Munich Cancer Registry



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ICD-10 C91.1: Chronic lymph. leukaemia

Incidence and Mortality

Year of diagnosis	1998-2020
Patients	4,113
Diseases	4,116
Creation date	12/21/2021
Database export	12/20/2021
Population	4.95 m



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https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/base/bC911_E-ICD-10-C91.1-Chronic-lymph.leukaemia-incidence-and-mortality.pdf

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Global Statements about the statistics on the Internet – Baseline Statistics (grey button ——), Survival (red button ——)

In these analyses, the clinics and physicians of Upper Bavaria and the city and county of Landshut[#], with a total of 4.69 million inhabitants, account for the frequency of cancer diseases^{##} and the achieved long term results. Additionally, the long term survival evaluated by the Munich Cancer Registry (MCR) is compared with the results of the population-based registry in the USA (SEER), which is useful for checking the consistency of the data on an international level.

In comparing several tables, inconsistent figures may be detected. This is based on the fact that different patient cohorts are included in the base calculation, for example when proportions of multiple tumors or DCO-cases### are concerned. In other cases the individual tumor diagnosis is the basis for calculation, for example with incidence.

The foot notes describe the currentness of the data. The baseline statistics and survival data are updated annually. This yearly analysis comprises the Annual Report of the MCR.

Clinics and physicians have access to essentially more detailed data, with which they can check, compare and in the best case optimize their own data and results.

We would be pleased to receive corrections, critique and useful suggestions. Just send an e-mail to tumor@ibe.med.uni-muenchen.de.

Munich Cancer Registry, December 2021

- Base data has been collected since 1998. An increase in new diseases is apparent, which is an effect of two extensions in the MCR catchment area (from a base population of 2.65 million to 4.10 in 2002, and to 4.69 million in 2007).
- Due to the high frequency and good prognosis of non-malignant skin cancer (C44), no systematic ascertainment is performed for this diagnosis. C44 is not designated as a primary, but rather as a secondary tumor.
- ### DCO (death certificate only) identifies a cancer case that first becomes available to the MCR through the death certificate.

Some remarks regarding this cancer type

The results for leukemias should be interpreted with caution. As with other primarily non-surgically or non-radiologically treated cancer diseases, the MCR hardly manages to obtain even the simplest information on this cancer. The proportion of DCO cases indicates a situation that is far away from a satisfying cooperation. In the group of institutions that potentially participate in reporting are a few hospitals that refuse any contribution to MCR.

ICD-10 codes (ICD-10 2015) used for specifying cancer site

Code	Description
C91.1	Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type

INCIDENCE

Table 1

Cases by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (ALL PATIENTS) (incl. DCO)

				_			
				Prop.	/ _		
				at least	Prop.		
				1 further	at least		_
			_	malign.	1 further	_	Prop.
	All	DCO	Prop.	prior +	malign.	Prop.	actively
Year of	cases	cases	DCO	synchron.	after	deaths	followed
diagnosis	n	n	િ	90	olo	%	90
1000	0.0	•	0 0	10.0	000		0.6
1998	98	9	9.2	13.3	20.3	76.5	96.9
1999	97	7	7.2	14.4	20.4	74.2	100.0
2000	96	16	16.7	13.1	20.3	80.2	96.9
2001	140	36	25.7	12.8	20.1	81.4	97.1
2002	246	77	31.3	12.6	20.0	81.7	96.7 #
2003	217	64	29.5	13.2	20.0	79.7	97.2
2004	231	54	23.4	13.9	20.2	75.3	95.2
2005	215	59	27.4	15.0	20.2	78.6	95.3
2006	228	36	15.8	16.0	19.7	76.3	95.6
2007	263	57	21.7	16.4	18.9	72.6	96.2 #
2008	231	52	22.5	17.4	19.1	72.7	100.0
2009	256	50	19.5	17.6	18.1	64.5	97.3
2010	229	56	24.5	18.4	17.2	70.7	97.4
2011	227	53	23.3	19.2	16.9	63.4	98.2
2012	221	48	21.7	19.4	16.3	64.3	99.1
2013	213	48	22.5	19.9	14.7	64.3	96.2
2014	186	53	28.5	20.3	13.5	61.3	96.8
2015	182	42	23.1	20.6	12.8	52.2	97.8
2016	165	46	27.9	20.5	12.0	47.9	98.2
2017	173	62	35.8	21.0	9.8	50.9	97.7
2018	107	18	16.8	21.4	9.1	41.1	96.3
2019	54	3	5.6	21.6	5.7	25.9	96.3
2020	41			21.7	5.0	9.8	100.0 ##
1998-2020	4116	946	23.0	21.7	20.3	67.4	97.2

4,116 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 4,113 patients. Currently, in 1,622 (39.4 %) of these 4,113 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 1,141 / 321 / 160 (27.7 % / 7.8 % / 3.9 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

- # The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.
- ## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retreived from the respective headings.

How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 107 cases has been diagnosed, of which 21.4 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 9.1 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1a

Cases by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (MALES) (incl. DCO)

			DCO	Prop.	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior +	Prop. at least 1 further malign.	Prop.	Prop.
Year of	Males	Males	cases	DCO	synchron.	after	deaths	followed
diagnosis	n	્રે	n	્રે	90	olo	%	%
1998	51	52.0	3	5.9	15.7	23.4	72.5	94.1
1999	50	51.5	2	4.0	15.8	23.4	82.0	100.0
2000	58	60.4	10	17.2	13.8	23.3	82.8	96.6
2001	74	52.9	14	18.9	13.3	23.0	82.4	95.9
2002	137	55.7	33	24.1	13.2	22.8	81.0	95.6 #
2003	135	62.2	30	22.2	14.5	22.6	77.8	97.0
2004	131	56.7	27	20.6	14.9	22.5	76.3	93.1
2005	130	60.5	32	24.6	16.1	22.3	78.5	96.9
2006	141	61.8	19	13.5	17.6	22.0	75.9	94.3
2007	156	59.3	20	12.8	17.8	21.3	73.7	95.5 #
2008	132	57.1	24	18.2	18.5	21.2	72.7	100.0
2009	150	58.6	22	14.7	19.0	20.3	62.0	97.3
2010	135	59.0	31	23.0	19.7	18.8	71.1	97.0
2011	134	59.0	25	18.7	20.4	18.3	61.9	99.3
2012	128	57.9	22	17.2	20.7	16.8	64.1	100.0
2013	129	60.6	30	23.3	21.3	15.1	65.9	96.9
2014	112	60.2	24	21.4	21.4	14.3	57.1	97.3
2015	113	62.1	20	17.7	21.9	13.3	49.6	98.2
2016	99	60.0	25	25.3	21.7	11.8	45.5	99.0
2017	106	61.3	36	34.0	22.5	9.7	49.1	99.1
2018	58	54.2	11	19.0	23.0	7.1	44.8	98.3
2019	33	61.1	2	6.1	23.2	5.1	27.3	97.0
2020	31	75.6			23.2	6.7	9.7	100.0 ##
1998-2020	2423	58.9	462	19.1	23.2	23.4	66.7	97.2

2,423 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 2,421 patients. Currently, in 1,048 (43.3 %) of these 2,421 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 716/213/119 (29.6 % / 8.8 % / 4.9 %) patients exist having 2/3/4+ malignancies.

- # The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.
- ## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retreived from the respective headings.

How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 58 cases has been diagnosed, of which 23.0 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 7.1 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1b

Cases by year of diagnosis, proportions of DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (FEMALES) (incl. DCO)

					Prop.			
					at least	Prop.		
					1 further	at least		
					malign.	1 further		Prop.
			DCO	Prop.	prior +	malign.	Prop.	actively
Year of	Females	Females	cases	DCO	synchron.	after	deaths	followed
diagnosis	n	용	n	용	용	90	%	િ
1998	47	48.0	6	12.8	10.6	15.9	80.9	100.0
1999	47	48.5	5	10.6	12.8	16.1	66.0	100.0
2000	38	39.6	6	15.8	12.1	15.8	76.3	97.4
2001	66	47.1	22	33.3	12.1	15.9	80.3	98.5
2002	109	44.3	44	40.4	11.7	15.9	82.6	98.2 #
2003	82	37.8	34	41.5	11.6	16.2	82.9	97.6
2004	100	43.3	27	27.0	12.5	16.8	74.0	98.0
2005	85	39.5	27	31.8	13.6	16.9	78.8	92.9
2006	87	38.2	17	19.5	13.8	16.3	77.0	97.7
2007	107	40.7	37	34.6	14.6	15.4	71.0	97.2 #
2008	99	42.9	28	28.3	15.8	15.9	72.7	100.0
2009	106	41.4	28	26.4	15.8	14.8	67.9	97.2
2010	94	41.0	25	26.6	16.6	14.7	70.2	97.9
2011	93	41.0	28	30.1	17.4	14.8	65.6	96.8
2012	93	42.1	26	28.0	17.6	15.5	64.5	97.8
2013	84	39.4	18	21.4	18.0	14.1	61.9	95.2
2014	74	39.8	29	39.2	18.6	12.2	67.6	95.9
2015	69	37.9	22	31.9	18.7	12.1	56.5	97.1
2016	66	40.0	21	31.8	18.8	12.2	51.5	97.0
2017	67	38.7	26	38.8	19.0	10.0	53.7	95.5
2018	49	45.8	7	14.3	19.1	12.2	36.7	93.9
2019	21	38.9	1	4.8	19.3	7.1	23.8	95.2
2020	10	24.4			19.4	0.0	10.0	100.0 ##
1998-2020	1693	41.1	484	28.6	19.4	15.9	68.5	97.2

1,693 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 1,692 patients. Currently, in 574 (33.9 %) of these 1,692 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 425 / 108 / 41 (25.1 % / 6.4 % / 2.4 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4 + malignancies.

- # The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.
- ## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retreived from the respective headings.

How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 49 cases has been diagnosed, of which 19.1 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 12.2 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 2

Incidence measures by year of diagnosis including DCO cases (with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

				_		_ \		_		_
	M - 1		Males		Males		Males		Males	
Year of		Females		Inc.	Inc.	Inc.	Inc.		Inc.	Inc.
diagnosis	n	n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S
1000		4.5		/	0 5	1 0		0 5	- 4	2 4
1998	51	47	4.6	4.0	2.7	1.8	4.1	2.7	5.4	3.4
1999	50	47	4.5	4.0	2.6	2.0	4.0	2.9	5.1	3.5
2000	58	38 /	5.1	3.2	3.1	1.4	4.5	2.1	5.4	2.6
2001	74	66	6.4	5.4	3.8	2.3	5.6	3.5	7.2	4.4
2002	137	109	7.4	5.6	4.2	2.2	6.2	3.3	7.9	4.3
2003	135	82	7.2	4.2	3.9	1.6	5.9	2.5	7.8	3.3
2004	131	100	7.0	5.1	3.8	2.2	5.6	3.2	7.3	4.0
2005	130	85	6.9	4.3	3.4	1.6	5.4	2.5	7.3	3.4
2006	141	87	7.4	4.3	3.8	1.7	5.8	2.5	7.6	3.3
2007	156	107	7.0	4.6	3.6	1.8	5.5	2.7	7.3	3.5
2008	132	99	5.9	4.3	2.8	1.6	4.3	2.4	5.8	3.2
2009	150	106	6.7	4.6	3.3	1.7	5.0	2.5	6.5	3.3
2010	135	94	6.0	4.0	2.8	1.3	4.3	2.1	5.9	2.9
2011	134	93	6.0	4.0	2.9	1.4	4.4	2.1	5.6	2.7
2012	128	93	5.6	3.9	2.4	1.4	3.7	2.2	5.3	2.8
2013	129	84	5.6	3.5	2.4	1.4	3.8	2.1	5.1	2.7
2014	112	74	4.8	3.1	2.3	1.0	3.4	1.5	4.4	2.1
2015	113	69	4.7	2.8	2.1	1.0	3.2	1.6	4.3	2.0
2016	99	66	4.1	2.7	1.8	0.8	2.8	1.3	3.7	1.8
2017	106	67	4.4	2.7	1.9	0.8	2.9	1.3		1.8
2018	58	49	2.4	2.0	1.0	0.8	1.6	1.2	2.1	1.5
2019	33	21	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.9/	0.5	1.2	0.6
2020	31	10	1.3	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.8	0.2	1.1	0.3
2020	01	10	1.3	· · ·	0.0	٠.2	0.0	٠,٢		0.0
1998-2020	2423	1693	5.2	3.5	2.5	1.3	3.9	2.0	5.0	2.6
	2 12 5	1033	0.2	3.3	2.0	±•5	3.5		٥.0	2.0

The computation of the incidence measures includes all cancers, irrespective of first or subsequent malignancy.

Table 3 $\label{eq:Age_age} \mbox{Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (ALL PATIENTS) } \mbox{(incl. DCO)}$

Year of	Cases		Std.					Median		
diagnosis	n	Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	98	68.4	12,4	38.2	95.8	54.7	59.7	67.4	77.8	84.2
1999	97	66.0	11.7	31.9	89.4	52.0	57.6	65.4	75.2	80.1
2000	96	68.7	11.1	46.5	91.2	54.7	60.5	67.5	77.1	86.5
2001	140	70.7	12.0	40.5	94.0	56.4	63.2	69.1	78.5	87.7
2002	246	71.4	12.5	28.6	95.0	55.8	63.3	71.2	80.5	88.3
2003	217	71.3	12.3	35.6	98.9	53.9	63.1	72.3	80.3	87.7
2004	231	70.3	12.5	29.8	98.6	54.7	63.1	70.6	79.4	85.7
2005	215	72.5	11.3	34.4	97.1	56.5	65.7	74.3	79.8	85.6
2006	228	71.8	11.4	30.0	95.4	56.9	64.7	72.4	80.1	86.0
2007	263	71.7	12.6	37.6	99.8	54.3	63.2	72.4	81.1	87.0
2008	231	73.5	10.6	42.6	97.4	60.7	66.9	72.9	80.8	86.8
2009	256	72.0	12.1	28.2	98.6	56.3	64.6	72.4	81.7	87.2
2010	229	74.1	12.7	37.1	101	54.7	67.0	75.5	83.2	89.3
2011	227	72.6	12.5	38.5	101	55.0	64.4	73.0	81.6	89.1
2012	221	73.8	11.7	28.2	96.9	59.0	68.0	74.0	82.3	87.6
2013	213	73.3	12.0	40.0	100	57.7	65.6	74.0	82.4	88.3
2014	186	73.8	12.7	39.4	98.3	55.7	66.3	74.4	83.1	90.7
2015	182	73.1	12.5	28.1	96.6	54.6	65.8	74.8	81.6	88.3
2016	165	74.3	12.0	38.2	97.5	57.6	66.3	76.0	82.9	88.8
2017	173	75.0	12.8	32.4	97.4	56.3	67.6	77.5	85.0	89.5
2018	107	71.8	12.9	37.2	95.6	50.7	64.0	74.5	81.3	86.7
2019	54	71.9	12.9	47.5	98.8	53.8	63.1	73.4	80.6	86.7
2020	41	70.3	15.0	27.9	93.9	53.2	62.4	73.4	81.6	83.8
1998-2020	4116	72.2	12.3	27.9	101	55.7	64.2	73.1	81.1	87.7

Table 3a

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (MALES) (incl. DCO)

Year of	Cases		Std.					Median		
diagnosis	n	Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	51	66.8	12.5	38.2	95.8	54.0	57.7	64.6	76.2	82.5
1999	50	65.6	12.3	31.9	89.4	51.9	56.4	64.5	77.0	80.4
2000	58	67.6	10.3	46.5	91.1	55.1	61.0	67.1	72.9	85.0
2001	74	67.7	11.2	40.5	90.7	53.2	60.7	67.4	76.0	83.2
2002	137	68.4	12.0	28.6	90.9	54.0	61.9	68.6	76.8	84.1
2003	135	69.3	11.4	35.6	90.7	54.6	62.5	69.7	77.2	83.8
2004	131	69.3	12.0	29.8	95.2	56.4	62.4	70.1	77.3	82.4
2005	130	71.0	11.1	34.4	91.3	55.5	65.5	71.5	78.1	84.8
2006	141	70.6	11.1	30.0	95.4	56.8	64.3	71.2	78.0	85.1
2007	156	69.7	12.3	37.6	97.8	51.2	60.3	71.0	79.2	84.9
2008	132	72.2	9.2	49.5	93.7	60.5	66.6	71.8	78.0	84.5
2009	150	70.3	11.1	42.0	97.0	55.9	63.1	71.0	77.8	84.5
2010	135	72.2	12.8	37.1	101	53.7	63.5	73.4	81.5	87.8
2011	134	70.2	12.0	38.5	101	52.5	63.7	70.9	78.8	84.7
2012	128	73.2	10.4	39.0	95.2	60.7	68.2	73.4	80.7	84.9
2013	129	73.1	11.9	45.2	100	53.7	67.8	73.8	82.1	87.4
2014	112	71.3	12.5	39.4	95.9	54.7	63.7	72.0	80.4	85.4
2015	113	71.6	12.5	28.1	96.6	53.9	62.9	74.7	80.0	85.6
2016	99	72.8	11.4	40.4	97.5	57.6	64.6	75.0	80.5	87.4
2017	106	73.2	13.1	32.4	93.8	55.0	65.5	75.3	83.7	88.6
2018	58	72.1	12.9	37.2	92.1	52.6	64.2	75.4	81.8	85.9
2019	33	72.0	13.0	47.5	97.6	53.8	63.1	74.3	81.3	86.7
2020	31	68.9	16.1	27.9	93.9	48.1	56.4	73.4	80.8	82.6
1998-2020	2423	70.7	11.9	27.9	101	54.6	63.5	71.6	79.2	85.4

Table 3b

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (FEMALES) (incl. DCO)

Year of	Cases		Std.					Median		
diagnosis	n	Mean	dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	50%	75%	90%
1998	47	70.1	12.2	39.8	90.3	55.6	61.4	71.4	78.7	86.7
1999	47	66.4	11.3	39.1	88.4	52.3	59.9	67.4	75.1	78.2
2000	38	70.5	12.2	49.3	91.2	53.7	60.5	70.3	80.0	88.6
2001	66	74.0	12.0	49.6	94.0	59.0	64.8	73.5	84.7	92.5
2002	109	75.1	12.0	40.4	95.0	58.5	66.0	77.5	84.9	90.2
2003	82	74.6	13.2	47.3	98.9	53.7	65.0	76.9	83.2	91.5
2004	100	71.6	13.2	40.4	98.6	51.5	64.0	72.7	81.7	87.3
2005	85	75.0	11.4	43.7	97.1	61.7	66.9	76.5	82.1	89.8
2006	87	73.7	11.6	32.7	93.9	57.3	66.2	74.8	82.5	87.1
2007	107	74.6	12.4	39.5	99.8	57.8	64.8	76.8	85.0	89.0
2008	99	75.1	12.0	42.6	97.4	60.7	67.2	74.7	84.5	90.8
2009	106	74.4	13.2	28.2	98.6	57.5	69.1	75.7	84.5	88.2
2010	94	76.8	12.2	42.8	97.5	60.4	69.6	78.6	85.2	89.7
2011	93	76.1	12.4	44.4	96.7	57.2	69.1	76.6	86.4	90.8
2012	93	74.7	13.4	28.2	96.9	58.2	67.0	75.0	86.3	89.2
2013	84	73.6	12.2	40.0	97.3	59.5	65.0	74.8	83.1	90.6
2014	74	77.6	12.1	43.3	98.3	60.9	71.0	79.5	86.5	92.1
2015	69	75.4	12.2	43.1	95.9	56.1	66.6	74.9	86.1	92.1
2016	66	76.6	12.7	38.2	96.0	56.9	70.9	78.1	86.6	90.4
2017	67	77.8	12.0	43.0	97.4	61.2	73.3	79.8	86.4	90.8
2018	49	71.5	12.9	42.6	95.6	49.5	63.4	72.6	80.0	87.0
2019	21	71.6	13.0	47.7	98.8	58.4	63.4	71.1	80.3	86.5
2020	10	74.7	10.1	60.2	86.5	61.5	67.3	75.6	83.6	86.2
1998-2020	1693	74.4	12.5	28.2	99.8	57.6	65.9	75.6	83.9	89.7

Age at									
diagnosis	Cases			Males			Females		
Years	n	용	Cum.%	/n	용	Cum.%	n	용	Cum.%
0 - 4									
5-9									
10-14									
15-19									
20-24									
25-29	4	0.2	0.2	2	0.1	0.1	2	0.2	0.2
30-34	2	0.1	0.2	2	0.1	0.3			0.2
35-39	12	0.5	0.7	9	0.6	0.9	3	0.3	0.5
40 - 44	33	1.3	2.0	16	1.1	1.9	17	1.6	2.1
45-49	70	2.7	4.7	52	3.4	5.3	18	1.7	3.9
50-54	106	4.2	8.9	80	5.3	10.6	26	2.5	6.4
55-59	157	6.2	15.1	102	6.7	17.3	55	5.3	11.7
60-64	211	8.3	23.4	124	8.2	25.5	87	8.4	20.2
65-69	334	13.1	36.5	215	14.2	39.7	119	11.5	31.7
70 - 74	415	16.3	52.7	266	17.5	57.3	149	14.4	46.1
75-79	401	15.7	68.5	253	16.7	73.9	148	14.3	60.5
80-84	357	14.0	82.5	209	13.8	87.7	148	14.3	74.8
85+	446	17.5	100.0	186	12.3	100.0	260	25.2	100.0
All ages	2548	100.0		1516	100.0		1032	100.0	

Table 5 $\label{eq:Age-specific} \mbox{Age-specific incidence, DCO rate and proportion of all cancers} \\ \mbox{for period 2007-2020}$

							Males	Females
			Males	Females	Males	Females	Prop.all	Prop.all
Age at			Age-	Age-	DCO rate	DCO rate	cancers	cancers
diagnosis	Males	Females	spec.	spec.	n=292	n=296	n=153686	n=155051
Years	n	n	incid.	incid.	%	%	ે	%
0- 4								
5- 9								
10-14								
15-19								
20-24								
25-29	2	2	0.1	0.1		50.0	0.2	0.2
30-34	2		0.1				0.2	
35-39	9	3	0.4	0.1			0.5	0.1
40 - 44	16	17	0.6	0.7			0.6	0.3
45-49	52	18	1.9	0.7			1.0	0.2
50-54	80	26	3.1	1.0	5.0		0.9	0.2
55-59	102	55	4.8	2.5	5.9	1.8	0.8	0.4
60-64	124	87	7.0	4.6	4.8	4.6	0.7	0.6
65-69	215	119	13.2	6.6	7.4	6.7	0.9	0.6
70-74	266	149	17.7	8.7	10.9	10.1	1.0	0.7
75-79	253	148	20.9	9.9	17.0	22.3	1.1	0.8
80-84	209	148	28.9	13.9	28.2	41.9	1.4	1.0
85+	186	260	39.8	24.9	69.4	66.2	1.8	1.6
All ages	1516	1032			19.3	28.7	1.0	0.7
Incidence			4.7	2 1				
Raw			4.7	3.1				
WS			2.1	1.1				
ES			3.2	1.7				
BRD-S			4.3	2.2				

The age-specific incidence characterizes the disease risk in a particular age group. The age distribution depends on the patient population frequency in each age group and reflects the tangible clinical picture of everyday patients care (see following chart).

ICD-10 C91.1: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type Age distribution and age-specific incidence 2007 - 2020 (Males: 1516, Females: 1032)

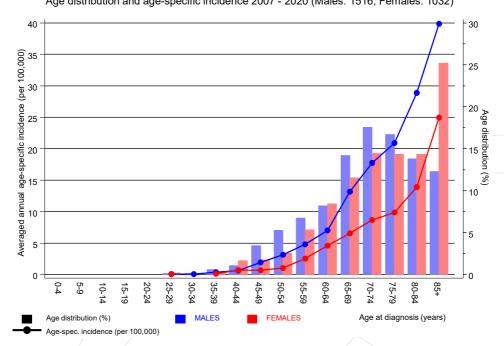


Figure 6. Age distribution (males: mean=71.7 yrs, median=72.8 yrs; females: mean=75.3 yrs, median=76.4 yrs) and age-specific incidence.



ICD-10 C91.1: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type

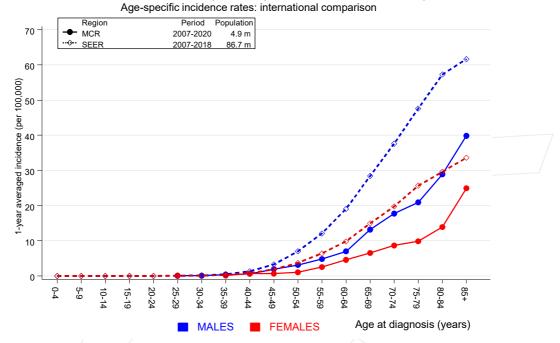


Figure 6a. Age-specific incidence in MCR registry areas compared to SEER (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA).



Reference:

Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program SEER*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 21 Regs Research Data, released April 2021, based on the November 2020 submission. http://www.seer.cancer.gov.

Table 7a

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits), excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies for period 1998-2020

MALES

	Observed	Expected		CI	CI		DCO
Diagnosis	n	n	SIR	95%	95%	EAR	%
3							
C00 Lip	/ 3/	0.2	14.7	3.0	43.0	# 2.7	
C03-C06 Oral cavity	2	1.4	1.4	0.2	5.2	0.6	
C07-C08 Salivary gland	/ //	0.4	15.9	6.4	32.9	# 6.4	
C09-C10 Oropharynx	3	1.7	1.8	0.4	5.1	1.3	
C15 Oesophagus	7	3.5	2.0	0.8	4.1	3.4	
C16 Stomach	17	7.2	2.4	1.4	3.8	# 9.6	
C17 Small intestine	4	1.1	3.7	1.0	9.4	# 2.8	
C18 Colon	31	17.8	1.7	1.2	2.5	# 12.9	3.2
C19-C20 Rectum	24	9.5	2.5	1.6	3.7	# 14.1	
C22 Liver	10	5.3	1.9	0.9	3.5	4.6	10.0
C25 Pancreas	14	7.2	1.9	1.1	3.3	# 6.6	
C33-C34 Lung	59	21.3	2.8	2.1	3.6	# 36.7	5.1
C37 Thymus	2	0.1	19.7	2.4	71.1	# 1.8	
C38,C45 Mesothelioma	4	1.3	3.1	0.8	7.8	2.6	25.0
C43 Malign. melanoma	39	8.2	4.7	3.4	6.5	# 29.9	
C44 Skin others	2	0.0	40.1	4.9	144.9	# 1.9	
C46,C49 Soft tissue	5	1.0	4.8	1.6	11.2	# 3.9	
C50 Breast	3	0.5	6.0	1.2	17.6	# 2.4	
C60 Penis	3	0.5	6.5	1.3	19.0	# 2.5	
C61 Prostate	102	51.7	2.0	1.6	2.4	# 48.9	3.9
C62 Testis	2	0.4	5.7	0.7	20.4	1.6	
C64 Kidney	15	6.2	2.4	1.3	4.0	# 8.5	
C65 Renal pelvis	3	0.8	3.6	0.7	10.4	2.1	
C67 Bladder	20	8.7	2.3	1.4	3.5	# 11.0	
C70-C72 CNS cancer	8	2.3	3.5	1.5	7.0	# 5.6	
C76-C79 CUP	9	3.1	2.9	1.3	5.6	# 5.8	
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	8	0.4	19.8	8.5	39.0	# 7.4	
C82-C85 NHL	36	7.8	4.6	3.2	6.4	# 27.5	8.3
C90 Mult. myeloma	7	2.4	2.9	1.2	5.9	# 4.4	
C91-C96 Leukaemia	12	2.8	4.3	2.2	7.4	# 8.9	25.0
Others, specified	8	4.7	1.7	0.7	3.3	3.2	
Not observed	0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	# -3.9	
All further malignancies	469	183.7	2.6	2.3	2.8	# 277.5	3.4
Patients		201	5				
Median age at next malignar	0011 (110000						
	ncy (years	1027					
Person-years	m a \						
Mean observation time (year		5.					
Median observation time (ye	ears)	4.	3				

The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Further observed malignancies with count 1 are pooled in category "Others, specified".

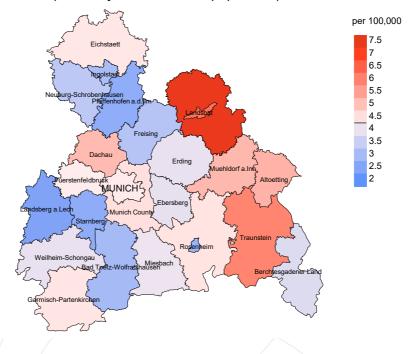
Table 7b

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits), excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies for period 1998-2020 FEMALES

		Observed A	Expected		CI	CI		DCO
Diagnos	is	/ n /	n	SIR	95%	95%	EAR	응
C00	Lip	/ 1/	0.1	17.0	0.4	94.7	1.5	
	Oral cavity	2	0.4	4.5	0.6	16.4	2.5	
C07-C08	Salivary gland	/ 1	0.1	7, 7	0.2	43.1	1.4	
C09-C10	Oropharynx	2	0.3	6.8	0.8	24.4	2.7	
C14	ENT cancer	1	0.0	81.4	2.1	453.7 #	1.6	
C15	Oesophagus	1	0.5	1.9	0.0	10.8	0.8	
C16	Stomach	5	2.7	1.8	0.6	4.3	3.6	
C18	Colon	16	7.9	2.0	1.2	3.3 #	12.9	6.3
C19-C20	Rectum	5	3.2	1.6	0.5	3.7	2.9	
C21	Anus/canal	5	0.4	11.8	3.8	27.4 #	7.2	
C22	Liver	3	1.0	3.0	0.6	8.7	3.2	33.3
C23-C24	Bile	2	1.2	1.7	0.2	6.2	1.3	
C25	Pancreas	13	3.8	3.4	1.8	5.8 #	14.5	7.7
C33-C34	Lung	26	5.9	4.4	2.9	6.4 #	[‡] 31.8	7.7
C43	Malign. melanoma	11	2.9	3.8	1.9	6.8 #	12.8	
C48	Peritoneal	1	0.3	3.0	0.1	17.0	1.1	
C50	Breast	56	23.0	2.4	1.8	3.2 #	\$ 52.2	
C53	Cervix uteri	2	0.9	2.3	0.3	8.3	1.8	
C54	Corpus uteri	11	4.4	2.5	1.3	4.5		
C56	Ovary	8	3.1	2.6	1.1	5.0 #		
C64	Kidnev	7	1.9	3.7	1.5	7.6 #		
C67	Bladder	1	1.6	0.6	0.0	3.5	-1.0	
C69	Eye lymphoma	1	0.0	42.6		237.1 #		
	CNS cancer	3	1.0	2.9	0.6	8.6	3.1	
C73	Thyroid	7	1.1	6.5	2.6	13.3 #		
C76-C79	_	6	1.5	4.1	1.5			
C81	Hodgkin lymphoma	2	0.1	15.1	1.8	54.5		
C82-C85		29	3.2	9.2	6.1	13.2 #		6.9
C90	Mult. myeloma	4	1.0	4.0	1.1	10.1 #		0.5
	Leukaemia	7	1.2	6.0	2.4	12.3 ‡		
C91-C90	Leukaeliita		1.2	0.0	2.4	12.5 1	7.2	
Not obse	erved	0	3.7	0.0	0.0	1.0 #	+ -5.8	
All fur	ther malignancies	239	78.5	3.0	2.7	3.5 ‡	254.1	2.9
Patients			1232					
Median age	e at next maligna	ncy (years)						
Person-yea	ars		6318					
Mean obse	rvation time (yea:	rs)	5.1					
	servation time (ye		4.1					

The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Average incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



werage incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females

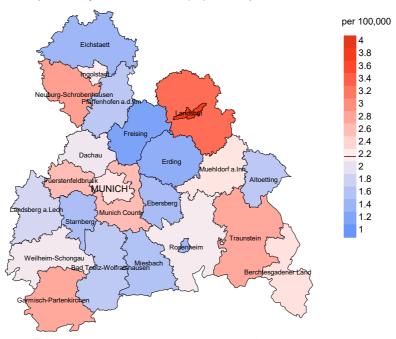
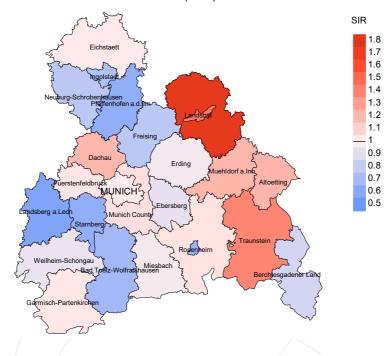


Figure 8a. Map of cancer incidence (german standard population, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual incidence rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 4.3/100,000 WS N=1,516, females 2.2/100,000 WS N=1,032).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 20 women were identified with newly diagnosed chronic lymph. leukaemia. Therefore, the mean incidence rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 1.5/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.8 and 2.7/100,000.

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Males



Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Females

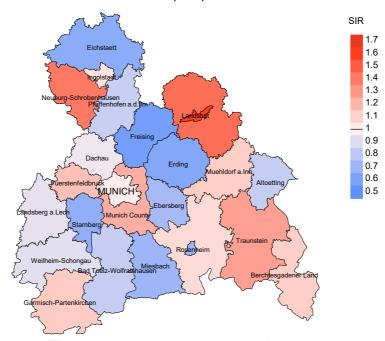


Figure 8b. Map of standardized incidence ratio (SIR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SIR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=1,516, females N=1,032).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 20 women were identified with newly diagnosed chronic lymph. leukaemia. Therefore, the mean standardized incidence ratio (SIR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 0.73. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.38 and 1.26, and is therefore not statistically striking.

MORTALITY

Table 9a

Annual cohorts: Incident cancers, follow-up status, proportion of DCO, deaths among the annual cohorts and proportion of available death certificates (with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

						D
		Dron				Prop. deaths
	Incident	Prop. actively	Prop.		Dron	with death
Year of		followed		Deaths	Prop. deaths	certific.
	cases	%	DCO		%	%
diagnosis	n	6	્ર	n	6	6
1998	98	96.9	9.2	75	76.5	98.7
1999	97	100.0	7.2	72	74.2	94.4
2000	96	96.9	16.7	77	80.2	97.4
2001	140	97.1	25.7	114	81.4	96.5
2002	246	96.7	31.3	201	81.7	97.5
2003	217	97.2	29.5	173	79.7	96.5
2004	231	95.2	23.4	174	75.3	96.6
2005	215	95.3	27.4	169	78.6	96.4
2006	228	95.6	15.8	174	76.3	97.1
2007	263	96.2	21.7	191	72.6	96.3
2008	231	100.0	22.5	168	72.7	95.2
2009	256	97.3	19.5	165	64.5	95.2
2010	229	97.4	24.5	162	70.7	96.3
2011	227	98.2	23.3	144	63.4	95.1
2012	221	99.1	21.7	142	64.3	93.0
2013	213	96.2	22.5	137	64.3	92.7
2014	186	96.8	28.5	114	61.3	93.9
2015	182	97.8	23.1	95	52.2	94.7
2016	165	98.2	27.9	79	47.9	97.5
2017	173	97.7	35.8	88	50.9	95.5
2018	107	96.3	16.8	44	41.1	88.6
2019	54	96.3	5.6	14	25.9	78.6
2020	41	100.0		4	9.8	100.0
1998-2020	4116	97.2	23.0	2776	67.4	95.6

Table 9b

Annual cohorts of incident cancers and deaths, proportion of death certificates and cases deceased within the same year of being diagnosed with cancer (incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

			Prop.		
			deaths		Prop.
Year of	Incident		with death	Deaths in	deaths in
diagnosis/	cases	Deaths	certific.	same year	same year
death	n	n	૾ૢ	n	્રે
1998	98	40	97.5	/ 7	7.1
1999	97	48	91.7	4	4.1
2000	96	49	91.8	13	13.5
2001	140	90	95.6	40	28.6
2002	246	131	98.5	82	33.3
2003	217	121	98.3	75	34.6
2004	231	117	100.0	53	22.9
2005	215	150	100.0	63	29.3
2006	228	138	97.8	49	21.5
2007	263	153	100.0	66	25.1
2008	231	154	98.7	53	22.9
2009	256	132	100.0	52	20.3
2010	229	153	99.3	62	27.1
2011	227	149	99.3	55	24.2
2012	221	166	98.8	55	24.9
2013	213	165	99.4	57	26.8
2014	186	163	99.4	57	30.6
2015	182	150	98.7	46	25.3
2016	165	161	98.8	50	30.3
2017	173	174	96.0	65	37.6
2018	107	131	73.3	24	22.4
2019	54	108	46.3	8	14.8
2020	41	127	95.3	2	4.9
1998-2020	4116	2970	95.4	1038	25.2

Table 9c

Annual cohorts of deaths, proportion of cancer-related and non-cancer-related deaths, and cancer recorded on death certificates (incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

				Prop.
				cancer
		Prop.	Prop.	recorded
		cancer-	non-cancer-	on death
Year of	Deaths	related	related	certificate
death	n/	%	%	%
1998	40	57.5	42.5	89.7
1999	48	60.4	39.6	86.4
2000	49	61.2	38.8	97.8
2001	90	55.6	44.4	93.0
2002	131	76.3	23.7	96.1
2003	121	80.2	19.8	94.1
2004	/ 117	85.5	14.5	95.7
2005	150	80.0	20.0	96.7
2006	138	76.1	23.9	92.6
2007	153	74.5	25.5	89.5
2008	154	81.8	18.2	89.5
2009	132	81.8	18.2	93.9
2010	153	79.7	20.3	94.1
2011	149	73.8	26.2	89.9
2012	166	78.3	21.7	89.0
2013	165	72.7	27.3	85.4
2014	163	67.5	32.5	84.6
2015	150	71.3	28.7	85.1
2016	161	64.6	35.4	86.8
2017	174	64.9	35.1	81.4
2018	131	60.3	39.7	59.4
2019	108	40.7	59.3	76.0
2020	127	58.3	41.7	57.9
1998-2020	2970	71.2	28.8	87.4

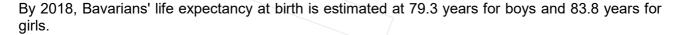
 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Table 10a} \\ \text{Medians of age at death according to the grouping in Table 9} \\ \text{MALES} \end{array}$

					Age at
		Age at	Age at	Age at	death
		death	death	death	(according
		(all	(cancer-	(non-cancer-	to death
Year of	Deaths	causes)	related)	related)	certificate)
death	n	Years	Years	Years	Years
1998	23	73.9	70.0	83.5	74.3
1999	27	75.6	67.4	82.7	72.9
2000	33	74.2	71.3	80.6	74.2
2001	43	75.0	73.9	79.3	74.0
2002	75	77.1	76.5	77.1	77.2
2003	67	74.2	72.8	75.8	74.2
2004	74	74.7	74.2	81.2	74.7
2005	90	77.2	75.9	79.4	77.1
2006	83	76.0	73.7	81.9	75.0
2007	82	78.1	77.3	81.6	78.0
2008	96	75.7	74.9	80.8	75.6
2009	77	78.8	76.6	84.0	78.8
2010	92	77.9	77.5	80.8	78.2
2011	95	77.3	76.4	79.0	77.3
2012	105	78.2	77.5	81.2	78.6
2013	107	77.9	74.8	83.2	78.6
2014	108	79.1	77.0	83.4	78.8
2015	86	79.7	78.2	85.6	79.0
2016	101	80.3	80.2	81.2	80.5
2017	100	81.9	80.7	82.1	79.1
2018	93	79.0	76.9	81.8	77.8
2019	77	79.3	79.3	79.2	79.3
2020	71	79.6	78.0	82.1	79.7
1998-2020	1805	77.9	76.8	81.3	77.5

Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 10b \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{ll} Medians of age at death according to the grouping in Table 9 \\ \hline \begin{tabular}{ll} FEMALES \end{tabular}$

					Age at
		Age at	Age at	Age at	death
		death	death	death	(according
		(all	(cancer-	(non-cancer-	to death
Year of	Deaths	causes)	related)	related)	certificate)
death	n	Years	Years	Years	Years
1998	17	79.9	79.9	80.4	78.6
1999	21	80.1	76.5	83.9	77.0
2000	16	85.5	83.1	88.6	85.5
2001	47	78.8	77.8	80.6	78.8
2002	56	83.1	76.1	88.7	82.9
2003	54	79.4	77.9	85.2	79.1
2004	43	79.7	77.3	84.5	78.9
2005	60	81.4	78.7	89.3	81.1
2006	55	79.9	78.4	81.7	78.4
2007	71/	81.9	79.5	87.5	81.8
2008	58	82.8	81.7	91.3	81.9
2009	55	81.8	79.6	83.5	80.9
2010	61	82.4	82.2	89.6	82.4
2011	54	82.4	80.9	83.3	81.6
2012	61	81.9	80.8	84.2	80.5
2013	58	83.2	82.7	86.2	83.4
2014	55	85.6	83.4	87.6	84.2
2015	64	80.1	78.5	83.7	78.5
2016	60	80.9	79.3	81.9	80.5
2017	74	85.1	83.3	85.7	83.4
2018	38	80.8	80.3	83.5	80.4
2019	31	84.6	80.1	85.9	85.8
2020	56	82.2	80.7	83.2	80.8
1998-2020	1165	81.9	80.0	85.5	81.1



Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

Table 11a $\begin{tabular}{ll} Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index \\ by year of death \\ MALES \end{tabular}$

Year of	Deaths	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort. 1	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index
death	n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S
1998	16	1.4	0.31	0.9	0.32	1.3	0.32	1.6	0.30
1999	14	1.3	0.28	0.8	0.29	1.1	0.28	1.4	0.28
2000	23	2.0	0.40	1.2	0.39	1.8	0.41	2.3	0.43
2001	28	2.4	0.38	1.3	0.35	2.1	0.38	3.0	0.41
2002	62	3.3	0.45	1.7	0.40	2.8	0.45	4.0	0.51
2003	55	2.9	0.41	1.5	0.38	2.4	0.41	3.4	0.44
2004	64	3.4	0.49	1.7	0.45	2,7	0.49	3.8	0.52
2005	70	3.7	0.54	1.7	0.50	2.8	0.52	4.1	0.57
2006	63	3.3	0.45	1.5	0.40	2.4	0.42	3.5	0.46
2007	64	2.9	0.41	1.3	0.35	2.1	0.39	3.2	0.43
2008	77	3.5	0.58	1.5	0.54	2.5	0.58	3.5	0.61
2009	65	2.9	0.43	1.3	0.39	2.1	0.42	3.0	0.46
2010	74	3.3	0.55	1.3	0.46	2.2	0.50	3.3	0.57
2011	75	3.4	0.56	1.3	0.47	2.2	0.51	3.3	0.58
2012	79	3.5	0.62	1.4	0.56	2.3	0.61	3.4	0.64
2013	79	3.4	0.61	1.4	0.57	2.2	0.58	3.1	0.61
2014	76	3.3	0.68	1.2	0.54	2.0	0.59	3.0	0.69
2015	66	2.8	0.58	1.0	0.48	1.7	0.53	2.5	0.58
2016	70	2.9	0.71	0.9	0.50	1.6	0.58	2.6	0.70
2017	67	2.8	0.63	0.9	0.47	1.6	0.54	2.3	0.62
2018	54	2.2	0.93	0.9	0.85	1.4	0.91	1.9	0.91
2019	33	1.4	1.00	0.4	0.71	0.8	0.82	1.1	0.96
2020	44	1.8	1.42	0.6	1.14	1.0	1.26	1.6	1.42
1998-2020	1318	2.8	0.54	1.2	0.47	1.9	0.51	2.8	0.56

Table 11b $\label{lem:mortality} \mbox{Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index } \mbox{by year of death} \mbox{FEMALES}$

Deaths	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index
n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S
•	0.6	0.15	0.2				0.5	0.13
15	1.3	0.32	0.5	0.23	0.7	0.25	1.0	0.30
7	0.6	0.18	0.2	0.14	0.3	0.15	0.4	0.16
22	1.8	0.34	0.6	0.27	1.0	0.29	1.5	0.34
38	1.9	0.35	0.7	0.31	/ 1.1	0.33	1.5	0.35
42	2.1	0.51	0.8	0.46	1.2	0.47	1.7	0.51
36	1.8	0.36	0.6	0.29	1,0	0.31	1.4	0.35
50	2.5	0.59	0.8	0.50	1,.3	0.52	1.9	0.55
42	2.1	0.48	0.6	0.38	1.1	0.42	1.6	0.47
50	2.2	0.47	0.7	0.39	1.1	0.41	1.6	0.44
49	2.1	0.49	0.6	0.39	1.0	0.42	1.5	0.47
43	1.8	0.41	0.6	0.36	1.0	0.38	1.4	0.41
48	2.1	0.51	0.5	0.40	0.9	0.44	1.4	0.49
35	1.5	0.38	0.4	0.30	0.7	0.32	1.0	0.37
51	2.2	0.55	0.5	0.35	0.9	0.42	1.4	0.52
41	1.7	0.49	0.4	0.31	0.7	0.35	1.2	0.43
34	1.4	0.46	0.4	0.39	0.6	0.41	0.9	0.42
41	1.7	0.59	0.5	0.47	0.8	0.51	1.2	0.59
34	1.4	0.52	0.4	0.50	0.7	0.50	0.9	0.53
46	1.9	0.69	0.4	0.46	0.7	0.54	1.1	0.60
25	1.0	0.51	0.2	0.26	0.4	0.33	0.6	0.43
11	0.4	0.52	0.1	0.36	0.2	0.40	0.3	0.46
30	1.2	3.00	0.3	2.01	0.5	2.31	0.8	2.71
797	1.7	0.47	0.5	0.36	0.8	0.39	1.2	0.44
	n 7 15 7 22 38 42 36 50 42 50 49 43 48 35 51 41 34 46 25 11 30	n raw 7 0.6 15 1.3 7 0.6 22 1.8 38 1.9 42 2.1 36 1.8 50 2.5 42 2.1 50 2.2 49 2.1 43 1.8 48 2.1 35 5.5 51 2.2 41 1.7 34 1.4 41 1.7 34 1.4 46 1.9 25 1.0 11 0.4 30 1.2	n raw raw 7 0.6 0.15 15 1.3 0.32 7 0.6 0.18 22 1.8 0.34 38 1.9 0.35 42 2.1 0.51 36 1.8 0.36 50 2.5 0.59 42 2.1 0.48 50 2.2 0.47 49 2.1 0.49 43 1.8 0.41 48 2.1 0.51 35 1.5 0.38 51 2.2 0.55 41 1.7 0.49 34 1.4 0.46 41 1.7 0.59 34 1.4 0.46 41 1.7 0.59 34 1.4 0.52 46 1.9 0.69 25 1.0 0.51 11 0.4 0.52 30 1.2 3.00	n raw WS 7 0.6 0.15 0.2 15 1.3 0.32 0.5 7 0.6 0.18 0.2 22 1.8 0.34 0.6 38 1.9 0.35 0.7 42 2.1 0.51 0.8 36 1.8 0.36 0.6 50 2.5 0.59 0.8 42 2.1 0.48 0.6 50 2.2 0.47 0.7 49 2.1 0.49 0.6 43 1.8 0.41 0.6 48 2.1 0.51 0.5 35 1.5 0.38 0.4 51 2.2 0.55 0.5 41 1.7 0.49 0.4 41 1.7 0.49 0.4 41 1.7 0.59 0.5 41 1.7 0.59 0.5	n raw raw WS WS 7 0.6 0.15 0.2 0.11 15 1.3 0.32 0.5 0.23 7 0.6 0.18 0.2 0.14 22 1.8 0.34 0.6 0.27 38 1.9 0.35 0.7 0.31 42 2.1 0.51 0.8 0.46 36 1.8 0.36 0.6 0.29 50 2.5 0.59 0.8 0.50 42 2.1 0.48 0.6 0.38 50 2.2 0.47 0.7 0.39 43 1.8 0.41 0.6 0.36 48 2.1 0.51 0.5 0.40 35 1.5 0.38 0.4 0.30 51 2.2 0.55 0.5 0.35 41 1.7 0.49 0.4 0.31 34 1.4	7 0.6 0.15 0.2 0.11 0.3 15 1.3 0.32 0.5 0.23 0.7 7 0.6 0.18 0.2 0.14 0.3 22 1.8 0.34 0.6 0.27 1.0 38 1.9 0.35 0.7 0.31 1.1 42 2.1 0.51 0.8 0.46 1.2 36 1.8 0.36 0.6 0.29 1.0 50 2.5 0.59 0.8 0.50 1.3 42 2.1 0.48 0.6 0.38 1.1 50 2.2 0.47 0.7 0.39 1.1 49 2.1 0.49 0.6 0.39 1.0 43 1.8 0.41 0.6 0.36 1.0 48 2.1 0.51 0.5 0.40 0.9 35 1.5 0.38 0.4 0.30 0.7 51 2.2 0.55 0.5 0.35 0.9 41	n raw WS WS ES ES 7 0.6 0.15 0.2 0.11 0.3 0.12 15 1.3 0.32 0.5 0.23 0.7 0.25 7 0.6 0.18 0.2 0.14 0.3 0.15 22 1.8 0.34 0.6 0.27 1.0 0.29 38 1.9 0.35 0.7 0.31 1.1 0.33 42 2.1 0.51 0.8 0.46 1.2 0.47 36 1.8 0.36 0.6 0.29 1.0 0.31 50 2.5 0.59 0.8 0.50 1.3 0.52 42 2.1 0.48 0.6 0.38 1.1 0.42 43 1.8 0.41 0.6 0.39 1.0 0.42 43 1.8 0.41 0.6 0.36 1.0 0.38 48 2.1 <	n raw raw WS ES ES BRD-S 7 0.6 0.15 0.2 0.11 0.3 0.12 0.5 15 1.3 0.32 0.5 0.23 0.7 0.25 1.0 7 0.6 0.18 0.2 0.14 0.3 0.15 0.4 22 1.8 0.34 0.6 0.27 1.0 0.29 1.5 38 1.9 0.35 0.7 0.31 1.1 0.33 1.5 42 2.1 0.51 0.8 0.46 1.2 0.47 1.7 36 1.8 0.36 0.6 0.29 1.0 0.31 1.4 50 2.5 0.59 0.8 0.50 1.3 0.52 1.9 42 2.1 0.48 0.6 0.38 1.1 0.42 1.6 50 2.2 0.47 0.7 0.39 1.1 0.41 1.6

Table 12

Age distribution of age at death (cancer-related) for period 2007-2020 (incl. multiple malignancies)

Age at death	Cases			Males			Females		
		%	G (9)		0	G 9		용	C 0
Years	n	6	Cum.%	n	용	Cum.%	n	б	Cum.%
0-4 5-9 10-14									
15-19									
20-24									
25-29									
30-34	1	0.1	0.1	1	0.1	0.1			0.0
35-39	1	0.1	0.1			0.1	1	0.2	0.2
40-44	6	0.4	0.5	5	0.5	0.7	1	0.2	0.4
45-49	8	0.5	1.1	6	0.7	1.3	2	0.4	0.7
50-54	20	1.4	2.5	14	1.5	2.8	6	1.1	1.9
55-59	36	2.5	4.9	29	3.1	6.0	7	1.3	3.2
60-64	73	5.0	9.9	49	5.3	11.3	24	4.5	7.6
65-69	125	8.6	18.5	87	9.4	20.7	38	7.1	14.7
70-74	227	15.5	34.0	161	17.4	38.1	66	12.3	27.0
75-79	317	21.7	55.7	216	23.4	61.5	101	18.8	45.7
80-84	321	22.0	77.7	191	20.7	82.2	130	24.2	69.9
85+	326	22.3	100.0	164	17.8	100.0	162	30.1	100.0
All ages	1461	100.0		923	100.0		538	100.0	

Table 13

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers for period 2007-2020 (incl. multiple malignancies)

			Males		Females		Males	Females
Age at			Age-		Age-			Prop.all
death	Males	Females	spec.		spec.		cancers	cancers
Years	n	n		MI-index		MI-index		%
0- 4								
5- 9								
10-14								
15-19								
20-24								
25-29								
30-34	1		0.0	0.50			0.7	
35-39		1			0.0	0.33		0.2
40-44	5	1	0.2	0.31	0.0	0.06	0.8	0.1
45-49	6	2	0.2	0.12	0.1	0.11	0.4	0.1
50-54	14	6	0.5	0.18	0.2	0.23	0.5	0.2
55-59	29	7/	1.4	0.28	0.3	0.13	0.7	0.2
60-64	49	24	2.8	0.40	1.3	0.28	0.8	0.5
65-69	87	38	5.3	0.40	2.1	0.32	0.9	0.5
70-74	161	66	10.7	0.61	3.8	0.44	1.4	0.8
75-79	216	101	17.9	0.85	6.7	0.68	1.7	1.0
80-84	191	130	26.4	0.91	12.2	0.88	1.8	1.4
85+	164	162	35.1	0.88	15.5	0.62	1.8	1.4
All ages	923	538					1.3	0.9
3								
Mortality								
Raw			2.8	0.61	1.6	0.52		
WS			1.1		0.4	0.39		
ES			1.8	0.55	0.7	0.43		
BRD-S			2.6	0.62	1.1	0.49		
PYLL-70								
per 100,000			5.2		2.0			
ES			4.4		1.6			
AYLL-70			7.9		7.2			

					Syn-	Syn-		
					chron	chron		
	Total	Total	Pre	Pre	±30d	±30d	Post	Post
Diagnosis	n	% ↓	n	← %	n	← %	n	← %
3		/ '						
C03-C06 Oral cavity	/ 7	0.8	2	28.6	2	28.6	3	42.9
C07-C08 Salivary gland	6	0.6			2	33.3	4	66.7
C09-C10 Oropharynx	2 /	0.2	1	50.0			1	50.0
C12-C13 Hypopharynx	2	0.2			1	50.0	1	50.0
C15 Oesophagus	8	0.9	3	37.5	/ 1	12.5	4	50.0
C16 Stomach	23	2.5	5	21.7	3	13.0	15	65.2
C17 Small intestine	3	0.3			1	33.3	2	66.7
C18 Colon	56	6.1	19	33.9	6	10.7	31	55.4
C19-C20 Rectum	33	3.6	11	33.3	6	18.2	16	48.5
C22 Liver	9	1.0		33.3	1	11.1	8	88.9
C23-C24 Bile	2	0.2	1	50.0	_		1	50.0
C25 Pancreas	15	1.6	_	00.0	3	20.0	12	80.0
C26 GI cancer	1	0.1			. 1	100.0	_/-	00.0
C30-C31 Sinuses	1	0.1	1	100.0		100.0		
C32 Larynx	6	0.6	4	66.7	1	16.7	1	16.7
C33-C34 Lung	86	9.3	10	11.6	20	23.3	56	65.1
C38,C45 Mesothelioma	3	0.3	10	11.0	1	33.3	2	66.7
C40-C41 Bone	1	0.1	1	100.0	7	33.3	۷	00.7
C43 Malign. melanoma	47	5.1	18	38.3	4	8.5	25	53.2
C43 Malight melanoma C44 Skin others	279	30.2	42	15.1	18	6.5	219	78.5
C44 Skin Others C46,C49 Soft tissue	12	1.3	3	25.0	1	8.3	219	66.7
C50 Breast	3	0.3	3 1	33.3	1/	0.3	2	66.7
C60 Penis	2	0.3	1	33.3			2	100.0
			71	47 7	16	10 7		
C61 Prostate	149	16.1	71 3	47.7	10	10.7	62	41.6
C62 Testis	4	0.4		75.0	1/		1	25.0
C64 Kidney	20	2.2	10	50.0	1	5.0	9	45.0
C65 Renal pelvis	2	0.2			1	F0 0	2	100.0
C66 Ureter	2	0.2	10	0.5.5	1	50.0	1	50.0
C67 Bladder	32	3.5	12	37.5	4	12.5	16	50.0
C68 Urethra	1	0.1		50.0	1	100.0	4	F 0 0
C69 Eye melanoma	2	0.2	1	50.0			1	50.0
C70-C72 CNS cancer	8	0.9					8	100.0
C74-C80 Cancer others	1	0.1					1	100.0
C76-C79 CUP	12	1.3		0.5	2	16.7	10	83.3
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	14	1.5	4	28.6	2	14.3	8	57.1
C82-C85 NHL	46	5.0			2	4.3	44	95.7
C90 Mult. myeloma	7	0.8	2	28.6	2	28.6	3	42.9
C91-C96 Leukaemia	18	1.9	1	5.6	2	11.1	15	83.3
All further malignancies	925	100.0	226	24.4	105	11.4	594	64.2

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

				Syn-		Syn-		
	/,	_ (,	_	`	chron	chron		
D	Total	Total	Pre	Pre	±30d	±30d	Post	Post
Diagnosis	n	%↓	n	←%	n	← %	n	← %
C00 Lip	/ 1	0.3					1	100.0
C03-C06 Oral cavity	2	0.5					2	100.0
C07-C08 Salivary gland	2 /	0.5	1	50.0			1	50.0
C09-C10 Oropharynx	/ 1 -	0.3					1	100.0
C15 Oesophagus	1	0.3			/ 1	100.0		
C16 Stomach	9	2.4	1	11.1	4	44.4	4	44.4
C17 Small intestine	1	0.3			1	100.0		
C18 Colon	25	6.7	10	40.0	2	8.0	13	52.0
C19-C20 Rectum	11	2.9	6	54.5	1	9.1	4	36.4
C21 Anus/canal	3	0.8	1	33.3			2	66.7
C22 Liver	3	0.8					3	100.0
C23-C24 Bile	4	1.1	1	25.0	1	25.0	/ 2	50.0
C25 Pancreas	12	3.2	1	8.3				91.7
C33-C34 Lung	24	6.4	1	4.2	3	12.5	20	83.3
C43 Malign. melanoma	16	4.3	7	43.8			9	56.3
C44 Skin others	86	22.9	29	33.7	4	4.7	53	61.6
C46,C49 Soft tissue	2	0.5	1	50.0			1	50.0
C48 Peritoneal	2	0.5	1	50.0			1	50.0
C50 Breast	67	17.9	36	53.7	5	7.5	26	38.8
C51 Vulva	3	0.8	3	100.0				
C53 Cervix uteri	4	1.1	4	100.0				
C54 Corpus uteri	12	3.2	6	50.0	1/	8.3	5	41.7
C55,C57 Fem. genitals un	1	0.3					1	100.0
C56 Ovary	12	3.2	2	16.7	2	16.7	8	66.7
C64 Kidney	12	3.2	3	25.0	3	25.0	6	50.0
C65 Renal pelvis	1	0.3					1	100.0
C67 Bladder	3	0.8	2	66.7	1	33.3		
C68 Urethra	1	0.3			1	100.0		
C69 Eye lymphoma	2	0.5					2	100.0
C69 Eye melanoma	1	0.3	1	100.0				
C70-C72 CNS cancer	6	1.6	_ 1	16.7	3	50.0	2	33.3
C73 Thyroid	4	1.1	1	25.0			3	75.0
C74-C80 Cancer others	1	0.3	1	100.0				
C76-C79 CUP	5	1.3	1	20.0	1	20.0	3	60.0
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	2	0.5	2	100.0				
C82-C85 NHL	26	6.9			1	3.8	25	96.2
C90 Mult. myeloma	2	0.5			1	50.0	1	50.0
C91-C96 Leukaemia	5	1.3	1	20.0	1	20.0	3	60.0
All further malignancies	375	100.0	124	33.1	37	9.9	214	57.1

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

Table 15

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers for period 2007-2020 (First primaries only *)

			Males		Females		Males	Females
Age at			Age-		Age-		Prop.all	Prop.all
death	Males	Females	spec.		spec.		cancers	cancers
Years	n	n	mortal.	MI-index	mortal.	MI-index	ଚ	%
0- 4								
5- 9								
10-14								
15-19								
20-24								
25-29								
30-34	1		0.0	0.50			0.7	
35-39		1			0.0	0.33		0.3
40-44	4	1	0.2	0.25	0.0	0.06	0.7	0.1
45-49	5	2	0.2	0.10	0.1	0.13	0.4	0.1
50-54	11	4	0.4		0.2	0.17	0.5	0.2
55-59	27	6	1.3	0.30	0.3	0.15	0.7	0.2
60-64	35	18	2.0	0.39	0.9	0.25	0.7	0.4
65-69	63	27	3.9	0.39	1.5	0.31	0.9	0.5
70-74	129	54	8.6	0.75	3.1	0.50	1.4	0.8
75-79	166	73	13.7		4.9	0.79	1.8	1.0
80-84	137	103	18.9		9.7	0.99	1.8	1.4
85+	110	132	23.6	0.95	12.7	0.62	1.7	1.4
All ages	688	421					1.3	0.9
							/	
Mortality								
Raw			2.1	0.64	1.3	0.54		
WS			0.8		0.3	0.40		
ES			1.3	0.57	0.6	0.44		
BRD-S			2.0	0.65	0.8	0.51		
DIAD 5			2.0	0.05	0.0	0.31		
PYLL-70								
per 100,000			4.2		1.6			
ES ES			3.6		1.3			
AYLL-70			8.3		7.7			
ATTI / O			٠,٠		· · /			

^{*} See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.

Table 16

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers for period 2007-2020 (Single primaries only *)

		Males		Females		Males	Females
Age at		Age-		Age-		Prop.all	Prop.all
death	Males Females	s spec.		spec.		cancers	cancers
Years	n n	mortal.	MI-index	mortal.	MI-index	%	%
0- 4							
5- 9							
10-14							
15-19							
20-24							
25-29							
30-34	1	0.0	0.50			0.7	
35-39	1			0.0	0.33		0.3
40-44	2 1	0.1	0.13	0.0	0.07	0.4	0.1
45-49	3 2	0.1	0.07	0.1	0.15	0.2	0.1
50-54	9 2	0.4		0.1	0.12	0.4	0.1
55-59	19 6	0.9	0.24	0.3	0.18	0.5	0.2
60-64	17 10	1.0	0.23	0.5	0.18	0.3	0.3
65-69	36 19	2.2	0.33	1.0	0.29	0.5	0.4
70-74	75 35	5.0	0.69	2.0	0.41	0.9	0.5
75-79	87 43	7.2	0.70	2.9	0.61	1.0	0.6
80-84	80 75	11.0	0.74	7.0	0.80	1.1	1.1
85+	76 103	16.3	0.70	9.9	0.51	1.3	1.1
051	70 105	10.5	0.70	J. J	0.51	1.5	1.1
All ages	405 297					0.8	0.6
AII ages	403 237					0.0	0.0
Mortality							
Raw		1.2	0.48	0.9	0.45		
WS		0.5		0.2	0.43		
ES		0.8	0.39	0.2	0.34		
BRD-S		1.1	0.43	0.4	0.37		
BKD-2		1.1	0.40	0.6	0.42		
PYLL-70							
		2.7		1.2			
per 100,000							
ES		2.3		1.0			
AYLL-70		8.9		8.2			

^{*} See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.

ICD-10 C91.1: Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type Age distribution and age-specific mortality 2007 - 2020 (Males: 923, Females: 538)

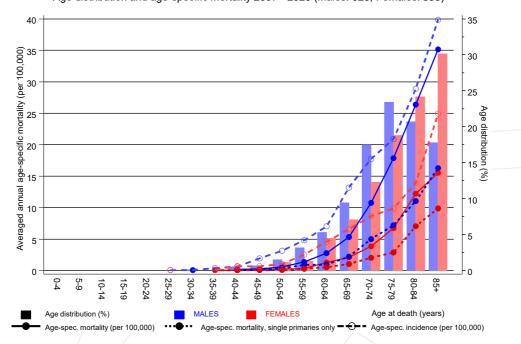
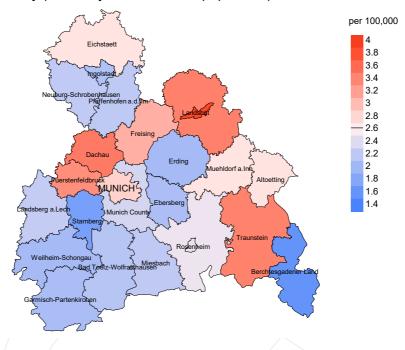


Figure 17. Distribution of age at death (bars; males: mean=69.4 yrs, median=70.1 yrs; females: mean=73.3 yrs, median=74.3 yrs) and age-specific mortality (all patients: solid line, patients with single primaries: dotted line). The age-specific incidence is additionally plotted for comparison (dashed line).

The difference between age at diagnosis (Table 3) and age at chronic lymph. leukaemia-related death (see Table 10) should be considered.



werage mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



Average mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females

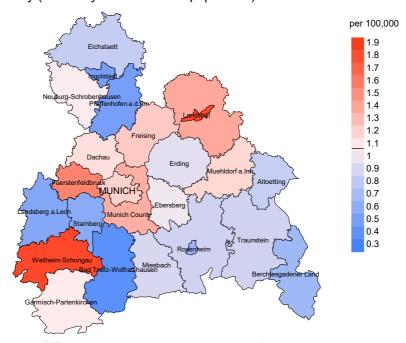
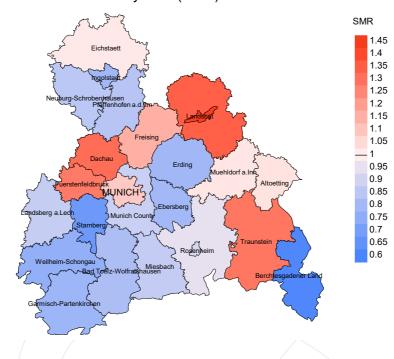


Figure 18a. Map of cancer mortality (german standard population) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual mortality rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 2.6/100,000 WS N=923, females 1.1/100,000 WS N=538).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 15 women died from chronic lymph. leukaemia. Therefore, the mean mortality rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 1.0/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.5 and 2.0/100,000.

Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Males



Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Females

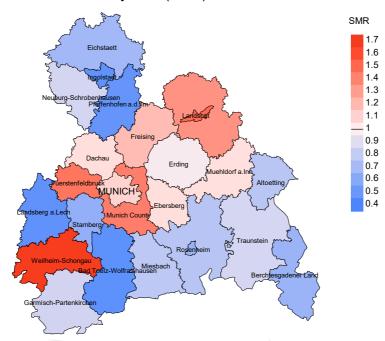


Figure 18b. Map of standardized mortality ratio (SMR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SMR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=923, females N=538).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 15 women died from chronic lymph. leukaemia. Therefore, the mean standardized mortality ratio (SMR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 1.06. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.49 and 1.99, and is therefore not statistically striking.

Statistical Notes

In all tables and figures the respective reference values should be carefully considered. The incidence rates include diagnoses (with multiple primary), and death certificate only (DCO) cases, where applicable. For mortality statistics patients, diagnoses and progressive course of disease are presented. In the calculations, all courses of disease are considered whereby progressions occurred and/or death certificate identified progressive cancers were ascertained. Additionally there are three groups of disease course to consider:

1. All multiple primaries included

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death, independent of any malignancy. The patient perspective, induced secondary malignancies, and the problem of multiple malignancies from the same primary tumor all have reasons for their inclusion.

2. First singular primary (no information about other prior or synchronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the cancer-related death for patients who have no therapeutic restrictions due to a previous or synchronous cancer. These statistics are comparable to studies that have exclusion criteria based on a second malignancy.

3. Single primary (no information about other prior, syn- or metachronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death that occurs without any impact through secondary primaries, earlier, synchronous, later or induced. Precisely the difference between disease group 1 and 2 highlight the magnitude of the problem of secondary malignancies.

For this reason differences appear concerning official mono-causal mortality statistics. To judge the maximum deviation, 2 further tables are presented. In the first table the distribution of secondary malignancies before, at or after the described cancer are shown, that could be an alternative cause of death. In the second table, the age-specific mortality rates for all courses of disease, without designation of secondary malignancies are shown.

A previously minimally acknowledged statistic is the **age at death**, which allows for a good assessment of the quality of classification of the apparent tumor-specific death. For assumed tumor-independent deaths, the age of death should be estimated from the age of diagnosis and the normal life expectancy, whereas tumor-dependent deaths can be estimated from the age of diagnosis plus the average tumor-specific life expectancy. The comparison of different tumors demonstrates this association, if the causes of cancer and the competing cause of death are independent of each other (e.g. breast and colon versus head&neck and lung).

The ratio of mortality and incidence (mortality-to-incidence ratio, **MIR**, **MI-Index**) is a statistical index that allows for the evaluation of the quality of data. For diseases with poor prognoses, comparable values are obtained from all age groups, because to a large extent, the numerator and denominator contain the same cases. For tumors with a good prognosis, increasing and decreasing incidence and age-specific differences in prognosis can more strongly alter the MIR. Additionally, attention should be paid to the confidence intervals where fewer cases are reported.

The complexity of problems identified here emphasizes the importance of relative survival data for the appropriate analysis of long term results.

As a measurement of the burden of disease, the number of potential life years loss due to premature deaths in a cohort can be calculated (**PYLL**, potential years of life lost, standardized per 100,000 persons or per European standard) as well as the average loss of life years per individual (**AYLL**, average years of life lost). Depending upon the analytic aim (health economy, prevention, health care research) different methods exist for the generation of these measurements. In the results presented here, the age for a premature death is considered to be before 70 years, according to the guidelines of the OECD and the WHO (as seen in the abbreviation PYLL-70 or AYLL-70).

Shortcuts

MCR Munich Cancer Registry (Tumorregister München)

GEKID Association of Population-based Cancer Registries in Germany

(Gesellschaft der epidemiologischen Krebsregister in Deutschland e.V.)

SEER Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (USA)

DCO Death certificate only

BRD-S German (FRG) standard population ES European standard population (old)

WS World standard population

SIR Standardized incidence ratio

CI Confidence interval EAR Excess absolute risk

= excess cancer cases (O - E) per 10,000 person-years

PYLL-70 Potential years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age AYLL-70 Average years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age

SMR Standardized mortality ratio

MI-index Ratio of mortality to incidence, MIR

FRG Federal Republic of Germany

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