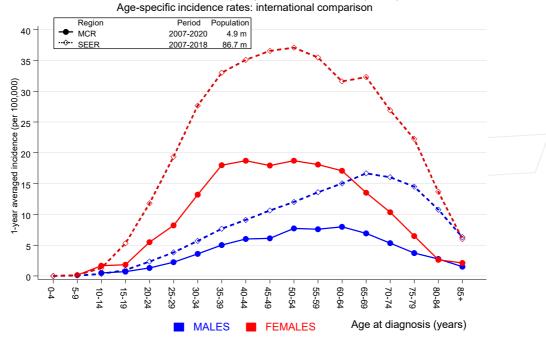
Age distribution and age-specific incidence 2007 - 2020 (Males: 1374, Females: 3732)



**Figure 6.** Age distribution (males: mean=51.7 yrs, median=51.8 yrs; females: mean=49.2 yrs, median=48.8 yrs) and age-specific incidence.



# ICD-10 C73: Papillary thyroid carcinoma (PTC)



**Figure 6a.** Age-specific incidence in MCR registry areas compared to SEER (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA).



Reference:

Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program SEER\*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 21 Regs Research Data, released April 2021, based on the November 2020 submission. http://www.seer.cancer.gov.

Table 7a

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits), excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies for period 1998-2020

MALES

		Observed	Expected		CI	CI			DCO
Diagnosis		n	n	SIR	95%	95%		EAR	%
				-					
C03-C06 O	ral cavity	2 /	0.8	2.4	0.3	8.8		1.5	
	alivary gland	/ 1/	0.2	6.2	0.2	34.5		1.1	
	ropharynx	/ <u>1</u>	1.0	1.0	0.0			-0.0	
	esophagus	10	1.6	6.1	2.9	11.2	#	10.8	
	tomach	5	2.6	2.0	0.6	4.6		3.2	
	mall intestine	2	0.5	4.2	0.5	15.2		2.0	50.0
	olon	12	6.3	1.9	1.0	3.3		7.4	
C19-C20 R		11	4.0	2.8	1.4	4.9	#	9.1	
	nus/canal	1	0.2	4.8	0.1	27.0		1.0	
	iver	4	2.1	1.9	0.5	4.8		2.4	25.0
C23-C24 B		1	0.7	1.4		7.9		0.4	
	ancreas	8	2.7	3.0	1.3	5.8	#	6.8	
	arynx	6	0.8	7.3	2.7	15.8		6.7	
C33-C34 L		19	8.5	2.2	1.3	3.5		13.5	5.3
	hymus	1	0.1	18.2		101.4	"	1.2	0.0
	esothelioma	2	0.5	4.4	0.5	15.8		2.0	
C40-C41 B		1	0.1	12.5	0.3	69.7		1.2	
	align. melanoma	16	3.7	4.3	2.4	7.0	#	15.8	
	oft tissue	5	0.4	11.4	3.7	26.5		5.9	
•	reast	1	0.2	4.9	0.1	27.6	Ï	1.0	
	rostate	46	19.6	2.3	1.7	3.1	#	34.0	
	estis	1	0.6	1.6	0.0	8.8	7	0.5	
	idney	11	2.7	4.1	2.0	7.3	#	10.7	
	enal pelvis	1	0.3	3.4	0.1	19.1		0.9	
	reter	1	0.2	5.9	0.1	32.6		1.1	
	ladder	7	2.9	2.4	1.0			5.3	
	NS cancer	4	1.1	3.8	1.0	9.6	#	3.8	
	hyroid	19	0.7	26.5	15.9	41.3		23.6	
C76-C79 C	_	5	1.1	4.4	1.4	10.2		5.0	
C82-C85 N		12	3.0	4.0	2.1	6.9		11.6	
C90 M	ult. myeloma	4	0.9	4.5	1.2	11.4		4.0	
C91-C96 L	_	2	1.0	2.0	0.2	7.1		1.3	
Not obser	ved	0	1.8	0.0	0.0	2.0		-2.3	
All furth	er malignancies	222	73.0	3.0	2.7	3.5	#	192.1	1.4
Patients			1779						
Median age	at next malignan	cy (years	s) 67.5	,					
Person-year	_	_	7756	/					
	ation time (year	s)	4.4						
Median obse	rvation time (ye	ars)	2.5	i					

# The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Table 7b

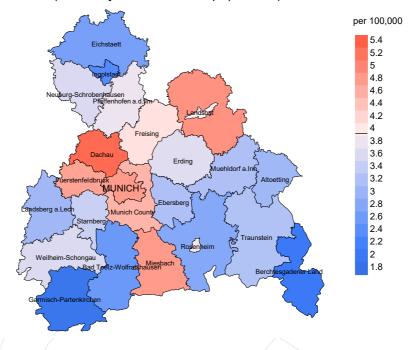
Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits), excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies for period 1998-2020 FEMALES

		Observed	Expected		CI	CI			DCO
Diagnosis		/ n /	n	SIR	95%	95%		EAR	િ
C03-C06 Ora	_	2	1.0	2.0	0.2	7.2		0.4	
	ivary gland	4	0.2	16.1	4.4	41.3	#	1.6	
C09-C10 Oro	pharynx	/ 2	0.9	2.3	0.3	8.4		0.5	
C15 Oes	ophagus	2	1.0	1.9	0.2	7.0		0.4	
C16 Sto	mach	8	3.9	2.1	0.9	4.1		1.8	
C18 Col	on	23	11.4	2.0	1.3	3.0	#	5.0	4.3
C19-C20 Rec	tum	13	5.3	2.5	1.3	4.2	#	3.3	
C21 Anu	s/canal	2	0.9	2.1	0.3	7.7		0.5	
C22 Liv	er	4	1.6	2.5	0.7	6.4		1.0	25.0
C23-C24 Bil	e	4	1.6	2.6	0.7	6.5		1.1	
C25 Pan	creas	16	5.5	2.9	1.7	4.8	#	4.6	6.3
C33-C34 Lun	.q	37	12.0	3.1	2.2	4.2	#	10.8	8.1
C38,C45 Mes		3	0.2	12.6	2.6	36.9	#	1.2	
C40-C41 Bon		2	0.2	11.8/	1.4	42.5	#	0.8	
	ign. melanoma	26	7.4	3.5		5.1		8.0	3.8
C46,C49 Sof	-	4	0.9	4.5		11.4		1.3	
•	itoneal	4	0.7	6.0		15.5		1.4	25.0
	ast	178	56.1	3.2	2.7			52.7	
C53 Cer	vix uteri	8	3.3	2.5	1.1	4.8	#	2.0	
	pus uteri	20	8.8	2.3	1.4		1	4.9	
C56 Ova	•	16	6.2	2.6	1.5			4.2	
	lnev	10	3.2	3.1	1.5			2.9	
	.dder	5	2.2	2.3	0.7	5.4		1.2	
C70-C72 CNS		5	2.1	2.4		5.5		1.2	
	roid	32	4.4	7.3		10.3	#	11.9	
C74-C80 Can		3	0.3	9.9		28.9		1.2	
C76-C79 CUP		14	2.1	6.8		11.4		5.2	7.1
C82-C85 NHL		17	5.4	3.2	1.8	5.1		5.0	/ • ±
C91-C96 Leu		18	2.0	9.0		14.2		6.9	16.7
CJI CJU ECU	.Kaciii a	10	2.0	J. 0	3.3	11.2	"	0.5	10.7
Others, spe	cified	8	3.2	2.5	1.1	5.0	#	2.1	12.5
Not observe		0	3.7	0.0	0.0	1.0	"	-1.6	12.0
NOC ODDCIVE			3.,	•••	J. 0	1.0		1.0	
All further	malignancies	490	157.3	3.1	2.8	3.4	#	143.9	2.7
1111 14101101	marranara	-39	23	0.1		0.1	"	_ 10 , 5	_ • •
Patients			5068						
Median age at	next malignanc	v (vears)	64.3						
Person-years		1 (1 = ================================	23116						
Mean observati	on time (vears	( )	4.6						
Median observa	-		2.6						
23.23.23.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.	111 11110 (100	-,	2.0						

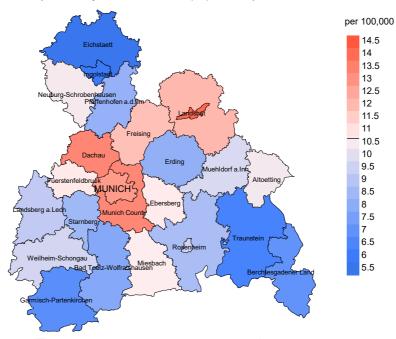
# The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Further observed malignancies with count 1 are pooled in category "Others, specified".

#### Average incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



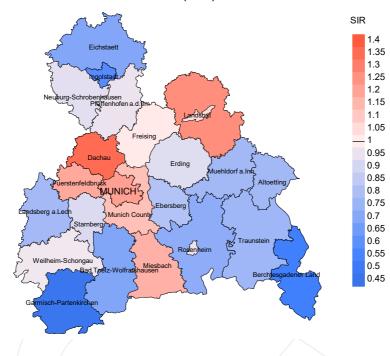
werage incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females



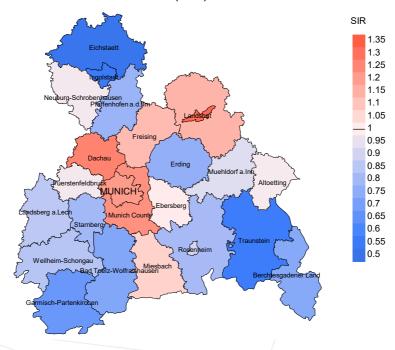
**Figure 8a.** Map of cancer incidence (german standard population, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual incidence rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 3.9/100,000 WS N=1,374, females 10.7/100,000 WS N=3,732).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 106 women were identified with newly diagnosed papillary thyroid ca.. Therefore, the mean incidence rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 10.7/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 8.2 and 13.8/100,000.

### Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Males



#### Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Females



**Figure 8b.** Map of standardized incidence ratio (SIR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SIR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=1,374, females N=3,732).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 106 women were identified with newly diagnosed papillary thyroid ca.. Therefore, the mean standardized incidence ratio (SIR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 1.01. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.77 and 1.29, and is therefore not statistically striking.

### **MORTALITY**

Table 9a

Annual cohorts: Incident cancers, follow-up status, proportion of DCO, deaths among the annual cohorts and proportion of available death certificates (with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

		Prop.				Prop. deaths
	Incident	actively	Prop.		Prop.	with death
Year of	cases	followed	DCO	Deaths	deaths	certific.
diagnosis	n	%	%	n	%	ଚ
3						
1998	136	89.7		34	25.0	88.2
1999	139	87.1		18	12.9	77.8
2000	167	89.2		36	21.6	91.7
2001	130	89.2		20	15.4	90.0
2002	197	91.9		56	28.4	85.7
2003	220	91.8		41	18.6	90.2
2004	262	88.5		32	12.2	90.6
2005	270	86.7		41	15.2	85.4
2006	319	81.5		45	14.1	95.6
2007	436	79.6		51	11.7	92.2
2008	532	95.9		55	10.3	87.3
2009	511	96.3		47	9.2	85.1
2010	402	95.3		30	7.5	86.7
2011	363	95.0		24	6.6	79.2
2012	355	93.8		26	7.3	96.2
2013	363	97.2		26	7.2	84.6
2014	333	88.6		19	5.7	94.7
2015	325	88.0		11	3.4	54.5
2016	367	97.5		14	3.8	71.4
2017	348	100.0		11	3.2	81.8
2018	362	99.7		8	2.2	62.5
2019	264	99.6		6	2.3	66.7
2020	149	100.0		3	2.0	100.0
1998-2020	6950	92.7		654	9.4	87.0

Table 9b

Annual cohorts of incident cancers and deaths, proportion of death certificates and cases deceased within the same year of being diagnosed with cancer (incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

			Prop.		
			deaths		Prop.
Year of	Incident		with death	Deaths in	deaths in
diagnosis/	cases	Deaths	certific.	same year	same year
death	n /	n	%	n	%
1998	136	14	92.9		
1999	139	13	76.9	/ 1	0.7
2000	167	7	100.0	/ 1	0.6
2001	130	9	88.9	1	0.8
2002	197	14	100.0	1	0.5
2003	220	28	92.9	1	0.5
2004	262	22	95.5		
2005	270	30	100.0	1	0.4
2006	319	42	100.0	_ 1	0.3
2007	436	32	90.6	3	0.7
2008	532	23	100.0	3	0.6
2009	511	29	100.0	1	0.2
2010	402	36	97.2		
2011	363	54	100.0	2	0.6
2012	355	55	98.2	1	0.3
2013	363	48	97.9	1 3 3	0.8
2014	333	54	98.1		0.9
2015	325	64	98.4	/1 /	0.3
2016	367	66	97.0	1 /	0.3
2017	348	76	96.1	2	0.6
2018	362	54	70.4	3	0.8
2019	264	68	33.8	2	0.8
2020	149	89	82.0	2	1.3
1998-2020	6950	927	89.4	34	0.5
	/	, <u> </u>	1	<del>-</del> -	

Table 9c

Annual cohorts of deaths, proportion of cancer-related and non-cancer-related deaths, and cancer recorded on death certificates (incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

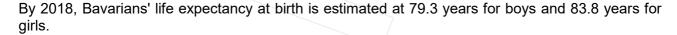
				Prop.
				cancer
		Prop.	Prop.	recorded
		cancer-	non-cancer-	on death
Year of	Deaths	related	related	certificate
death	n/	%	90	%
1998	14	71.4	28.6	84.6
1999	13	46.2	53.8	60.0
2000	7	100.0		100.0
2001	9	55.6	44.4	75.0
2002	14	64.3	35.7	92.9
2003	28	42.9	57.1	61.5
2004	22	72.7	27.3	81.0
2005	30	66.7	33.3	63.3
2006	42	57.1	42.9	73.8
2007	32	56.3	43.8	69.0
2008	23	65.2	34.8	69.6
2009	29	72.4	27.6	79.3
2010	36	52.8	47.2	51.4
2011	54	55.6	44.4	75.9
2012	55	50.9	49.1	61.1
2013	48	54.2	45.8	61.7
2014	54	63.0	37.0	75.5
2015	64	43.8	56.3	60.3
2016	66	51.5	48.5	60.9
2017	76	59.2	40.8	60.3
2018	54	31.5	68.5	36.8
2019	68	19.1	80.9	39.1
2020	89	25.8	74.2	58.9
1998-2020	927	49.6	50.4	64.3

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 10a \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{ll} Medians of age at death according to the grouping in Table 9 \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{ll} MALES \end{tabular}$ 

					Age at
		Age at	Age at	Age at	death
		death	death	death	(according
		(all	(cancer-	(non-cancer-	to death
Year of	Deaths	causes)	related)	related)	certificate)
death	n	Years	Years	Years	Years
1998	5	72.3	74.7	43.8	74.7
1999	4	66.2	68.6	63.7	68.6
2000	2	70.6	70.6		70.6
2001	2	64.9	57.7	72.1	57.7
2002	3	61.4	72.0	60.3	72.0
2003	9	74.9	73.2	74.9	75.0
2004	5	70.3	70.3	70.2	70.3
2005	10	73.6	66.1	84.2	64.1
2006	19	70.9	69.5	80.1	70.4
2007	13/	71.3	71.3	69.1	70.4
2008	6	69.4	71.4	67.5	71.4
2009	9	72.7	66.8	82.8	66.8
2010	11	70.9	68.6	78.7	68.6
2011	17	74.4	67.3	76.0	68.0
2012	21	72.8	68.8	74.7	70.2
2013	20	77.1	75.1	78.6	77.1
2014	23	68.9	69.8	64.2	68.3
2015	20	76.0	75.8	77.9	75.8
2016	24	75.2	75.0	75.2	75.0
2017	23	75.7	76.1	75.6	75.8
2018	18	72.6	74.6	71.0	70.9
2019	29	78.7	73.3	79.1	78.0
2020	26	71.5	69.0	77.0	69.0
1998-2020	319	74.1	70.6	75.8	70.9

Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

					Age at
		Age at	Age at	Age at	death
		death	death	death	(according
		(all	(cancer-	(non-cancer-	to death
Year of	Deaths	causes)	related)	related)	certificate)
death	n	Years	Years	Years	Years
1998	9	78.1	78.4	78.0	78.8
1999	9	74.7	70.5	76.9	57.0
2000	5	59.7	59.7		59.7
2001	7	78.9	74.5	78.9	78.9
2002	11	80.7	80.7	71.8	80.7
2003	19	74.8	75.8	74.5	75.9
2004	17	80.8	80.6	82.9	80.7
2005	20	78.8	74.2	83.0	71.3
2006	23	81.4	76.1	83.5	75.6
2007	19	73.5	73.4	77.2	69.3
2008	17	73.8	71.7	76.9	71.9
2009	20	74.2	74.2	71.8	74.2
2010	25	74.6	68.5	84.9	69.8
2011	37	75.3	74.7	75.3	73.4
2012	34	80.7	69.8	82.8	69.8
2013	28	72.5	73.6	71.2	72.2
2014	31	74.4	69.8	75.9	69.9
2015	44	76.6	68.2	78.2	69.5
2016	42	74.2	72.4	77.4	71.0
2017	53	73.4	72.1	79.9	72.1
2018	36	78.2	72.0	78.7	/ 71.3
2019	39	82.0	80.9	82.8	81.9
2020	63	79.9	79.4	80.7	79.8
1998-2020	608	77.2	73.6	79.3	73.9



Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

Table 11a  $\begin{tabular}{ll} Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index \\ by year of death \\ MALES \end{tabular}$ 

Year of	Deaths	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort. N	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index
death	n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S
1998	4	0.4	0.15	0.2	0.12	0.3	0.17	0.6	0.26
1999	3	0.3	0.11	0.2	0.08	0.2	0.10	0.3	0.11
2000	2	0.2	0.06	0.1	0.05	0.1	0.06	0.2	0.09
2001	1	0.1	0.03	0.1	0.03	0.1	0.03	0.1	0.03
2002	2	0.1	0.05	0.0	0.03	0.1	0.04	0.1	0.06
2003	4	0.2	0.08	0.1	0.06	0.2	0.07	0.3	0.10
2004	3	0.2	0.04	0.1	0.03	0.1	0.04	0.2	0.04
2005	6	0.3	0.11	0.2	0.09	0.3	0.11	0.3	0.12
2006	12	0.6	0.15	0.3	0.11	0.5	0.14	0.6	0.16
2007	7	0.3	0.06	0.2	0.04	0.3	0.06	0.3	0.07
2008	3	0.1	0.02	0.1	0.02	0.1	0.02	0.1	0.03
2009	7	0.3	0.05	0.2	0.04	0.2	0.04	0.3	0.05
2010	6	0.3	0.07	0.1	0.06	0.2	0.06	0.2	0.07
2011	10	0.4	0.10	0.2	0.07	0.3	0.09	0.4	0.10
2012	13	0.6	0.14	0.3	0.10	0.4	0.12	0.6	0.14
2013	8	0.3	0.06	0.2	0.04	0.2	0.05	0.3	0.06
2014	17	0.7	0.18	0.4	0.13	0.5	0.15	0.7	0.17
2015	10	0.4	0.10	0.2	0.07	0.3	0.08	0.4	0.10
2016	12	0.5	0.12	0.2	0.08	0.3	0.09	0.4	0.12
2017	13	0.5	0.16	0.2	0.08	0.3	0.10	0.5	0.15
2018	6	0.2	0.07	0.1	0.04	0.2	0.05	0.2	0.06
2019	4	0.2	0.06	0.1	0.03	0.1	0.04	0.1	0.05
2020	10	0.4	0.19	0.2	0.14	0.3	0.16	0.4	0.18
1998-2020	163	0.4	0.09	0.2	0.06	0.3	0.08	0.3	0.09

Table 11b  $\label{lem:mortality} \mbox{Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index } \mbox{by year of death} \mbox{FEMALES}$ 

Year of	Deaths	Mort.	MI-Index					Mort.	MI-Index
death	n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S
1998	6	0.5	0.05	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.03	0.4	0.05
1999	3	0.3	0.03	0.1	0.02	0.2	0.02	0.2	0.03
2000	5	0.4	0.04	0.3	0.04	0.4	0.04	0.4	0.04
2001	4	0.3	0.04	0.1	0.02	0.2	0.03	0.3	0.03
2002	7	0.4	0.05	0.1	0.01	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.03
2003	8	0.4	0.05	0.2	0.03	0.3	0.03	0.3	0.04
2004	13	0.7	0.07	0.3	0.04	0.4	0.04	0.5	0.05
2005	14	0.7	0.07	0.3	0.04	0.5	0.05	0.6	0.05
2006	12	0.6	0.05	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.03	0.5	0.04
2007	11	0.5	0.03	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.03	0.4	0.03
2008	12	0.5	0.03	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.02	0.4	0.03
2009	14	0.6	0.04	0.2	0.02	0.4	0.03	0.5	0.03
2010	13	0.6	0.04	0.3	0.03	0.4	0.03	0.4	0.03
2011	20	0.9	0.08	0.3	0.04	0.5	0.05	0.7	0.06
2012	15	0.6	0.06	0.3	0.03	0.4	0.04	0.5	0.05
2013	18	0.8	0.08	0.3	0.04	0.4	0.05	0.6	0.06
2014	17	0.7	0.07	0.3	0.04	0.5	0.05	0.6	0.06
2015	18	0.7	0.08	0.3	0.05	0.5	0.06	0.6	0.07
2016	22	0.9	0.08	0.4	0.04	0.6	0.05	0.7	0.06
2017	32	1.3	0.12	0.6	0.07	0.8	0.08	1.0	0.09
2018	11	0.4	0.04	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.03	0.3	0.03
2019	9	0.4	0.05	0.1	0.02	0.2	0.02	0.2	0.03
2020	13	0.5	0.13	0.1	0.04	0.2	0.06	0.3	0.09
1998-2020	297	0.6	0.06	0.3	0.03	0.4	0.04	0.5	0.05

Table 12

Age distribution of age at death (cancer-related) for period 2007-2020 (incl. multiple malignancies)

Age at									
death	Cases			Males			Females		
Years	n	용	Cum.%	/n	8	Cum.%	n	용	Cum.%
0-4 5-9 10-14									
15-19									
20-24									
25-29	1	0.3	0.3	1	0.8	0.8			0.0
30-34	0	0.0	0.3			0.8			0.0
35-39	4	1.1	1.4	2	1.6	2.4	2	0.9	0.9
40 - 44	4	1.1	2.6	1	0.8	3.2	3	1.3	2.2
45-49	8	2.3	4.8			3.2	8	3.6	5.8
50-54	12	3.4	8.3	4	3.2	6.3	8	3.6	9.3
55-59	27	7.7	16.0	6	4.8	11.1	21	9.3	18.7
60-64	41	11.7	27.6	21	16.7	27.8	20	8.9	27.6
65-69	54	15.4	43.0	22	17.5	45.2	32	14.2	41.8
70-74	55	15.7	58.7	20	15.9	61.1	35	15.6	57.3
75-79	60	17.1	75.8	24	19.0	80.2	36	16.0	73.3
80-84	44	12.5	88.3	13	10.3	90.5	31	13.8	87.1
85+	41	11.7	100.0	12	9.5	100.0	29	12.9	100.0
All ages	351	100.0		126	100.0		225	100.0	

Table 13

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers for period 2007-2020  $\,$ 

(incl. multiple malignancies)

			Males		Females		Males	Females
Age at			Age-		Age-		Prop.all	Prop.all
death	Males	Females	spec.		spec.		cancers	cancers
Years	n	n	mortal.	MI-index	mortal.	MI-index	%	%
0- 4								
5- 9								
10-14								
15-19								
20-24								
25-29	1		0.0	0.02			1.1	
30-34								
35-39	2	2	0.1	0.02	0.1	0.00	0.7	0.5
40-44	1	3	0.0	0.01	0.1	0.01	0.2	0.4
45-49		8			0.3	0.02		0.5
50-54	4	8	0.2	0.02	0.3	0.02	0.2	0.3
55-59	6	21	0.3	0.04	1.0	0.05	0.1	0.6
60-64	21	20	1.2	0.15	1.1	0.06	0.3	0.4
65-69	22	32	1.3	0.19	1.8	0.13	0.2	0.5
70-74	20	35	1.3	0.25	2.0	0.20	0.2	0.4
75-79	24	36	2.0	0.53	2.4	0.37	0.2	0.4
80-84	13	31	1.8	0.65	2.9	1.11	0.1	0.3
85+	12	29	2.6	1.71	2.8	1.32	0.1	0.2
All ages	126	225					0.2	0.4
3								
Mortality								
Raw			0.4	0.09	0.7	0.06		
WS			0.2	0.06	0.3	0.03		
ES			0.3	0.07	0.4	0.04		
BRD-S			0.4	0.09	0.5	0.05		
PYLL-70								
per 100,000			1.7		3.4			
ES			1.5		2.8			
AYLL-70			8.6		10.2			

					Syn-	Syn-		
					chron	chron		
	Total	Total	Pre	Pre	±30d	±30d	Post	Post
Diagnosis	n	용↓	n	<b>←</b> %	n	<b>←</b> %	n	<b>←</b> %
C03-C06 Oral cavity	2	1.3			1	50.0	1	50.0
C09-C10 Oropharynx	3	2.0	2	66.7			1	33.3
C11 Nasopharynx	/ 1 /	0.7					1	100.0
C12-C13 Hypopharynx	/ 1 /	0.7			1	100.0		
C15 Oesophagus	11	7.2	3	27.3	/ 3	27.3	5	45.5
C16 Stomach	4	2.6	1	25.0			3	75.0
C17 Small intestine	2	1.3	1	50.0			1	50.0
C18 Colon	7	4.6	3	42.9	1	14.3	3	42.9
C19-C20 Rectum	4	2.6	2	50.0			2	50.0
C22 Liver	5	3.3	1	20.0			4	80.0
C23-C24 Bile	1	0.7					1,	100.0
C25 Pancreas	5	3.3					5	100.0
C32 Larynx	3	2.0	1	33.3				66.7
C33-C34 Lung	27	17.6	4	14.8	1	3.7	22	81.5
C43 Malign. melanoma	8	5.2	4	50.0			4	50.0
C44 Skin others	4	2.6	2	50.0	1	25.0	1	25.0
C46,C49 Soft tissue	2	1.3					2	100.0
C61 Prostate	22	14.4	13	59.1			9	40.9
C62 Testis	1	0.7	1	100.0				
C64 Kidney	4	2.6	2	50.0			2	50.0
C67 Bladder	7	4.6	1	14.3			6	85.7
C70-C72 CNS cancer	3	2.0					3	100.0
C73 Thyroid	3	2.0			2	66.7	1	33.3
C74-C80 Cancer others	1	0.7	1	100.0				
C76-C79 CUP	7	4.6			1	14.3	6	85.7
C82-C85 NHL	9	5.9	2	22.2			7	77.8
C90 Mult. myeloma	2	1.3	1	50.0			1	50.0
C91-C96 Leukaemia	4	2.6	1	25.0			3	75.0
All further malignancies	153	100.0	46	30.1	11	7.2	96	62.7

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

					Syn-	Syn-		
					chron	chron		
	Total	Total	Pre	Pre	±30d	±30d	Post	Post
Diagnosis	n	%↓	n	<b>←</b> %	n	<b>←</b> %	n	<b>←</b> %
C03-C06 Oral cavity	/ 1	0.4					1	100.0
C09-C10 Oropharynx	3	1.1			1	33.3	2	66.7
C12-C13 Hypopharynx	/ 1 /	0.4					1	100.0
C15 Oesophagus	2	0.7					2	100.0
C16 Stomach	6	2.2	1	16.7			5	83.3
C18 Colon	12	4.4	3	25.0			9	75.0
C19-C20 Rectum	9	3.3	1	11.1			8	88.9
C21 Anus/canal	3	1.1	2	66.7			1	33.3
C22 Liver	4	1.5	1	25.0			3	75.0
C23-C24 Bile	4	1.5					4	100.0
C25 Pancreas	15	5.5					15	100.0
C26 GI cancer	1	0.4					/ 1	100.0
C32 Larynx	1	0.4					1	100.0
C33-C34 Lung	28	10.3	1	3.6/	4	14.3	23	82.1
C38,C45 Mesothelioma	3	1.1					3	100.0
C40-C41 Bone	2	0.7					2	100.0
C43 Malign. melanoma	8	2.9	5	62.5			3	37.5
C44 Skin others	9	3.3	5	55.6			4	44.4
C46,C49 Soft tissue	4	1.5	1	25.0			3	75.0
C48 Peritoneal	2	0.7					2	100.0
C50 Breast	63	23.1	25	39.7	1	1.6	37	58.7
C53 Cervix uteri	5	1.8	3	60.0			2	40.0
C54 Corpus uteri	5	1.8	2	40.0			3	60.0
C55,C57 Fem. genitals un	1	0.4	1	100.0				
C56 Ovary	17	6.2	3	17.6			14	82.4
C64 Kidney	9	3.3	4	44.4	1	11.1	4	44.4
C67 Bladder	6	2.2	1	16.7	1	16.7	4	66.7
C69 Eye melanoma	2	0.7	1	50.0			1	50.0
C70-C72 CNS cancer	8	2.9					8	100.0
C73 Thyroid	6	2.2			5	83.3	1	16.7
C74-C80 Cancer others	1	0.4			1	100.0		
C76-C79 CUP	10	3.7					10	100.0
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	1	0.4	1	100.0				
C82-C85 NHL	8	2.9	1	12.5			7	87.5
C90 Mult. myeloma	3	1.1					3	100.0
C91-C96 Leukaemia	10	3.7					10	100.0
All further malignancies	273	100.0	62	22.7	14	5.1	197	72.2

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

Table 15

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers for period 2007-2020 (First primaries only \*)

			Males		Females		Males	Females
Age at			Age-		Age-		Prop.all	Prop.all
death	Males	Females	spec.		spec.		cancers	cancers
Years	n	n	mortal.	MI-index	mortal.	MI-index	엉	%
0- 4								
5- 9								
10-14								
15-19								
20-24								
25-29								
30-34								
35-39	1	1	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.00	0.4	0.3
40-44	1	2	0.0	0.01	0.1	0.00	0.2	0.3
45-49		7			0.3	0.02		0.5
50-54	1	6	0.0	0.01	0.2	0.01	0.0	0.3
55-59	5	13	0.2	0.03	0.6	0.04	0.1	0.4
60-64	16	14	0.9	0.13	0.7	0.05	0.3	0.3
65-69	16	25	1.0	0.20	1.4	0.12	0.2	0.5
70-74	13	27	0.9	0.24	1.6	0.19	0.1	0.4
75-79	13	26	1.1	0.46	1.7	0.33	0.1	0.3
80-84	11	26	1.5		2.4		0.1	0.4
85+	7	23	1.5	1.75	2.2	1.64	0.1	0.2
All ages	84	170					0.2	0.3
							/	
Mortality								
Raw /			0.3	0.07	0.5	0.05		
WS			0.1		0.2	0.03		
ES			0.2	0.06	0.3	0.03		
BRD-S			0.2	0.07	0.4	0.04		
DIAD 5			0.2	0.07	0.4	0.04		
PYLL-70								
per 100,000	)		1.0		2.4			
ES ES	•		0.9		2.0			
AYLL-70			7.5		10.0			
111111 / 0			\ '.3		10.0			

<sup>\*</sup> See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.

Table 16

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers for period 2007-2020

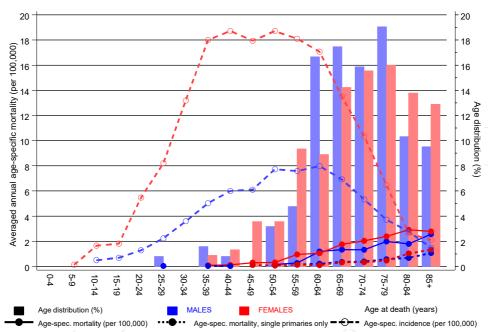
(Single primaries only \*)

			Males		Females		Males	Females
Age at			Age-		Age-		Prop.all	Prop.all
death	Males	Females	spec.		spec.		cancers	cancers
Years	n	n	mortal.	MI-index	mortal.	MI-index	%	%
0- 4								
5- 9								
10-14								
15-19								
20-24								
25-29								
30-34								
35-39	1		0.0	0.01			0.4	
40-44	1		0.0	0.01			0.2	
45-49		3			0.1	0.01		0.2
50-54		2			0.1	0.00		0.1
55-59	3 /	3/	0.1	0.02	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.1
60-64	4	2	0.2	0.04	0.1	0.01	0.1	0.1
65-69	6	6	0.4	0.09	0.3	0.03	0.1	0.1
70-74	6	6	0.4		0.3	0.05	0.1	0.1
75-79	7	7	0.6	0.32	0.5	0.11	0.1	0.1
80-84	5	11	0.7		1.0	0.73	0.1	0.2
85+	5	14	1.1	1.67	1.3	1.27	0.1	0.2
	J		<b></b> -	1.07	1.0	1.2	0.1	0.2
All ages	38	54					0.1	0.1
TILL ages	00	V .					/ 0.1	0.1
Mortality								
Raw			0.1	0.03	0.2	0.02		
WS			0.1	0.02	0.1	0.01		
ES			0.1	0.02	0.1	0.01		
BRD-S			0.1	0.03	0.1	0.01		
DIAD 5			0.1	0.03	0.1	0.01		
PYLL-70								
per 100,000	n		0.5		0.6			
ES ES	O .		0.3		0.0			
AYLL-70			9.5		10.6			
VITT - 10			9.5		10.6			

<sup>\*</sup> See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.

# ICD-10 C73: Papillary thyroid carcinoma (PTC)

Age distribution and age-specific mortality 2007 - 2020 (Males: 126, Females: 225)

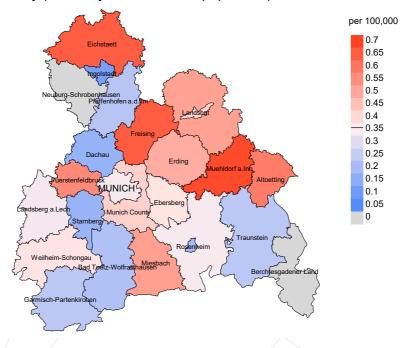


**Figure 17.** Distribution of age at death (bars; males: mean=61.8 yrs, median=62.2 yrs; females: mean=61.4 yrs, median=62.4 yrs) and age-specific mortality (all patients: solid line, patients with single primaries: dotted line). The age-specific incidence is additionally plotted for comparison (dashed line).

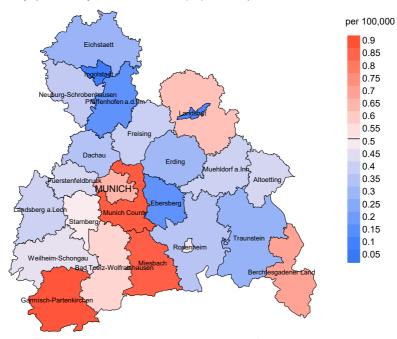
The difference between age at diagnosis (Table 3) and age at papillary thyroid ca.-related death (see Table 10) should be considered.



#### werage mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



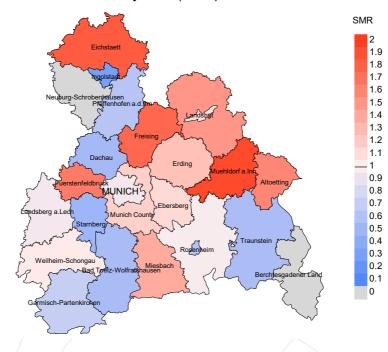
### Average mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females



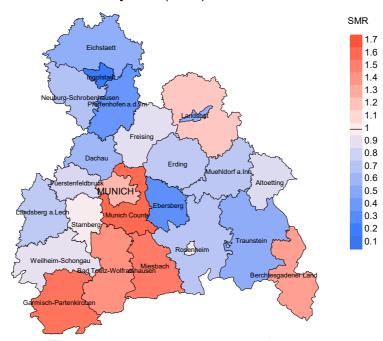
**Figure 18a.** Map of cancer mortality (german standard population) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual mortality rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 0.4/100,000 WS N=126, females 0.5/100,000 WS N=225).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 2 women died from papillary thyroid ca.. Therefore, the mean mortality rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 0.2/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.0 and 0.9/100,000.

### Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Males



#### Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Females



**Figure 18b.** Map of standardized mortality ratio (SMR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SMR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=126, females N=225).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 2 women died from papillary thyroid ca.. Therefore, the mean standardized mortality ratio (SMR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 0.33. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.02 and 1.52, and is therefore not statistically striking.

#### **Statistical Notes**

In all tables and figures the respective reference values should be carefully considered. The incidence rates include diagnoses (with multiple primary), and death certificate only (DCO) cases, where applicable. For mortality statistics patients, diagnoses and progressive course of disease are presented. In the calculations, all courses of disease are considered whereby progressions occurred and/or death certificate identified progressive cancers were ascertained. Additionally there are three groups of disease course to consider:

#### 1. All multiple primaries included

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death, independent of any malignancy. The patient perspective, induced secondary malignancies, and the problem of multiple malignancies from the same primary tumor all have reasons for their inclusion.

## 2. First singular primary (no information about other prior or synchronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the cancer-related death for patients who have no therapeutic restrictions due to a previous or synchronous cancer. These statistics are comparable to studies that have exclusion criteria based on a second malignancy.

## **3. Single primary** (no information about other prior, syn- or metachronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death that occurs without any impact through secondary primaries, earlier, synchronous, later or induced. Precisely the difference between disease group 1 and 2 highlight the magnitude of the problem of secondary malignancies.

For this reason differences appear concerning official mono-causal mortality statistics. To judge the maximum deviation, 2 further tables are presented. In the first table the distribution of secondary malignancies before, at or after the described cancer are shown, that could be an alternative cause of death. In the second table, the age-specific mortality rates for all courses of disease, without designation of secondary malignancies are shown.

A previously minimally acknowledged statistic is the **age at death**, which allows for a good assessment of the quality of classification of the apparent tumor-specific death. For assumed tumor-independent deaths, the age of death should be estimated from the age of diagnosis and the normal life expectancy, whereas tumor-dependent deaths can be estimated from the age of diagnosis plus the average tumor-specific life expectancy. The comparison of different tumors demonstrates this association, if the causes of cancer and the competing cause of death are independent of each other (e.g. breast and colon versus head&neck and lung).

The ratio of mortality and incidence (mortality-to-incidence ratio, **MIR**, **MI-Index**) is a statistical index that allows for the evaluation of the quality of data. For diseases with poor prognoses, comparable values are obtained from all age groups, because to a large extent, the numerator and denominator contain the same cases. For tumors with a good prognosis, increasing and decreasing incidence and age-specific differences in prognosis can more strongly alter the MIR. Additionally, attention should be paid to the confidence intervals where fewer cases are reported.

The complexity of problems identified here emphasizes the importance of relative survival data for the appropriate analysis of long term results.

As a measurement of the burden of disease, the number of potential life years loss due to premature deaths in a cohort can be calculated (**PYLL**, potential years of life lost, standardized per 100,000 persons or per European standard) as well as the average loss of life years per individual (**AYLL**, average years of life lost). Depending upon the analytic aim (health economy, prevention, health care research) different methods exist for the generation of these measurements. In the results presented here, the age for a premature death is considered to be before 70 years, according to the guidelines of the OECD and the WHO (as seen in the abbreviation PYLL-70 or AYLL-70).

#### **Shortcuts**

MCR Munich Cancer Registry (Tumorregister München)

GEKID Association of Population-based Cancer Registries in Germany

(Gesellschaft der epidemiologischen Krebsregister in Deutschland e.V.)

SEER Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (USA)

DCO Death certificate only

BRD-S German (FRG) standard population ES European standard population (old)

WS World standard population

SIR Standardized incidence ratio

CI Confidence interval EAR Excess absolute risk

= excess cancer cases (O - E) per 10,000 person-years

PYLL-70 Potential years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age AYLL-70 Average years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age

SMR Standardized mortality ratio

MI-index Ratio of mortality to incidence, MIR

FRG Federal Republic of Germany

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