

# Munich Cancer Registry



- Survival
- Selection Matrix
- Homepage
- Deutsch

## ICD-10 C91-C95: Leukaemias

### Incidence and Mortality

Year of diagnosis	1998-2020
Patients	11,588
Diseases	11,683
Creation date	12/21/2021
Database export	12/20/2021
Population	4.95 m



Munich Cancer Registry  
Cancer Registry Bavaria - Upper Bavaria Regional Center  
at Klinikum Grosshadern/IBE  
Marchioninistr. 15  
Munich, 81377  
Germany

<https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en>

<https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/base/bC9195E-ICD-10-C91-C95-Leukaemias-incidence-and-mortality.pdf>

**Index of figures and tables**

Fig./Tbl.	Page
1 Annual cases, DCO, mult. malignancies, follow-up / yr	5
2 Incidence by year of diagnosis	8
3 Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis	9
4 Age distribution by 5-year age group and sex	12
5 Age-specific incidence, DCO rate, proportion malignancies	13
6 Age distribution and age-specific incidence (chart)	14
6a Age-specific incidence internationally (chart)	15
7 Standardized incidence ratio of further malignancies	16
8a Map of cancer incidence (BRD-S) by county (chart)	18
8b Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) by county (chart)	19
9a Pts incident cohorts and mortality / yr	20
9b Incidence and mortality by year of diagnosis	21
9c Cancer-related deaths, death certification available / yr	22
10 Medians of age at death / yr	23
11 Mortality by year of death	25
12 Distribution of age at death	27
13 Age-specific mortality	28
14 Further malignancies in deaths	29
15 Age-specific mortality (first primaries)	33
16 Age-specific mortality (single primaries)	34
17 Age distribution and age-specific mortality (chart)	35
18a Map of cancer mortality (BRD-S) by county (chart)	36
18b Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) by county (chart)	37

**Global Statements about the statistics on the Internet –**  
**Baseline Statistics** (grey button ) , **Survival** (red button )

In these analyses, the clinics and physicians of Upper Bavaria and the city and county of Landshut<sup>#</sup>, with a total of 4.69 million inhabitants, account for the frequency of cancer diseases<sup>##</sup> and the achieved long term results. Additionally, the long term survival evaluated by the Munich Cancer Registry (MCR) is compared with the results of the population-based registry in the USA (SEER), which is useful for checking the consistency of the data on an international level.

In comparing several tables, inconsistent figures may be detected. This is based on the fact that different patient cohorts are included in the base calculation, for example when proportions of multiple tumors or DCO-cases<sup>###</sup> are concerned. In other cases the individual tumor diagnosis is the basis for calculation, for example with incidence.

The foot notes describe the currentness of the data. The baseline statistics and survival data are updated annually. This yearly analysis comprises the Annual Report of the MCR.

Clinics and physicians have access to essentially more detailed data, with which they can check, compare and in the best case optimize their own data and results.

We would be pleased to receive corrections, critique and useful suggestions. Just send an e-mail to [tumor@ibe.med.uni-muenchen.de](mailto:tumor@ibe.med.uni-muenchen.de).

Munich Cancer Registry, December 2021

- # Base data has been collected since 1998. An increase in new diseases is apparent, which is an effect of two extensions in the MCR catchment area (from a base population of 2.65 million to 4.10 in 2002, and to 4.69 million in 2007).
- ## Due to the high frequency and good prognosis of non-malignant skin cancer (C44), no systematic ascertainment is performed for this diagnosis. C44 is not designated as a primary, but rather as a secondary tumor.
- ### DCO (death certificate only) identifies a cancer case that first becomes available to the MCR through the death certificate.

### Some remarks regarding this cancer type

The results for leukemias should be interpreted with caution. As with other primarily non-surgically or non-radiologically treated cancer diseases, the MCR hardly manages to obtain even the simplest information on this cancer. The proportion of DCO cases indicates a situation that is far away from a satisfying cooperation. In the group of institutions that potentially participate in reporting are a few hospitals that refuse any contribution to MCR.

**ICD-10 codes (ICD-10 2015) used for specifying cancer site**

Code	Description
C91.-	Lymphoid leukaemia
C92.-	Myeloid leukaemia
C93.-	Monocytic leukaemia
C94.-	Other leukaemias of specified cell type
C95.-	Leukaemia of unspecified cell type

## INCIDENCE

Table 1

Cases by year of diagnosis, proportions of  
DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (ALL PATIENTS)  
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	All cases n	DCO cases n	Prop. DCO %	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior + synchron.	Prop. at least 1 further malign. after	Prop. deaths %	Prop. actively followed %
1998	291	94	32.3	11.3	11.4	85.2	98.6
1999	297	87	29.3	12.1	11.4	78.5	98.7
2000	313	98	31.3	11.9	11.3	78.3	98.1
2001	355	135	38.0	12.2	11.3	82.3	97.2
2002	544	201	36.9	12.7	11.2	80.9	96.7 #
2003	549	188	34.2	13.2	11.1	78.7	97.6
2004	578	189	32.7	14.2	11.1	74.9	96.4
2005	563	172	30.6	15.0	10.9	75.3	96.1
2006	576	170	29.5	16.0	10.6	78.3	95.5
2007	623	158	25.4	16.4	10.2	71.7	95.3 #
2008	611	171	28.0	17.2	10.1	71.8	99.3
2009	638	147	23.0	17.8	9.7	69.4	97.8
2010	680	156	22.9	18.6	9.3	70.7	98.8
2011	627	137	21.9	19.4	9.0	68.3	98.7
2012	702	166	23.6	20.0	8.5	68.5	98.0
2013	655	162	24.7	20.5	7.9	69.6	97.7
2014	615	174	28.3	21.2	7.2	71.7	96.4
2015	597	146	24.5	21.6	6.4	70.7	97.2
2016	562	152	27.0	21.8	5.5	65.7	99.3
2017	540	156	28.9	22.2	4.4	64.8	98.7
2018	334	75	22.5	22.5	3.8	59.0	98.8
2019	204	12	5.9	22.7	2.9	47.5	99.0
2020	229	1	0.4	22.8	2.2	40.6	99.1 ##
1998–2020	11683	3147	26.9	22.8	11.4	71.4	97.7

11,683 cases diagnosed 1998–2020 are related to a total of 11,588 patients. Currently, in 3,784 (32.7 %) of these 11,588 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 2,848 / 683 / 253 (24.6 % / 5.9 % / 2.2 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

- # The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.
- ## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retrieved from the respective headings.

#### How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 334 cases has been diagnosed, of which 22.5 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 3.8 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1a

Cases by year of diagnosis, proportions of  
DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (MALES)  
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Males		DCO cases	Prop. DCO	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior + synchron.	Prop. at least 1 further malign. after	Prop. deaths	Prop. actively followed
	n	%						
1998	159	54.6	52	32.7	11.9	13.2	83.6	97.5
1999	162	54.5	45	27.8	12.1	13.2	82.7	99.4
2000	173	55.3	50	28.9	11.3	13.2	79.2	97.1
2001	193	54.4	64	33.2	11.4	13.0	81.9	96.4
2002	295	54.2	90	30.5	12.0	13.0	78.6	96.3 #
2003	311	56.6	88	28.3	12.7	12.8	78.1	97.1
2004	315	54.5	89	28.3	13.6	12.6	74.3	95.6
2005	321	57.0	89	27.7	14.8	12.4	76.0	96.6
2006	347	60.2	92	26.5	16.2	12.1	78.1	95.1
2007	357	57.3	77	21.6	16.6	11.7	71.7	95.2 #
2008	347	56.8	90	25.9	17.6	11.5	68.6	99.1
2009	341	53.4	71	20.8	18.1	10.9	67.4	97.7
2010	369	54.3	89	24.1	18.8	10.3	72.9	98.6
2011	343	54.7	65	19.0	19.7	9.9	68.2	99.1
2012	381	54.3	81	21.3	20.2	9.3	66.7	97.6
2013	384	58.6	97	25.3	21.0	8.6	69.3	98.4
2014	355	57.7	87	24.5	21.6	7.8	68.7	96.3
2015	331	55.4	74	22.4	21.9	6.8	68.6	97.6
2016	315	56.0	76	24.1	22.1	5.6	62.9	99.7
2017	299	55.4	74	24.7	22.7	4.7	60.9	99.0
2018	183	54.8	42	23.0	23.2	3.6	63.4	99.5
2019	110	53.9	7	6.4	23.3	2.9	50.0	99.1
2020	141	61.6	1	0.7	23.5	2.9	44.0	98.6 ##
1998-2020	6532	55.9	1590	24.3	23.5	13.2	70.7	97.6

6,532 cases diagnosed 1998-2020 are related to a total of 6,470 patients. Currently, in 2,239 (34.6 %) of these 6,470 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 1,645 / 416 / 178 (25.4 % / 6.4 % / 2.8 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

# The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.

## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retrieved from the respective headings.

#### How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 183 cases has been diagnosed, of which 23.2 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 3.6 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 1b

Cases by year of diagnosis, proportions of  
DCO, further malignancies, deaths, and active follow-up (FEMALES)  
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Females		DCO	Prop. DCO	Prop. synchron.	Prop. at least 1 further malign. prior + synchron.	Prop. at least 1 further malign. after	Prop. deaths	Prop. actively followed
	n	%							
1998	132	45.4	42	31.8	10.6	9.0	87.1	100.0	
1999	135	45.5	42	31.1	12.0	9.1	73.3	97.8	
2000	140	44.7	48	34.3	12.5	9.0	77.1	99.3	
2001	162	45.6	71	43.8	13.2	9.0	82.7	98.1	
2002	249	45.8	111	44.6	13.4	8.9	83.5	97.2 #	
2003	238	43.4	100	42.0	13.9	8.9	79.4	98.3	
2004	263	45.5	100	38.0	15.0	9.0	75.7	97.3	
2005	242	43.0	83	34.3	15.2	8.9	74.4	95.5	
2006	229	39.8	78	34.1	15.6	8.6	78.6	96.1	
2007	266	42.7	81	30.5	16.1	8.3	71.8	95.5 #	
2008	264	43.2	81	30.7	16.9	8.3	76.1	99.6	
2009	297	46.6	76	25.6	17.3	8.1	71.7	98.0	
2010	311	45.7	67	21.5	18.3	8.0	68.2	99.0	
2011	284	45.3	72	25.4	19.0	7.9	68.3	98.2	
2012	321	45.7	85	26.5	19.8	7.6	70.7	98.4	
2013	271	41.4	65	24.0	20.0	7.0	70.1	96.7	
2014	260	42.3	87	33.5	20.7	6.3	75.8	96.5	
2015	266	44.6	72	27.1	21.3	5.8	73.3	96.6	
2016	247	44.0	76	30.8	21.5	5.4	69.2	98.8	
2017	241	44.6	82	34.0	21.6	4.1	69.7	98.3	
2018	151	45.2	33	21.9	21.7	4.0	53.6	98.0	
2019	94	46.1	5	5.3	21.9	2.8	44.7	98.9	
2020	88	38.4			22.0	1.1	35.2	100.0 ##	
1998–2020	5151	44.1	1557	30.2	22.0	9.0	72.3	97.8	

5,151 cases diagnosed 1998–2020 are related to a total of 5,118 patients. Currently, in 1,545 (30.2 %) of these 5,118 patients more than one malignancy of any cancer type has been registered. Hereby, groups of 1,203 / 267 / 75 (23.5 % / 5.2 % / 1.5 %) patients exist having 2 / 3 / 4+ malignancies.

# The increases of incident cases in 2002 and 2007 reflect the expansion to additional registry areas.

## Please be aware that data of recent annual patient cohorts may not yet be fully processed. The years under evaluation can be retrieved from the respective headings.

#### How to interpret:

In 2018, a subgroup of 151 cases has been diagnosed, of which 21.7 % previously and/or concurrently (synchronously) had at least one other malignancy of any cancer type. In 4.0 % of cases, at least one new malignancy has occurred during the follow-up period (all numbers refer to the date of the database export, see cover sheet).

Table 2

Incidence measures by year of diagnosis including DCO cases  
 (with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002,  
 and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

Year of diagnosis	Males		Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.
	Males	Females	Inc.	Inc.	Inc.	Inc.	Inc.	Inc.	Inc.	BRD-S	BRD-S
	n	n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S	
1998	159	132	14.4	11.2	9.8	6.1	13.5	8.0	16.8	9.6	
1999	162	135	14.5	11.4	9.6	7.3	13.3	8.8	16.7	10.0	
2000	173	140	15.2	11.7	11.3	6.7	14.4	8.5	17.1	10.0	
2001	193	162	16.7	13.3	11.4	7.0	15.2	9.2	18.5	11.1	
2002	295	249	15.8	12.7	10.5	6.1	14.0	8.3	17.3	10.3	
2003	311	238	16.6	12.1	10.4	6.5	14.3	8.4	18.2	9.9	
2004	315	263	16.7	13.3	10.8	7.4	14.3	9.4	17.6	11.2	
2005	321	242	16.9	12.2	11.0	6.8	14.3	8.5	18.0	10.2	
2006	347	229	18.1	11.4	11.6	5.9	15.2	7.4	18.6	9.2	
2007	357	266	16.1	11.5	9.8	6.6	13.1	8.1	16.4	9.5	
2008	347	264	15.6	11.4	10.3	5.9	12.7	7.6	15.5	9.2	
2009	341	297	15.3	12.8	8.6	6.6	11.9	8.6	14.9	10.1	
2010	369	311	16.4	13.3	9.6	6.8	12.8	8.7	16.1	10.4	
2011	343	284	15.3	12.1	9.5	6.6	12.2	8.2	14.6	9.5	
2012	381	321	16.8	13.6	9.7	7.9	12.6	9.5	16.1	10.9	
2013	384	271	16.7	11.4	9.2	5.9	12.3	7.5	15.6	9.1	
2014	355	260	15.2	10.8	7.6	4.6	10.9	6.3	14.0	8.2	
2015	331	266	13.9	10.9	6.8	4.6	9.8	6.5	12.7	8.3	
2016	315	247	13.1	10.1	6.4	4.4	9.2	6.0	12.0	7.5	
2017	299	241	12.4	9.8	5.9	3.9	8.6	5.6	11.0	7.2	
2018	183	151	7.5	6.1	3.6	2.7	5.1	3.8	6.7	4.7	
2019	110	94	4.5	3.8	2.2	1.9	3.1	2.6	4.0	3.1	
2020	141	88	5.8	3.5	2.9	1.8	4.1	2.4	5.2	2.9	
1998–2020	6532	5151	14.0	10.7	8.2	5.5	11.0	7.1	13.7	8.5	

The computation of the incidence measures includes all cancers, irrespective of first or subsequent malignancy.

Table 3

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (ALL PATIENTS)  
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Cases n	Mean	Std. dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	Median 50%	75%	90%
1998	291	64.7	20.4	0.9	95.8	38.2	55.3	68.6	78.9	86.5
1999	297	63.3	20.6	0.3	104	39.0	55.6	67.5	77.1	84.9
2000	313	62.4	20.8	0.4	97.6	34.4	53.7	66.5	77.0	85.9
2001	355	64.7	19.7	1.4	96.4	38.2	56.8	67.5	78.1	86.5
2002	544	66.1	19.4	1.0	99.3	39.6	58.8	69.5	79.0	86.4
2003	549	65.7	20.1	0.3	98.9	40.6	56.8	69.2	80.1	86.3
2004	578	64.8	20.2	0.4	98.6	37.9	57.3	68.6	79.1	85.4
2005	563	64.6	21.8	0.6	98.2	34.0	57.6	70.5	79.0	85.0
2006	576	66.0	20.9	0.6	95.4	37.3	60.7	71.3	79.5	85.9
2007	623	64.8	20.4	0.3	99.8	37.6	57.0	69.5	79.3	85.0
2008	611	65.3	21.6	0.4	98.1	33.0	60.2	70.9	79.3	85.5
2009	638	66.5	19.0	1.3	100	42.0	57.9	70.5	79.9	86.6
2010	680	67.2	20.3	0.3	101	42.9	59.3	71.7	80.7	87.8
2011	627	65.3	21.5	0.3	101	38.8	56.4	70.7	80.1	86.5
2012	702	65.7	21.7	0.0	102	33.9	57.6	71.9	80.5	86.4
2013	655	67.2	20.0	0.1	100	38.3	60.4	72.2	80.1	87.0
2014	615	70.1	17.3	0.5	98.3	46.9	63.7	74.2	81.6	87.8
2015	597	70.1	16.1	1.8	96.6	48.6	62.3	74.3	80.7	87.3
2016	562	69.5	17.2	3.2	97.5	44.3	60.1	74.3	81.7	87.9
2017	540	70.7	15.5	16.8	99.2	49.1	63.5	74.3	81.6	87.1
2018	334	69.9	15.6	8.3	96.5	47.3	61.6	74.1	81.3	86.8
2019	204	65.9	17.3	17.1	98.8	42.4	55.4	69.8	79.4	84.2
2020	229	66.7	16.3	18.5	93.9	42.0	58.0	70.9	79.3	83.5
1998–2020	11683	66.6	19.7	0.0	104	40.6	58.6	71.3	79.9	86.4

Table 3a

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (MALES)  
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Cases n	Mean	Std. dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	Median 50%	75%	90%
1998	159	63.6	20.7	0.9	95.8	37.1	55.0	67.3	78.2	86.4
1999	162	63.2	19.0	0.3	91.5	39.6	55.6	65.5	77.2	83.1
2000	173	60.5	21.1	0.4	97.6	24.2	52.9	65.3	74.1	83.5
2001	193	61.4	18.9	1.4	96.4	37.9	53.9	64.8	75.0	81.0
2002	295	62.7	20.3	1.0	98.3	32.3	54.9	67.6	76.1	82.2
2003	311	64.6	19.2	1.6	93.6	39.9	57.3	68.0	78.0	83.9
2004	315	63.9	20.2	0.4	96.1	36.6	57.6	67.3	77.5	84.7
2005	321	63.5	21.7	0.7	94.6	32.1	56.5	69.8	77.8	83.8
2006	347	64.3	20.5	1.0	95.4	36.0	58.9	69.3	77.2	84.1
2007	357	63.9	19.3	0.3	97.8	39.4	55.5	68.9	77.5	83.2
2008	347	63.3	22.5	0.4	98.1	25.9	58.0	70.0	77.7	83.4
2009	341	66.0	17.5	2.2	97.0	45.1	57.6	70.1	77.7	84.1
2010	369	66.3	20.0	0.3	101	42.6	59.4	71.3	79.0	86.4
2011	343	64.3	20.7	2.5	101	40.6	56.3	69.1	78.0	84.9
2012	381	66.0	21.0	2.4	95.2	33.4	60.4	71.7	80.1	84.8
2013	384	66.9	19.4	0.5	100	41.3	60.2	71.9	78.6	85.3
2014	355	69.6	17.3	0.5	95.9	46.9	63.3	73.3	81.3	86.3
2015	331	69.4	16.2	1.8	96.6	48.6	62.0	73.9	80.0	85.7
2016	315	68.9	16.0	17.5	97.5	46.5	60.6	73.3	79.9	86.0
2017	299	69.6	15.5	16.8	96.0	48.0	61.0	73.1	79.8	86.6
2018	183	70.1	16.0	8.3	96.5	47.6	64.2	74.8	81.1	85.8
2019	110	67.1	17.2	17.1	97.6	42.6	57.8	72.1	79.9	84.0
2020	141	67.2	15.9	18.5	93.9	42.2	57.2	71.3	80.0	83.3
1998–2020	6532	65.6	19.4	0.3	101	40.3	58.0	70.3	78.5	84.7

Table 3b

Age distribution parameters by year of diagnosis (FEMALES)  
(incl. DCO)

Year of diagnosis	Cases n	Mean	Std. dev.	Min.	Max.	10%	25%	Median 50%	75%	90%
1998	132	66.0	19.9	1.3	93.9	39.8	57.1	71.4	80.5	86.7
1999	135	63.3	22.5	1.5	104	35.3	55.6	69.1	77.1	85.8
2000	140	64.7	20.3	2.1	95.1	36.5	55.2	69.7	77.7	86.8
2001	162	68.6	20.0	2.8	95.5	49.6	61.5	72.2	81.9	88.6
2002	249	70.1	17.6	2.9	99.3	47.5	61.6	73.2	82.6	89.1
2003	238	67.2	21.1	0.3	98.9	42.2	56.4	72.8	81.7	88.9
2004	263	66.0	20.1	0.7	98.6	40.4	57.1	69.7	80.2	85.8
2005	242	65.9	21.8	0.6	98.2	36.5	59.0	71.9	80.6	85.8
2006	229	68.7	21.2	0.6	95.1	38.0	64.1	74.6	82.4	88.4
2007	266	65.9	21.9	1.0	99.8	37.6	59.2	71.1	81.2	86.5
2008	264	68.1	20.0	1.4	97.4	41.4	61.1	72.4	82.2	87.3
2009	297	67.0	20.5	1.3	100	38.7	58.4	71.8	82.6	87.9
2010	311	68.3	20.6	0.8	98.7	43.7	59.3	72.9	82.7	88.9
2011	284	66.5	22.4	0.3	96.7	38.3	56.7	72.9	82.1	88.5
2012	321	65.3	22.5	0.0	102	34.3	56.5	72.0	80.9	87.6
2013	271	67.6	20.9	0.1	97.9	37.3	60.7	73.4	82.4	87.5
2014	260	70.9	17.3	2.7	98.3	46.3	64.4	74.8	82.3	88.8
2015	266	70.9	16.0	5.0	95.9	48.7	63.3	74.5	81.7	88.7
2016	247	70.2	18.5	3.2	96.4	41.4	58.8	75.4	84.3	88.9
2017	241	72.1	15.5	18.8	99.2	50.9	64.3	75.3	82.8	87.8
2018	151	69.7	15.2	26.6	95.6	47.3	60.8	72.4	81.5	87.3
2019	94	64.6	17.4	21.2	98.8	42.4	53.1	67.5	78.6	84.2
2020	88	66.0	17.0	19.4	87.0	42.0	58.5	69.3	79.0	83.7
1998–2020	5151	67.8	20.0	0.0	104	41.3	59.2	72.7	81.8	87.9

Table 4

Age distribution by 5-year age group and sex for period 2007–2020  
(incl. DCO)

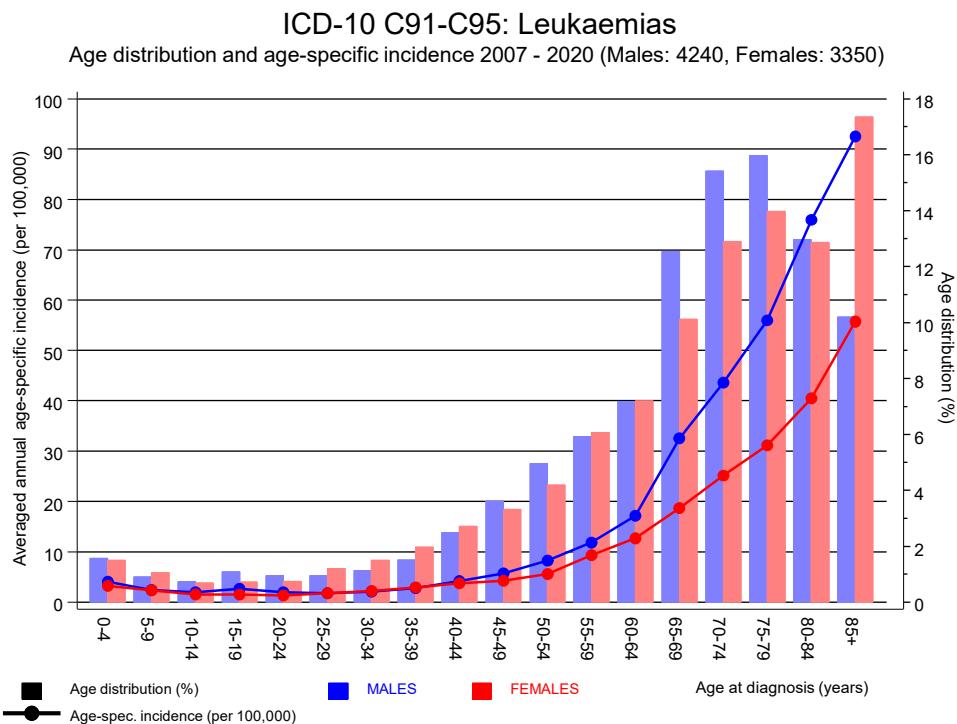
Age at diagnosis Years	Cases n	%	Cum.%	Males			Females			%	Cum.%
				n	%	Cum.%	n	%	Cum.%		
0-4	116	1.5	1.5	66	1.6	1.6	50	1.5	1.5		
5-9	73	1.0	2.5	38	0.9	2.4	35	1.0	2.5		
10-14	54	0.7	3.2	31	0.7	3.2	23	0.7	3.2		
15-19	70	0.9	4.1	46	1.1	4.3	24	0.7	3.9		
20-24	65	0.9	5.0	40	0.9	5.2	25	0.7	4.7		
25-29	80	1.1	6.0	40	0.9	6.1	40	1.2	5.9		
30-34	98	1.3	7.3	48	1.1	7.3	50	1.5	7.3		
35-39	130	1.7	9.0	64	1.5	8.8	66	2.0	9.3		
40-44	196	2.6	11.6	105	2.5	11.2	91	2.7	12.0		
45-49	265	3.5	15.1	154	3.6	14.8	111	3.3	15.3		
50-54	350	4.6	19.7	210	4.9	19.8	140	4.2	19.5		
55-59	454	6.0	25.6	251	5.9	25.7	203	6.0	25.5		
60-64	546	7.2	32.8	304	7.1	32.8	242	7.2	32.7		
65-69	871	11.4	44.2	531	12.5	45.3	340	10.1	42.8		
70-74	1093	14.3	58.6	661	15.5	60.8	432	12.9	55.7		
75-79	1154	15.2	73.7	681	16.0	76.8	473	14.1	69.8		
80-84	984	12.9	86.6	551	12.9	89.8	433	12.9	82.7		
85+	1018	13.4	100.0	435	10.2	100.0	583	17.3	100.0		
All ages	7617	100.0		4256	100.0		3361	100.0			

Table 5

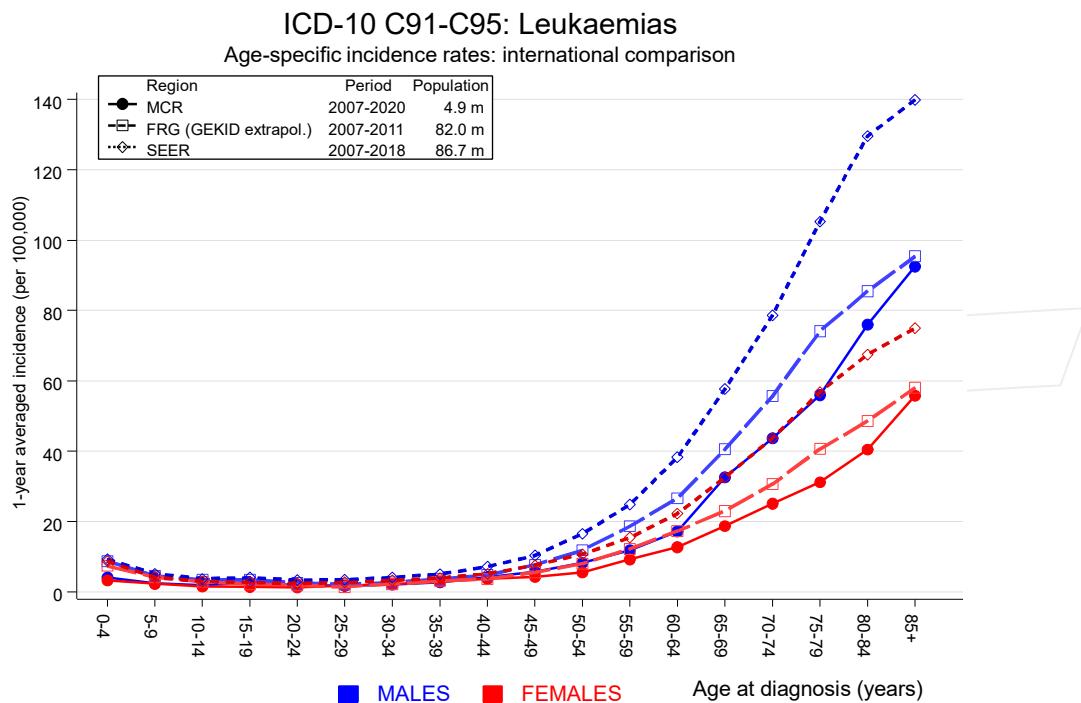
Age-specific incidence, DCO rate and proportion of all cancers  
for period 2007–2020

Age at diagnosis Years									Males		Females	
			Males		Females				Prop.all cancers		Prop.all cancers	
			Age-spec. incid.	Age-spec. incid.	DCO rate n=927	DCO rate n=879	%	%	%	%	%	%
0–4	66	50	4.1	3.2	1.5	4.0	30.0	29.2				
5–9	38	35	2.4	2.4	2.6				32.5	35.0		
10–14	31	23	1.9	1.5		4.3	22.6	18.0				
15–19	46	24	2.7	1.5		4.2	14.4	9.1				
20–24	40	25	2.0	1.3	5.0	4.0	6.4	4.8				
25–29	40	40	1.8	1.8		2.5	4.2	3.4				
30–34	48	50	2.1	2.2	4.2	4.0	3.7	2.3				
35–39	64	66	2.8	2.9	4.7	4.5	3.5	1.9				
40–44	105	91	4.2	3.8	3.8	4.4	3.8	1.5				
45–49	153	111	5.7	4.3	5.9	8.1	3.0	1.2				
50–54	210	140	8.2	5.6	6.2	4.3	2.5	1.1				
55–59	251	203	11.8	9.3	8.8	7.4	2.0	1.5				
60–64	304	241	17.2	12.7	9.9	9.5	1.7	1.5				
65–69	531	339	32.5	18.7	14.3	16.5	2.2	1.8				
70–74	654	432	43.6	25.1	18.2	17.4	2.4	2.2				
75–79	677	468	55.9	31.2	23.5	27.6	2.8	2.4				
80–84	550	431	76.0	40.5	39.1	40.8	3.6	2.8				
85+	432	581	92.5	55.7	62.7	64.5	4.1	3.5				
All ages	4240	3350				21.9	26.2	2.8	2.2			
Incidence												
Raw			13.0		10.0							
WS			7.2		4.9							
ES			9.7		6.4							
BRD-S			12.1		7.8							

The age-specific incidence characterizes the disease risk in a particular age group. The age distribution depends on the patient population frequency in each age group and reflects the tangible clinical picture of everyday patients care (see following chart).



**Figure 6.** Age distribution (males: mean=66.8 yrs, median=71.5 yrs; females: mean=68.2 yrs, median=73.1 yrs) and age-specific incidence.



**Figure 6a.** Age-specific incidence in MCR registry areas compared to Germany (FRG, GEKID extrapolation) and and SEER (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA).

#### Reference:

Extrapolated age-specific patient population of Germany, data status middle of 2010. Association of Population-based Cancer Registries in Germany (GEKID e.V.). Berlin, 2014. <http://www.gekid.de>. Last access: 02/11/2015  
 Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program SEER\*Stat Database: Incidence - SEER 21 Regs Research Data, released April 2021, based on the November 2020 submission. <http://www.seer.cancer.gov>.

Table 7a

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits),  
excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies  
for period 1998–2020

MALES

Diagnosis		Observed n	Expected n	SIR	CI 95%	CI 95%	EAR	DCO %
C00 Lip		3	0.3	10.2	2.1	29.9	#	1.4
C03–C06 Oral cavity		5	2.2	2.3	0.7	5.3	1.5	20.0
C07–C08 Salivary gland		7	0.6	10.8	4.3	22.2	#	3.3
C09–C10 Oropharynx		7	2.7	2.6	1.0	5.3	#	2.3
C12–C13 Hypopharynx		3	1.5	2.0	0.4	5.9	0.8	
C15 Oesophagus		13	5.4	2.4	1.3	4.2	#	4.0
C16 Stomach		24	10.5	2.3	1.5	3.4	#	7.1
C17 Small intestine		6	1.6	3.7	1.3	7.9	#	2.3
C18 Colon		57	26.0	2.2	1.7	2.8	#	16.3
C19–C20 Rectum		35	14.2	2.5	1.7	3.4	#	10.9
C22 Liver		14	7.9	1.8	1.0	3.0		3.2
C23–C24 Bile		2	2.9	0.7	0.1	2.5		-0.5
C25 Pancreas		22	10.6	2.1	1.3	3.1	#	6.0
C32 Larynx		2	2.7	0.8	0.1	2.7		-0.3
C33–C34 Lung		83	31.7	2.6	2.1	3.3	#	27.0
C37 Thymus		2	0.2	12.6	1.5	45.6	#	1.0
C38, C45 Mesothelioma		5	1.9	2.6	0.9	6.1		1.6
C40–C41 Bone		2	0.2	8.4	1.0	30.3	#	0.9
C43 Malign. melanoma		56	12.5	4.5	3.4	5.8	#	22.9
C44 Skin others		2	0.1	28.0	3.4	101.0	#	1.0
C46, C49 Soft tissue		9	1.6	5.7	2.6	10.9	#	3.9
C50 Breast		5	0.7	6.8	2.2	15.8	#	2.2
C60 Penis		3	0.7	4.4	0.9	12.8		1.2
C61 Prostate		154	76.2	2.0	1.7	2.4	#	40.9
C62 Testis		4	0.9	4.3	1.2	11.1	#	1.6
C64 Kidney		23	9.3	2.5	1.6	3.7	#	7.2
C65 Renal pelvis		3	1.2	2.4	0.5	7.1		0.9
C67 Bladder		25	12.7	2.0	1.3	2.9	#	6.5
C70–C72 CNS cancer		15	3.5	4.3	2.4	7.1	#	6.1
C73 Thyroid		6	1.8	3.4	1.3	7.4	#	2.2
C76–C79 CUP		12	4.5	2.7	1.4	4.6	#	3.9
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma		11	0.7	16.1	8.0	28.8	#	5.4
C82–C85 NHL		66	11.5	5.7	4.4	7.3	#	28.6
C90 Mult. myeloma		15	3.6	4.2	2.3	6.9	#	6.0
C91–C96 Leukaemia		49	4.2	11.7	8.6	15.4	#	23.5
Others, specified		6	3.0	2.0	0.7	4.3		1.6
Not observed		0	1.3	0.0	0.0	2.9		-0.7
All further malignancies		756	272.9	2.8	2.6	3.0	#	253.7
								4.5
Patients				5269				
Median age at next malignancy (years)				72.6				
Person-years				19038				
Mean observation time (years)				3.6				
Median observation time (years)				1.7				

# The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Further observed malignancies with count 1 are pooled in category "Others, specified".

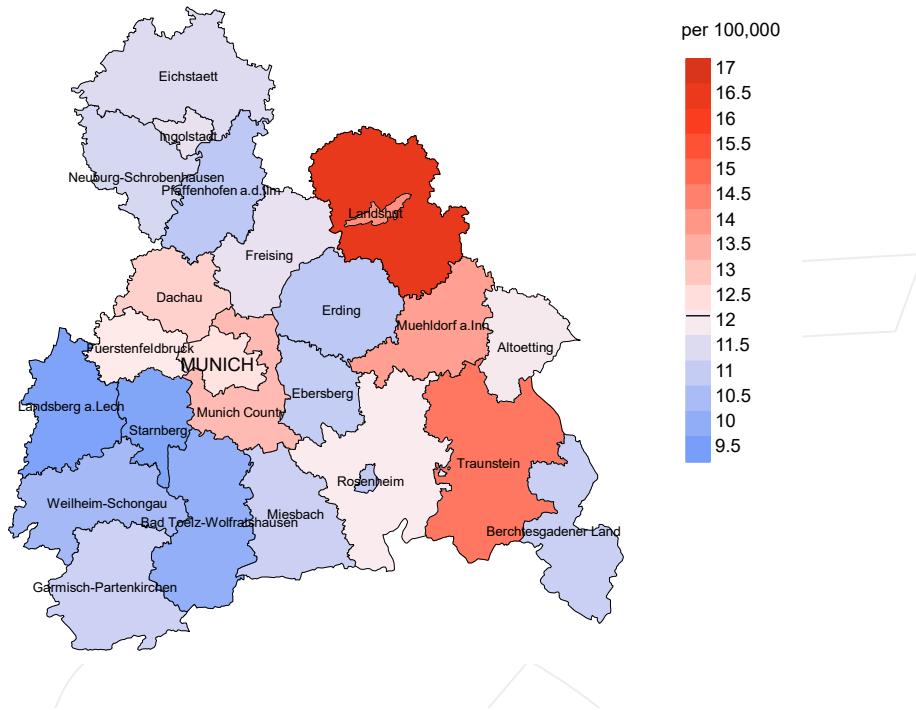
Table 7b

Standardized incidence ratio (SIR, with 95% confidence limits),  
excess absolute risk (EAR) and DCO rate of further malignancies  
for period 1998–2020

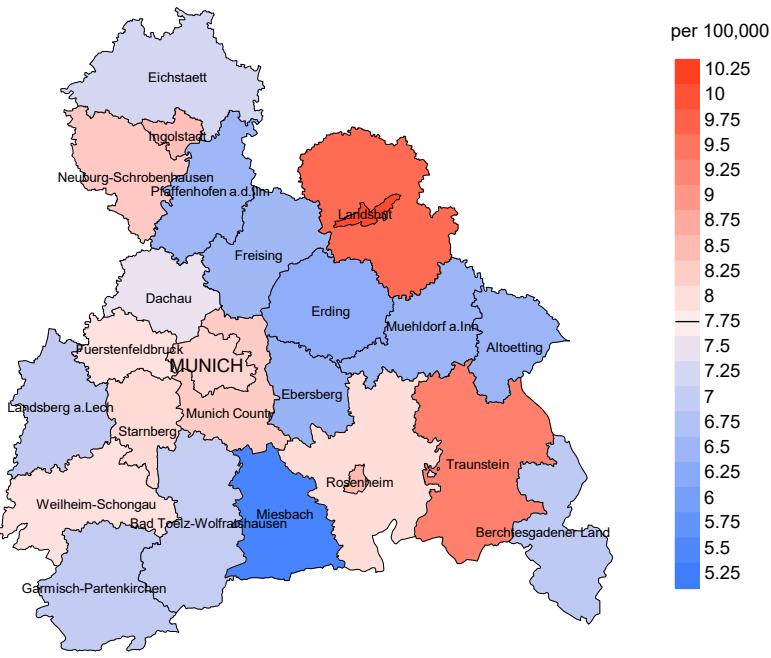
Diagnosis	Observed		SIR	CI 95%	CI 95%	EAR	DCO %
	n	Expected					
C00 Lip	1	0.1	11.6	0.3	64.7	0.7	
C03–C06 Oral cavity	4	0.7	5.6	1.5	14.3 #	2.6	
C07–C08 Salivary gland	2	0.2	9.7	1.2	35.0 #	1.4	
C09–C10 Oropharynx	4	0.5	7.9	2.1	20.2 #	2.7	
C14 ENT cancer	1	0.0	55.8	1.4	311.1 #	0.8	
C15 Oesophagus	4	0.8	4.9	1.3	12.5 #	2.5	
C16 Stomach	7	4.1	1.7	0.7	3.5	2.2	
C18 Colon	29	11.9	2.4	1.6	3.5 #	13.4	10.3
C19–C20 Rectum	9	4.9	1.8	0.8	3.5	3.2	11.1
C21 Anus/canal	6	0.7	8.7	3.2	18.9 #	4.2	16.7
C22 Liver	6	1.5	3.9	1.4	8.5 #	3.5	33.3
C23–C24 Bile	2	1.7	1.2	0.1	4.2	0.2	
C25 Pancreas	15	5.8	2.6	1.5	4.3 #	7.2	13.3
C33–C34 Lung	37	9.5	3.9	2.7	5.4 #	21.5	5.4
C43 Malign. melanoma	15	4.8	3.1	1.7	5.1 #	7.9	
C46, C49 Soft tissue	2	0.7	2.8	0.3	10.0	1.0	
C48 Peritoneal	1	0.5	1.9	0.0	10.6	0.4	
C50 Breast	98	38.0	2.6	2.1	3.1 #	46.9	1.0
C51 Vulva	3	1.3	2.3	0.5	6.7	1.3	
C53 Cervix uteri	7	1.6	4.3	1.7	8.9 #	4.2	28.6
C54 Corpus uteri	20	6.9	2.9	1.8	4.4 #	10.2	
C56 Ovary	9	5.0	1.8	0.8	3.4	3.1	
C64 Kidney	10	2.9	3.4	1.6	6.2 #	5.5	10.0
C65 Renal pelvis	1	0.4	2.5	0.1	14.1	0.5	
C67 Bladder	1	2.4	0.4	0.0	2.3	-1.1	
C69 Eye lymphoma	1	0.0	26.8	0.7	149.1	0.8	
C70–C72 CNS cancer	4	1.6	2.4	0.7	6.2	1.8	
C73 Thyroid	10	2.1	4.9	2.3	9.0 #	6.2	
C76–C79 CUP	7	2.2	3.2	1.3	6.5 #	3.7	
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	2	0.3	7.8	0.9	28.3	1.4	
C82–C85 NHL	43	4.9	8.8	6.4	11.8 #	29.8	7.0
C90 Mult. myeloma	8	1.5	5.2	2.2	10.2 #	5.1	
C91–C96 Leukaemia	25	1.9	13.4	8.7	19.8 #	18.1	12.0
C96 Systemic	1	0.0	34.5	0.9	192.0	0.8	100.0
Not observed	0	3.3	0.0	0.0	1.1	-2.6	
All further malignancies	395	125.1	3.2	2.9	3.5 #	211.2	5.6
Patients		3891					
Median age at next malignancy (years)		72.8					
Person-years		12783					
Mean observation time (years)		3.3					
Median observation time (years)		1.2					

# The occurrence of further specified malignancy is statistically significant.

Average incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



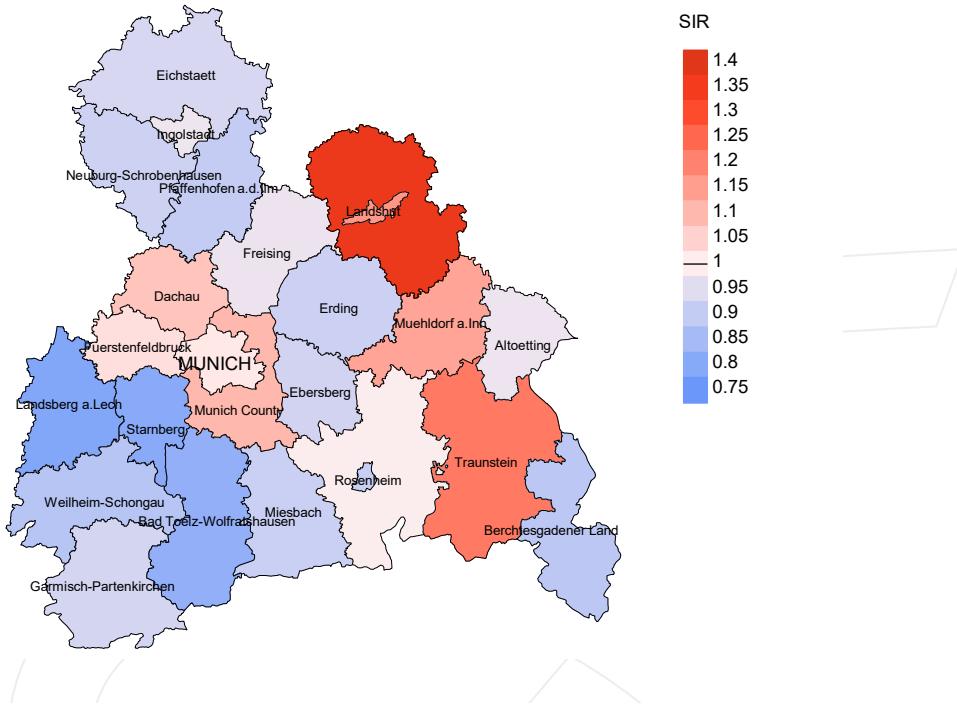
Average incidence (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females



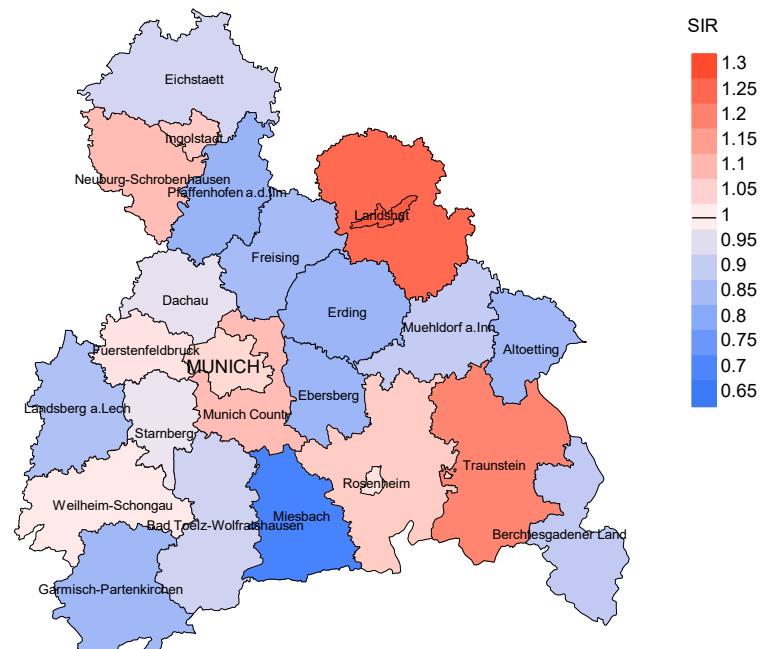
**Figure 8a.** Map of cancer incidence (german standard population, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual incidence rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 12.1/100,000 WS N=4,240, females 7.8/100,000 WS N=3,350).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 76 women were identified with newly diagnosed leukaemias. Therefore, the mean incidence rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 6.5/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 4.7 and 8.7/100,000.

## Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Males



## Standardized incidence ratio (SIR) 2007 - 2020: Females



**Figure 8b.** Map of standardized incidence ratio (SIR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SIR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=4,240, females N=3,350).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 76 women were identified with newly diagnosed leukaemias. Therefore, the mean standardized incidence ratio (SIR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 0.84. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.61 and 1.12, and is therefore not statistically striking.

## MORTALITY

Table 9a

Annual cohorts: Incident cancers, follow-up status,  
 proportion of DCO, deaths among the annual cohorts  
 and proportion of available death certificates  
 (with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m<sup>2</sup> as of 2002,  
 and from 4.10 to 4.94 m<sup>2</sup> as of 2007, respectively)

Year of diagnosis	Incident cases n	Prop. actively followed %	Prop. DCO %	Deaths n	Prop. deaths %	Prop. deaths with death certific. %
1998	291	98.6	32.3	248	85.2	98.0
1999	297	98.7	29.3	233	78.5	96.1
2000	313	98.1	31.3	245	78.3	97.6
2001	355	97.2	38.0	292	82.3	97.6
2002	544	96.7	36.9	440	80.9	97.5
2003	549	97.6	34.2	432	78.7	97.5
2004	578	96.4	32.7	433	74.9	97.9
2005	563	96.1	30.6	424	75.3	97.6
2006	576	95.5	29.5	451	78.3	97.3
2007	623	95.3	25.4	447	71.7	97.1
2008	611	99.3	28.0	439	71.8	97.7
2009	638	97.8	23.0	443	69.4	97.5
2010	680	98.8	22.9	481	70.7	97.5
2011	627	98.7	21.9	428	68.3	96.3
2012	702	98.0	23.6	481	68.5	96.3
2013	655	97.7	24.7	456	69.6	94.3
2014	615	96.4	28.3	441	71.7	95.5
2015	597	97.2	24.5	422	70.7	95.0
2016	562	99.3	27.0	369	65.7	95.1
2017	540	98.7	28.9	350	64.8	89.7
2018	334	98.8	22.5	197	59.0	79.2
2019	204	99.0	5.9	97	47.5	78.4
2020	229	99.1	0.4	93	40.6	94.6
1998–2020	11683	97.7	26.9	8342	71.4	95.8

Table 9b

Annual cohorts of incident cancers and deaths, proportion of death certificates and cases deceased within the same year of being diagnosed with cancer (incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002, and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

Year of diagnosis/ death	Incident cases n	Deaths n	Prop. deaths with death certific. %	Deaths in same year n	Prop. deaths in same year %
1998	291	213	98.6	118	40.5
1999	297	193	96.9	93	31.3
2000	313	212	96.2	113	36.1
2001	355	260	97.3	137	38.6
2002	544	328	98.5	224	41.2
2003	549	315	98.4	224	40.8
2004	578	314	99.0	202	34.9
2005	563	375	99.7	213	37.8
2006	576	354	98.6	222	38.5
2007	623	383	98.7	209	33.5
2008	611	373	97.9	209	34.2
2009	638	365	98.6	211	33.1
2010	680	412	98.3	240	35.3
2011	627	418	98.6	209	33.3
2012	702	441	98.6	236	33.6
2013	655	467	98.3	242	36.9
2014	615	453	98.9	237	38.5
2015	597	454	98.7	242	40.5
2016	562	429	99.3	232	41.3
2017	540	456	97.4	241	44.6
2018	334	357	72.8	127	38.0
2019	204	273	46.9	51	25.0
2020	229	300	94.3	60	26.2
1998–2020	11683	8145	95.4	4292	36.7

Table 9c

Annual cohorts of deaths, proportion of cancer-related and non-cancer-related deaths, and cancer recorded on death certificates  
(incl. DCO)

(with respect to registry area expansion from 2.65 to 4.10 m as of 2002,  
and from 4.10 to 4.94 m as of 2007, respectively)

Year of death	Deaths n	Prop. cancer-related %	Prop. non-cancer-related %	Prop. cancer recorded on death certificate %
1998	213	63.8	36.2	95.7
1999	193	69.4	30.6	95.7
2000	212	75.0	25.0	99.0
2001	260	71.2	28.8	96.4
2002	328	80.5	19.5	97.5
2003	315	84.1	15.9	97.1
2004	314	87.6	12.4	96.5
2005	375	86.7	13.3	98.1
2006	354	86.7	13.3	96.3
2007	383	84.9	15.1	95.2
2008	373	83.6	16.4	92.9
2009	365	85.8	14.2	94.2
2010	412	85.2	14.8	96.0
2011	418	83.3	16.7	93.0
2012	441	83.7	16.3	93.6
2013	467	78.2	21.8	91.3
2014	453	77.5	22.5	90.8
2015	454	79.5	20.5	90.8
2016	429	78.1	21.9	92.3
2017	456	76.5	23.5	90.1
2018	357	67.2	32.8	73.1
2019	273	48.7	51.3	83.6
2020	300	66.3	33.7	74.2
1998–2020	8145	78.6	21.4	92.6

Table 10a

Medians of age at death according to the grouping in Table 9  
MALES

Year of death	Deaths n	Age at death (all causes) Years	Age at death (cancer-related) Years	Age at death (non-cancer-related) Years	Age at death (according to death certificate) Years
1998	114	69.8	68.2	74.4	70.1
1999	111	71.9	68.6	80.9	71.7
2000	128	71.4	70.3	77.3	71.4
2001	126	72.3	71.9	74.7	72.0
2002	170	73.2	72.6	74.6	73.8
2003	173	72.3	72.0	76.1	72.4
2004	176	74.5	74.4	79.3	74.6
2005	208	74.3	72.9	78.8	74.1
2006	208	73.9	73.0	79.3	73.7
2007	205	74.9	73.4	80.5	73.8
2008	215	73.6	73.3	78.0	73.7
2009	195	75.2	74.8	79.3	75.4
2010	233	75.7	74.7	80.0	75.8
2011	231	75.3	74.8	78.9	75.3
2012	253	76.6	75.5	81.8	76.1
2013	275	75.7	75.1	78.7	75.7
2014	255	76.9	75.7	80.5	76.7
2015	248	76.6	76.2	80.3	76.4
2016	248	77.8	77.6	80.3	77.7
2017	242	77.5	77.4	78.8	77.0
2018	231	75.6	74.7	77.2	75.9
2019	172	78.4	77.2	79.4	78.9
2020	184	77.9	76.6	81.1	76.9
1998–2020	4601	75.5	74.7	79.1	75.2

Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

Table 10b

Medians of age at death according to the grouping in Table 9  
FEMALES

Year of death	Deaths n	Age at death (all causes) Years	Age at death (cancer-related) Years	Age at death (non-cancer-related) Years	Age at death (according to death certificate) Years
1998	99	76.0	73.6	82.0	75.8
1999	82	76.9	75.6	82.3	76.6
2000	84	77.8	75.6	86.1	77.8
2001	134	76.5	75.3	81.9	76.3
2002	158	77.8	74.2	85.9	77.5
2003	142	77.8	75.7	84.5	77.5
2004	138	76.8	76.0	82.3	76.7
2005	167	77.8	76.0	85.6	77.9
2006	146	77.4	77.2	81.2	77.1
2007	178	76.1	73.8	85.8	76.1
2008	158	78.6	76.4	85.0	77.9
2009	170	77.9	77.5	82.5	77.9
2010	179	79.6	79.0	86.7	80.7
2011	187	76.5	73.8	83.4	75.6
2012	188	76.6	76.4	78.7	76.5
2013	192	78.6	77.3	82.9	77.7
2014	198	78.0	76.4	80.6	77.6
2015	206	77.2	75.7	81.4	76.7
2016	181	79.2	76.6	83.4	77.5
2017	214	79.1	78.0	83.7	78.5
2018	126	79.4	77.6	82.8	78.4
2019	101	77.1	77.7	77.0	77.7
2020	116	80.0	78.1	83.2	77.9
1998–2020	3544	77.8	76.5	82.8	77.4

By 2018, Bavarians' life expectancy at birth is estimated at 79.3 years for boys and 83.8 years for girls.

Deaths of patients are considered to be cancer-related, in case that fact was recorded on the death certificate, or patients had suffered from metastasis or recurrence.

Table 11a

Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index  
by year of death

MALES

Year of death	Deaths	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index	Mort.	MI-Index
	n	raw	raw	WS	WS	ES	ES	BRD-S	BRD-S
1998	77	6.9	0.48	4.9	0.49	6.6	0.49	8.3	0.49
1999	73	6.5	0.45	4.4	0.46	6.0	0.45	7.6	0.46
2000	100	8.8	0.58	5.7	0.51	8.1	0.56	10.5	0.61
2001	95	8.2	0.49	4.8	0.42	7.2	0.48	10.0	0.54
2002	140	7.5	0.48	4.2	0.40	6.4	0.46	8.8	0.51
2003	150	8.0	0.48	4.4	0.43	6.7	0.47	9.0	0.50
2004	155	8.2	0.49	4.3	0.40	6.7	0.47	9.4	0.54
2005	175	9.2	0.55	4.9	0.44	7.3	0.51	10.1	0.56
2006	179	9.3	0.52	4.6	0.40	7.1	0.47	9.8	0.53
2007	181	8.2	0.51	4.3	0.43	6.3	0.48	8.7	0.53
2008	180	8.1	0.52	3.9	0.38	6.0	0.47	8.2	0.53
2009	167	7.5	0.49	3.5	0.40	5.4	0.46	7.6	0.51
2010	193	8.6	0.52	3.9	0.40	6.0	0.47	8.4	0.52
2011	198	8.8	0.58	4.1	0.44	6.3	0.51	8.7	0.59
2012	206	9.1	0.54	4.0	0.41	6.2	0.49	8.6	0.54
2013	212	9.2	0.55	3.9	0.42	6.0	0.49	8.5	0.55
2014	197	8.4	0.55	3.4	0.45	5.4	0.50	7.7	0.55
2015	202	8.5	0.61	3.7	0.55	5.6	0.57	7.8	0.61
2016	198	8.2	0.63	3.2	0.50	5.1	0.55	7.3	0.62
2017	187	7.7	0.63	3.1	0.52	4.8	0.57	6.8	0.62
2018	153	6.3	0.85	2.9	0.81	4.2	0.84	5.6	0.84
2019	87	3.6	0.79	1.5	0.67	2.3	0.73	3.1	0.77
2020	119	4.9	0.86	2.0	0.71	3.0	0.76	4.3	0.85
1998-2020	3624	7.8	0.56	3.7	0.45	5.6	0.51	7.7	0.56

Table 11b

Mortality measures (cancer-related death) and mortality-incidence-index  
by year of death

## FEMALES

Year of death	Deaths	Mort. n	MI-Index raw	Mort. WS	MI-Index WS	Mort. ES	MI-Index ES	Mort. BRD-S	MI-Index BRD-S
1998	59	5.0	0.45	2.9	0.46	3.6	0.45	4.2	0.44
1999	61	5.1	0.45	2.2	0.30	3.2	0.37	4.3	0.43
2000	59	4.9	0.42	2.2	0.33	3.2	0.37	4.1	0.41
2001	90	7.4	0.56	3.2	0.46	4.7	0.51	6.3	0.57
2002	124	6.3	0.50	2.8	0.46	4.0	0.48	5.2	0.51
2003	115	5.8	0.48	2.4	0.36	3.6	0.43	4.8	0.48
2004	120	6.1	0.46	2.5	0.34	3.7	0.39	4.9	0.44
2005	150	7.5	0.62	3.1	0.45	4.5	0.53	5.8	0.57
2006	128	6.4	0.56	2.5	0.42	3.7	0.50	5.1	0.56
2007	144	6.2	0.54	2.7	0.41	3.8	0.47	4.9	0.52
2008	132	5.7	0.50	2.3	0.39	3.3	0.44	4.4	0.48
2009	146	6.3	0.49	2.5	0.37	3.7	0.43	4.9	0.48
2010	158	6.8	0.51	2.4	0.35	3.5	0.41	4.9	0.48
2011	150	6.4	0.53	2.6	0.39	3.8	0.46	4.9	0.52
2012	163	6.9	0.51	2.7	0.34	3.9	0.41	5.2	0.48
2013	153	6.4	0.56	2.4	0.40	3.5	0.47	4.7	0.52
2014	154	6.4	0.59	2.4	0.52	3.5	0.55	4.6	0.56
2015	159	6.5	0.60	2.4	0.53	3.6	0.55	4.9	0.59
2016	138	5.6	0.56	2.2	0.51	3.2	0.53	4.0	0.54
2017	162	6.6	0.68	2.3	0.59	3.5	0.62	4.6	0.64
2018	88	3.5	0.58	1.2	0.46	1.9	0.49	2.6	0.55
2019	48	1.9	0.52	0.7	0.38	1.1	0.41	1.4	0.46
2020	80	3.2	0.92	1.1	0.62	1.7	0.70	2.3	0.79
1998-2020	2781	5.8	0.54	2.3	0.42	3.3	0.47	4.4	0.52

Table 12

Age distribution of age at death (cancer-related) for period 2007–2020  
**(incl. multiple malignancies)**

Age at death Years	Cases			Males			Females		
	n	%	Cum.%	n	%	Cum.%	n	%	Cum.%
0-4	4	0.1	0.1	1	0.0	0.0	3	0.2	0.2
5-9	12	0.3	0.4	6	0.2	0.3	6	0.3	0.5
10-14	17	0.4	0.8	5	0.2	0.5	12	0.6	1.1
15-19	15	0.3	1.1	10	0.4	0.9	5	0.3	1.4
20-24	27	0.6	1.7	19	0.8	1.7	8	0.4	1.8
25-29	24	0.6	2.3	18	0.7	2.4	6	0.3	2.1
30-34	26	0.6	2.9	11	0.4	2.8	15	0.8	2.9
35-39	42	1.0	3.8	23	0.9	3.8	19	1.0	3.9
40-44	63	1.4	5.3	34	1.4	5.1	29	1.5	5.5
45-49	84	1.9	7.2	40	1.6	6.7	44	2.3	7.8
50-54	107	2.5	9.7	62	2.5	9.2	45	2.4	10.2
55-59	184	4.2	13.9	93	3.8	13.0	91	4.9	15.1
60-64	252	5.8	19.7	145	5.8	18.8	107	5.7	20.8
65-69	432	9.9	29.6	267	10.8	29.6	165	8.8	29.6
70-74	718	16.5	46.1	441	17.8	47.4	277	14.8	44.4
75-79	874	20.1	66.2	532	21.5	68.8	342	18.2	62.6
80-84	749	17.2	83.4	423	17.1	85.9	326	17.4	80.0
85+	725	16.6	100.0	350	14.1	100.0	375	20.0	100.0
All ages	4355	100.0		2480	100.0		1875	100.0	

Table 13

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers  
for period 2007-2020  
**(incl. multiple malignancies)**

Age at death Years			Males		Females			
			Age-spec. mortal.	MI-index	Age-spec. mortal.	MI-index	Males Prop.all cancers	Females Prop.all cancers
	Males	Females						
n	n						%	%
0-4	1	3	0.1	0.02	0.2	0.06	5.3	18.8
5-9	6	6	0.4	0.16	0.4	0.17	21.4	24.0
10-14	5	12	0.3	0.16	0.8	0.52	17.9	52.2
15-19	10	5	0.6	0.22	0.3	0.21	20.8	20.0
20-24	19	8	0.9	0.48	0.4	0.32	26.0	18.6
25-29	18	6	0.8	0.45	0.3	0.15	19.4	6.1
30-34	11	15	0.5	0.23	0.7	0.30	7.7	8.3
35-39	23	19	1.0	0.36	0.8	0.29	8.6	4.7
40-44	34	29	1.4	0.32	1.2	0.32	5.6	3.4
45-49	40	44	1.5	0.26	1.7	0.40	2.8	2.6
50-54	62	45	2.4	0.30	1.8	0.32	2.3	1.7
55-59	93	91	4.4	0.37	4.2	0.45	2.1	2.4
60-64	145	107	8.2	0.48	5.6	0.44	2.3	2.1
65-69	267	165	16.4	0.50	9.1	0.49	2.9	2.4
70-74	441	277	29.4	0.67	16.1	0.64	3.7	3.2
75-79	532	342	44.0	0.79	22.8	0.73	4.3	3.5
80-84	423	326	58.4	0.77	30.6	0.76	4.0	3.5
85+	350	375	74.9	0.81	36.0	0.65	3.8	3.1
All ages	2480	1875					3.6	3.0
<b>Mortality</b>								
Raw			7.6	0.58	5.6	0.56		
WS			3.3	0.47	2.1	0.43		
ES			5.1	0.53	3.1	0.48		
BRD-S			7.1	0.58	4.1	0.53		
<b>PYLL-70</b>								
per 100,000			34.6		29.3			
ES			32.6		28.3			
AYLL-70			13.5		14.9			

Table 14a

Further malignancies in deaths in period 1998–2020  
MALES

Diagnosis	Total	Total	Pre	Pre	Syn-	Syn-		
	n	% ↓	n	↔%	±30d	↔%	Post	Post
C03–C06 Oral cavity	16	0.9	6	37.5	2	12.5	8	50.0
C07–C08 Salivary gland	8	0.4	2	25.0	2	25.0	4	50.0
C09–C10 Oropharynx	9	0.5	3	33.3	1	11.1	5	55.6
C12–C13 Hypopharynx	4	0.2			1	25.0	3	75.0
C15 Oesophagus	20	1.1	6	30.0	1	5.0	13	65.0
C16 Stomach	38	2.0	15	39.5	5	13.2	18	47.4
C17 Small intestine	6	0.3	2	33.3	1	16.7	3	50.0
C18 Colon	124	6.6	65	52.4	12	9.7	47	37.9
C19–C20 Rectum	68	3.6	31	45.6	9	13.2	28	41.2
C22 Liver	17	0.9	3	17.6	2	11.8	12	70.6
C23–C24 Bile	4	0.2	2	50.0			2	50.0
C25 Pancreas	26	1.4	1	3.8	5	19.2	20	76.9
C30–C31 Sinuses	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C32 Larynx	13	0.7	10	76.9	2	15.4	1	7.7
C33–C34 Lung	136	7.3	29	21.3	30	22.1	77	56.6
C38, C45 Mesothelioma	5	0.3	1	20.0	2	40.0	2	40.0
C40–C41 Bone	4	0.2	2	50.0			2	50.0
C43 Malign. melanoma	79	4.2	41	51.9	6	7.6	32	40.5
C44 Skin others	351	18.8	73	20.8	25	7.1	253	72.1
C46, C49 Soft tissue	25	1.3	10	40.0	2	8.0	13	52.0
C48 Peritoneal	2	0.1	2	100.0				
C50 Breast	3	0.2	1	33.3			2	66.7
C60 Penis	2	0.1					2	100.0
C61 Prostate	334	17.9	225	67.4	25	7.5	84	25.1
C62 Testis	10	0.5	8	80.0			2	20.0
C64 Kidney	51	2.7	33	64.7	2	3.9	16	31.4
C65 Renal pelvis	3	0.2	1	33.3			2	66.7
C66 Ureter	2	0.1			1	50.0	1	50.0
C67 Bladder	54	2.9	29	53.7	6	11.1	19	35.2
C68 Urinary org.	2	0.1	1	50.0			1	50.0
C69 Eye melanoma	2	0.1	1	50.0			1	50.0
C70–C72 CNS cancer	18	1.0	3	16.7	2	11.1	13	72.2
C73 Thyroid	7	0.4	6	85.7			1	14.3
C74–C80 Cancer others	2	0.1	1	50.0			1	50.0
C76–C79 CUP	17	0.9	2	11.8	4	23.5	11	64.7
C81 Hodgkin lymphoma	23	1.2	11	47.8	2	8.7	10	43.5
C82–C85 NHL	122	6.5	48	39.3	12	9.8	62	50.8
C90 Mult. myeloma	18	1.0	10	55.6	5	27.8	3	16.7
C91–C96 Leukaemia	234	12.5	1	0.4	65	27.8	168	71.8
C96 Systemic	3	0.2	1	33.3	1	33.3	1	33.3

Table 14a

Further malignancies in deaths in period 1998–2020  
MALES

Diagnosis	Total	Total	Pre	Pre	Syn-	Syn-		
	n	% ↓	n	↔%	±30d	↔%	n	↔%
Others, specified	2	0.1			2	100.0		
All further malignancies	1866	100.0	688	36.9	235	12.6	943	50.5

Further malignancies with number of cases 1 are pooled in category "Others, specified".

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

Table 14b

Further malignancies in deaths in period 1998–2020  
FEMALES

Diagnosis		Total	Total	Pre	Pre	Syn-	Syn-	Post	Post
		n	% ↓	n	↔%	±30d	↔%		
C00	Lip	2	0.2					2	100.0
C03–C06	Oral cavity	3	0.3					3	100.0
C07–C08	Salivary gland	5	0.5	3	60.0			2	40.0
C09–C10	Oropharynx	3	0.3	1	33.3			2	66.7
C12–C13	Hypopharynx	2	0.2	2	100.0				
C15	Oesophagus	4	0.4			1	25.0	3	75.0
C16	Stomach	15	1.4	6	40.0	4	26.7	5	33.3
C17	Small intestine	2	0.2			1	50.0	1	50.0
C18	Colon	59	5.4	33	55.9	7	11.9	19	32.2
C19–C20	Rectum	27	2.5	16	59.3	3	11.1	8	29.6
C21	Anus/canal	8	0.7	5	62.5			3	37.5
C22	Liver	8	0.7	1	12.5			7	87.5
C23–C24	Bile	8	0.7	5	62.5	1	12.5	2	25.0
C25	Pancreas	19	1.7	2	10.5	3	15.8	14	73.7
C33–C34	Lung	51	4.6	12	23.5	8	15.7	31	60.8
C43	Malign. melanoma	37	3.4	26	70.3	1	2.7	10	27.0
C44	Skin others	111	10.1	45	40.5	5	4.5	61	55.0
C46, C49	Soft tissue	7	0.6	4	57.1			3	42.9
C48	Peritoneal	5	0.5	4	80.0			1	20.0
C50	Breast	247	22.5	189	76.5	16	6.5	42	17.0
C51	Vulva	8	0.7	6	75.0			2	25.0
C52	Vagina	4	0.4	3	75.0			1	25.0
C53	Cervix uteri	18	1.6	14	77.8	2	11.1	2	11.1
C54	Corpus uteri	50	4.6	35	70.0	3	6.0	12	24.0
C55, C57	Fem. genitals un	2	0.2			1	50.0	1	50.0
C56	Ovary	22	2.0	9	40.9	3	13.6	10	45.5
C64	Kidney	20	1.8	8	40.0	5	25.0	7	35.0
C65	Renal pelvis	2	0.2					2	100.0
C67	Bladder	12	1.1	9	75.0	2	16.7	1	8.3
C69	Eye lymphoma	3	0.3	1	33.3			2	66.7
C70–C72	CNS cancer	17	1.5	6	35.3	3	17.6	8	47.1
C73	Thyroid	22	2.0	18	81.8	1	4.5	3	13.6
C76–C79	CUP	12	1.1	3	25.0	2	16.7	7	58.3
C81	Hodgkin lymphoma	9	0.8	8	88.9	1	11.1		
C82–C85	NHL	66	6.0	30	45.5	5	7.6	31	47.0
C90	Mult. myeloma	11	1.0	5	45.5	3	27.3	3	27.3
C91–C96	Leukaemia	187	17.0	1	0.5	47	25.1	139	74.3
C96	Systemic	2	0.2	1	50.0			1	50.0
Others, specified		8	0.7	7	87.5	1	12.5		

Table 14b

Further malignancies in deaths in period 1998–2020  
FEMALES

Diagnosis	Total	Total	Pre	Pre	Syn-	Syn-		
	n	% ↓	n	↔%	±30d	↔%	Post	Post
All further malignancies	1098	100.0	518	47.2	129	11.7	451	41.1

Further malignancies with number of cases 1 are pooled in category "Others, specified".

ICD-10 C44 (Other malignant neoplasms of skin) is not systematically recorded by MCR and therefore not considered for evaluation as a particular primary but at least as a further malignancy.

Table 15

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers  
for period 2007-2020  
(**First primaries only \***)

Age at death Years			Males		Females			
			Age- spec.	MI-index	Age- spec.	MI-index	Males	Females
	Males	Females						
0-4	1	3	0.1	0.02	0.2	0.06	5.3	20.0
5-9	6	6	0.4	0.16	0.4	0.18	22.2	24.0
10-14	5	10	0.3	0.17	0.7	0.45	17.9	52.6
15-19	10	4	0.6	0.23	0.2	0.18	21.7	17.4
20-24	17	7	0.8	0.45	0.4	0.28	25.8	17.1
25-29	16	5	0.7	0.41	0.2	0.15	18.8	5.5
30-34	10	14	0.4	0.23	0.6	0.30	7.2	8.8
35-39	20	19	0.9	0.32	0.8	0.30	8.0	5.1
40-44	31	24	1.2	0.32	1.0	0.30	5.5	3.2
45-49	33	34	1.2	0.24	1.3	0.38	2.6	2.4
50-54	49	35	1.9	0.26	1.4	0.32	2.1	1.6
55-59	80	65	3.8	0.38	3.0	0.44	2.1	2.0
60-64	103	80	5.8	0.45	4.2	0.44	1.9	2.0
65-69	179	115	11.0	0.48	6.3	0.49	2.4	2.1
70-74	308	176	20.5	0.74	10.2	0.60	3.4	2.6
75-79	356	226	29.4	0.88	15.1	0.75	3.9	3.0
80-84	283	238	39.1	0.83	22.4	0.81	3.8	3.3
85+	223	283	47.8	0.86	27.1	0.65	3.4	3.0
All ages	1730	1344					3.2	2.7
<b>Mortality</b>								
Raw			5.3	0.57	4.0	0.55		
WS			2.4	0.43	1.6	0.40		
ES			3.6	0.50	2.3	0.46		
BRD-S			5.0	0.57	3.0	0.51		
<b>PYLL-70</b>								
per 100,000			29.4		24.0			
ES			28.2		23.6			
AYLL-70			15.1		16.1			

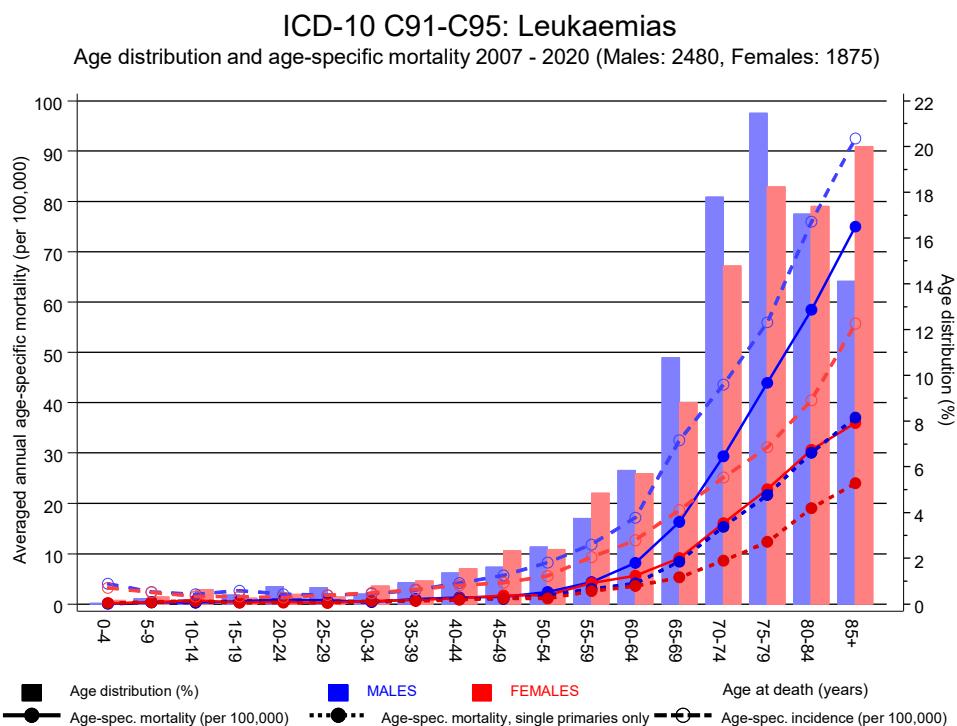
\* See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.

Table 16

Age-specific mortality (cancer-related) and proportion of all cancers  
for period 2007-2020  
**(Single primaries only \*)**

Age at death Years			Males		Females			
			Age-spec.		Age-spec.		Males	Females
	Males	Females	n	n	mortal.	MI-index	Prop.all cancers	Prop.all cancers
0-4	1	3	0.1	0.02	0.2	0.06	5.3	20.0
5-9	6	6	0.4	0.16	0.4	0.19	22.2	24.0
10-14	5	9	0.3	0.17	0.6	0.43	17.9	47.4
15-19	10	4	0.6	0.24	0.2	0.19	21.7	18.2
20-24	16	6	0.8	0.43	0.3	0.25	24.2	15.0
25-29	14	5	0.6	0.37	0.2	0.16	16.5	5.7
30-34	10	14	0.4	0.23	0.6	0.31	7.3	8.9
35-39	17	15	0.7	0.28	0.7	0.25	6.9	4.1
40-44	26	20	1.0	0.28	0.8	0.27	4.7	2.7
45-49	28	30	1.0	0.22	1.2	0.37	2.2	2.1
50-54	45	28	1.8	0.26	1.1	0.29	1.9	1.3
55-59	64	56	3.0	0.34	2.6	0.41	1.7	1.8
60-64	73	68	4.1	0.38	3.6	0.43	1.4	1.7
65-69	138	96	8.5	0.47	5.3	0.47	1.9	1.8
70-74	230	148	15.3	0.70	8.6	0.57	2.6	2.3
75-79	262	185	21.7	0.74	12.3	0.69	3.0	2.5
80-84	218	203	30.1	0.71	19.1	0.75	3.1	2.9
85+	173	250	37.0	0.70	24.0	0.59	2.9	2.8
All ages	1336	1146					2.6	2.4
<b>Mortality</b>								
Raw			4.1	0.50	3.4	0.51		
WS			1.9	0.38	1.3	0.37		
ES			2.8	0.44	1.9	0.43		
BRD-S			3.8	0.50	2.5	0.48		
<b>PYLL-70</b>								
per 100,000			25.7		21.2			
ES			24.9		21.0			
AYLL-70			16.3		16.6			

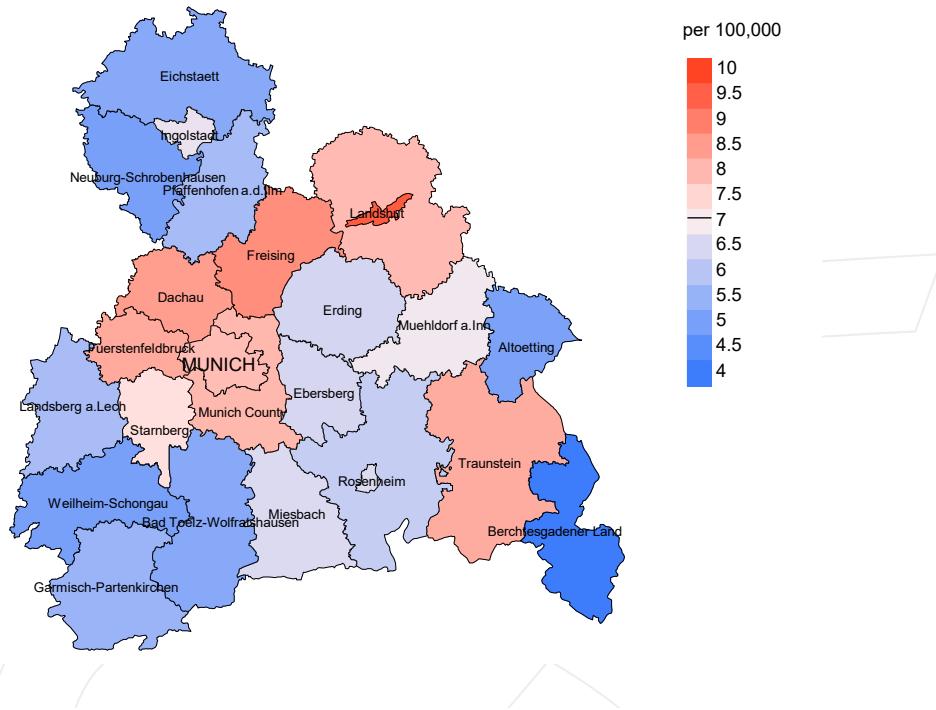
\* See corresponding tables with multiple malignancies.



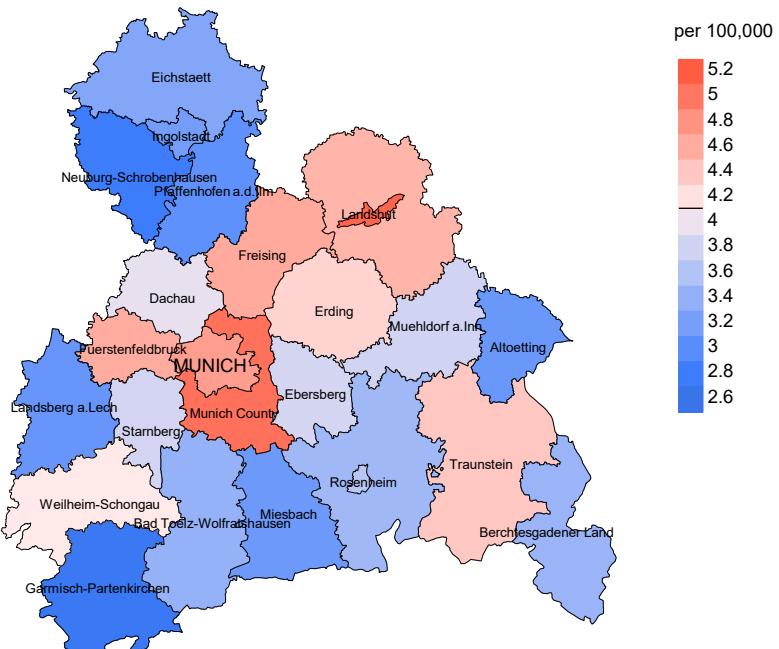
**Figure 17.** Distribution of age at death (bars; males: mean=68.9 yrs, median=71.6 yrs; females: mean=70.2 yrs, median=73.6 yrs) and age-specific mortality (all patients: solid line, patients with single primaries: dotted line). The age-specific incidence is additionally plotted for comparison (dashed line).

The difference between age at diagnosis (Table 3) and age at leukaemias-related death (see Table 10) should be considered.

Average mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Males



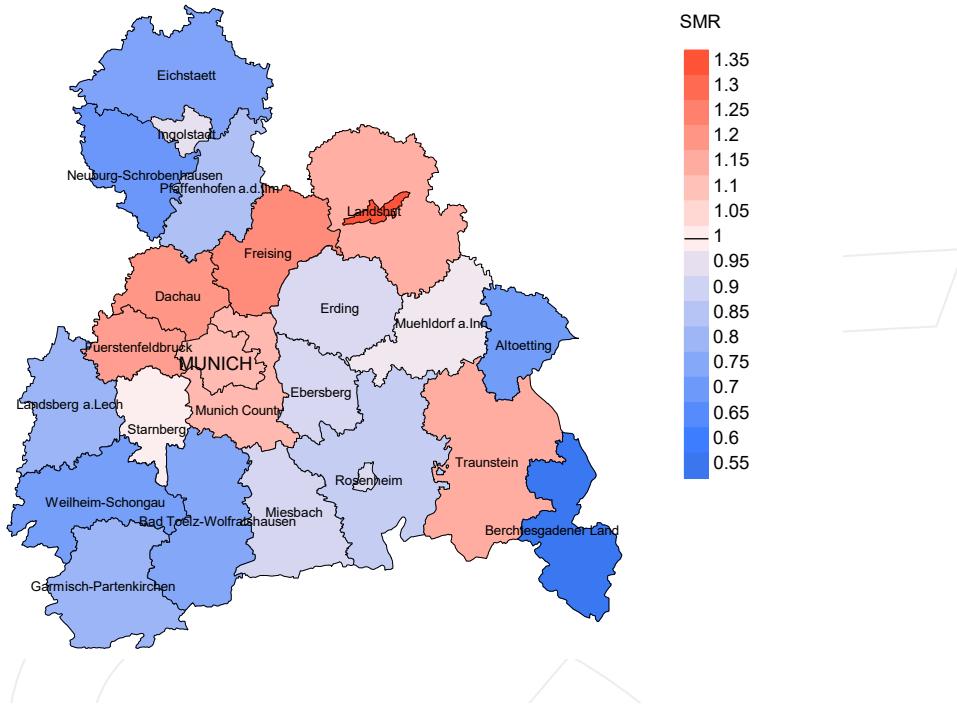
Average mortality (Germany 1987 standard population) 2007 - 2020: Females



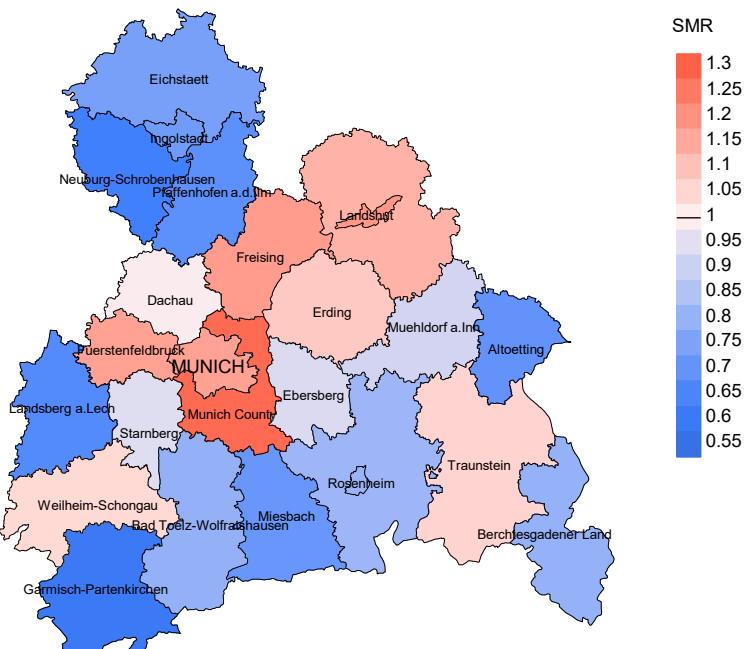
**Figure 18a.** Map of cancer mortality (german standard population) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual mortality rates, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population mean (males 7.1/100,000 WS N=2,480, females 4.1/100,000 WS N=1,875).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,727 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 47 women died from leukaemias. Therefore, the mean mortality rate for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 3.8/100,000 (german standard population). Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 2.5 and 5.6/100,000.

## Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Males



## Standardized mortality ratio (SMR) 2007 - 2020: Females



**Figure 18b.** Map of standardized mortality ratio (SMR, incl. DCO cases) by county averaged for period 2007 to 2020. According to their individual SMR values, the counties are displayed in different red and blue hues, being the fine white color attributed to the population overall of 1.0 (males N=2,480, females N=1,875).

The results should be interpreted with caution! E.g., in county Ebersberg with a population of 67,153 female residents (averaged) in the period from 2007 to 2020 a total of 47 women died from leukaemias. Therefore, the mean standardized mortality ratio (SMR) for this cancer type in this area can be calculated at 0.93. Though, the value of this parameter may vary with an underlying probability of 99% between 0.62 and 1.34, and is therefore not statistically striking.

## Statistical Notes

In all tables and figures the respective reference values should be carefully considered. The incidence rates include diagnoses (with multiple primary), and death certificate only (DCO) cases, where applicable. For mortality statistics patients, diagnoses and progressive course of disease are presented. In the calculations, all courses of disease are considered whereby progressions occurred and/or death certificate identified progressive cancers were ascertained. Additionally there are three groups of disease course to consider:

### 1. All multiple primaries included

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death, independent of any malignancy. The patient perspective, induced secondary malignancies, and the problem of multiple malignancies from the same primary tumor all have reasons for their inclusion.

### 2. First singular primary (no information about other prior or synchronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the cancer-related death for patients who have no therapeutic restrictions due to a previous or synchronous cancer. These statistics are comparable to studies that have exclusion criteria based on a second malignancy.

### 3. Single primary (no information about other prior, syn- or metachronous malignancy)

The mortality statistic describes the tumor-specific death that occurs without any impact through secondary primaries, earlier, synchronous, later or induced. Precisely the difference between disease group 1 and 2 highlight the magnitude of the problem of secondary malignancies.

For this reason differences appear concerning official mono-causal mortality statistics. To judge the maximum deviation, 2 further tables are presented. In the first table the distribution of secondary malignancies before, at or after the described cancer are shown, that could be an alternative cause of death. In the second table, the age-specific mortality rates for all courses of disease, without designation of secondary malignancies are shown.

A previously minimally acknowledged statistic is the **age at death**, which allows for a good assessment of the quality of classification of the apparent tumor-specific death. For assumed tumor-independent deaths, the age of death should be estimated from the age of diagnosis and the normal life expectancy, whereas tumor-dependent deaths can be estimated from the age of diagnosis plus the average tumor-specific life expectancy. The comparison of different tumors demonstrates this association, if the causes of cancer and the competing cause of death are independent of each other (e.g. breast and colon versus head&neck and lung).

The ratio of mortality and incidence (mortality-to-incidence ratio, **MIR, MI-Index**) is a statistical index that allows for the evaluation of the quality of data. For diseases with poor prognoses, comparable values are obtained from all age groups, because to a large extent, the numerator and denominator contain the same cases. For tumors with a good prognosis, increasing and decreasing incidence and age-specific differences in prognosis can more strongly alter the MIR. Additionally, attention should be paid to the confidence intervals where fewer cases are reported.

The complexity of problems identified here emphasizes the importance of relative survival data for the appropriate analysis of long term results.

As a measurement of the burden of disease, the number of potential life years loss due to premature deaths in a cohort can be calculated (**PYLL**, potential years of life lost, standardized per 100,000 persons or per European standard) as well as the average loss of life years per individual (**AYLL**, average years of life lost). Depending upon the analytic aim (health economy, prevention, health care research) different methods exist for the generation of these measurements. In the results presented here, the age for a premature death is considered to be before 70 years, according to the guidelines of the OECD and the WHO (as seen in the abbreviation PYLL-70 or AYLL-70).

## Shortcuts

MCR	Munich Cancer Registry (Tumorregister München)
GEKID	Association of Population-based Cancer Registries in Germany (Gesellschaft der epidemiologischen Krebsregister in Deutschland e.V.)
SEER	Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (USA)
DCO	Death certificate only
BRD-S	German (FRG) standard population
ES	European standard population (old)
WS	World standard population
SIR	Standardized incidence ratio
CI	Confidence interval
EAR	Excess absolute risk = excess cancer cases (O - E) per 10,000 person-years
PYLL-70	Potential years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age
AYLL-70	Average years of life lost prior to age 70 given a person dies before that age
SMR	Standardized mortality ratio
MI-index	Ratio of mortality to incidence, MIR
FRG	Federal Republic of Germany

## Recommended Citation

Munich Cancer Registry. ICD-10 C91-C95: Leukaemias - Incidence and Mortality [Internet]. 2021 [updated 2021 Dec 21; cited 2022 Feb 1]. Available from: <https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/base/bC9195E-ICD-10-C91-C95-Leukaemias-incidence-and-mortality.pdf>

## Copyright

The content of the public web site provided by the Munich Cancer Registry is available worldwide and free of charge. All documents are free to download, utilize, copy, print-out and distribute, providing that the MCR is referenced.

## Disclaimer

The Munich Cancer Registry reserves the right to not be responsible for the topicality, correctness, completeness or quality of the information provided. Liability claims regarding damage caused by the use of any information provided, including any kind of information which is incomplete or incorrect, will therefore be rejected.