

Munich Cancer Registry



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ICD-10 C82: Follic. lymphoma

Survival

Year of diagnosis	1998-2020
Patients	2,425
Diseases	2,428
Cases evaluated	1,973
Creation date	04/15/2022
Database export	12/20/2021
Population	4.92 m



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<https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en>

https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/sC82__E-ICD-10-C82-Follic.-lymphoma-survival.pdf

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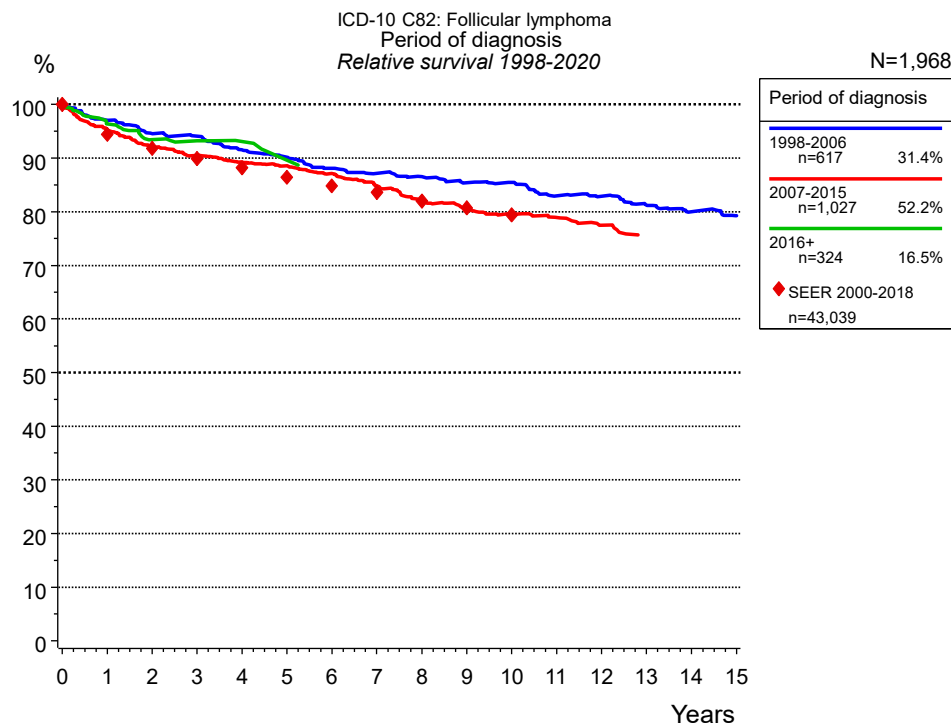


Figure 1a. Relative survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 1,968 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020.

The survival results of the SEER program (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results) of the American National Cancer Institute (NCI) are summarized as the period of diagnosis from 2000 to 2018, and are represented by colored diamonds in order to facilitate comparisons between MCR and SEER.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided population-based statistics since 1998, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

Years	Period of diagnosis					
	1998-2006 n=617		2007-2015 n=1,027		2016+ n=324	
	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	95.7	97.1	93.5	95.2	94.6	96.4
2	91.9	94.5	88.8	92.0	90.1	93.4
3	90.1	94.1	85.7	90.5	88.7	93.2
4	86.3	91.5	83.0	89.2	86.8	93.1
5	83.9	90.1	80.9	88.6	84.5	89.6
6	80.6	88.1	77.9	87.1		
7	78.4	87.1	74.2	84.7		
8	76.7	86.5	70.4	82.0		
9	74.2	85.4	68.0	80.8		
10	73.0	85.5	65.6	79.7		
11	69.4	83.0	63.4	79.0		
12	68.0	82.9	60.7	77.5		
13	65.3	81.2				
14	62.7	80.0				
15	60.7	79.2				
Median	19.9					

Table 1b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by period of diagnosis for period 1998-2020 (N=1,968).

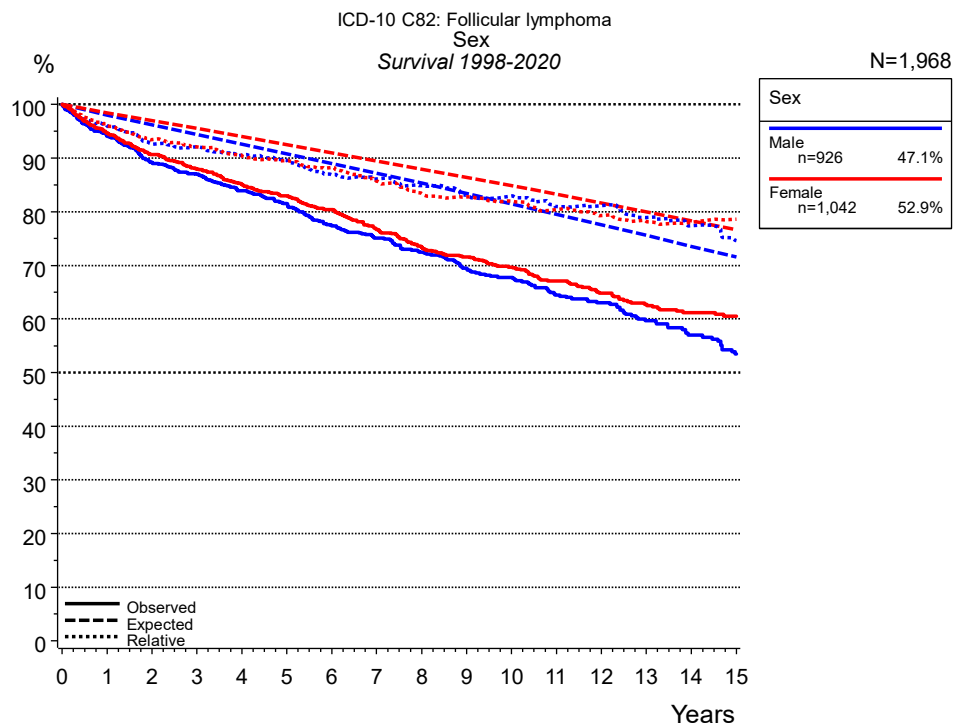


Figure 2a. Survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by sex. Included in the evaluation are 1,968 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020.

Years	Sex			
	Male n=926		Female n=1,042	
	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	94.0	95.9	94.6	96.1
2	89.3	92.6	90.6	93.4
3	87.0	92.1	88.1	92.1
4	83.9	90.5	85.1	90.5
5	81.5	89.6	82.9	89.6
6	77.3	86.9	80.4	88.3
7	75.1	86.1	76.7	85.7
8	72.5	84.8	73.5	83.4
9	69.4	83.1	71.6	82.7
10	67.7	82.9	69.7	82.0
11	64.5	81.0	67.0	80.4
12	63.0	81.1	64.8	79.3
13	59.7	78.9	62.7	78.2
14	57.0	77.3	61.2	78.0
15	53.5	74.6	60.5	78.6
Median	16.3		19.9	

Table 2b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by sex for period 1998-2020 (N=1,968).

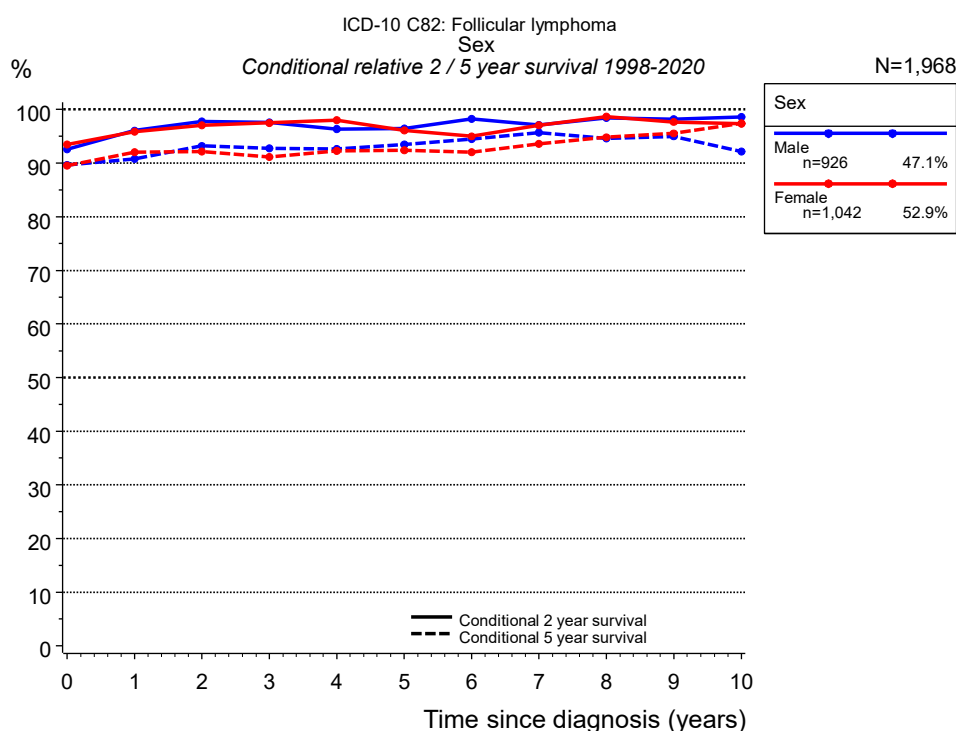


Figure 2c. Conditional relative 2 / 5-year survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by sex. For 1,968 of 1,968 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 valid data could be obtained for this item.

Years	Sex					
	Male			Female		
	n	Cond. surv. % 2 yrs	5 yrs	n	Cond. surv. % 2 yrs	5 yrs
0	926	92.6	89.6	1,042	93.4	89.6
1	842	96.1	90.8	964	95.9	92.0
2	770	97.8	93.2	887	97.0	92.1
3	720	97.6	92.7	838	97.5	91.1
4	651	96.4	92.6	780	98.0	92.3
5	600	96.4	93.5	730	96.1	92.4
6	537	98.2	94.5	671	95.0	92.0
7	479	97.1	95.7	592	97.1	93.5
8	426	98.4	94.6	529	98.7	94.8
9	379	98.2	95.0	470	97.7	95.5
10	328	98.6	92.2	413	97.3	97.4

Table 2d. Conditional relative 2 / 5-year survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by sex for period 1998-2020 (N=1,968).

Conditional relative survival rates refer to the relative survival probability, in this case for 2 and 5 years after cancer diagnosis, compared to the age- and sex-matched population (=100 %) under the condition of being alive for a certain time period (x-axis in Figure 2a). The results illustrate to what extent the cancer induced mortality of particular subgroups declines in the subsequent years after detection of the malignancy. For instance, according to the presented survival statistics, patients in the subgroup sex="Male", who are alive at least 3 years after cancer diagnosis, the conditional relative 2-year survival rate is 97.6% (n=720).

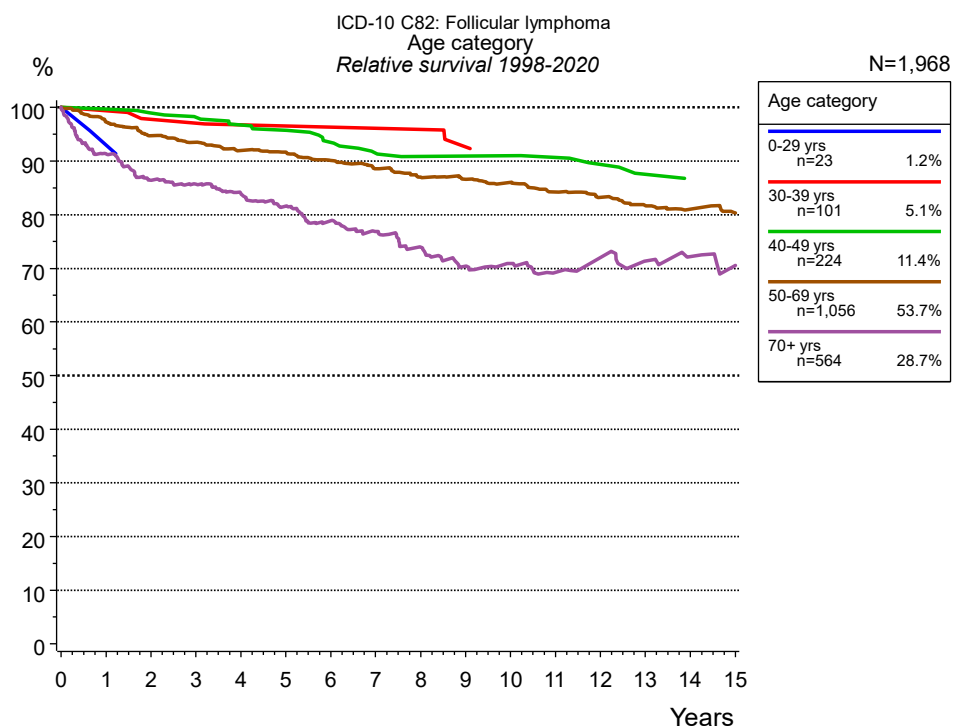


Figure 3a. Relative survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by age category. Included in the evaluation are 1,968 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020.

Years	Age category									
	0-29 yrs n=23		30-39 yrs n=101		40-49 yrs n=224		50-69 yrs n=1,056		70+ yrs n=564	
	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	95.7	93.0	100.0	99.4	99.5	99.7	96.4	97.3	87.4	91.3
2	91.3	90.4	97.8	97.8	98.6	99.0	93.0	94.7	79.4	86.4
3	91.3	89.2	97.8	97.1	97.6	98.2	91.0	93.5	75.0	85.7
4			96.7	96.8	96.1	96.8	88.4	92.0	69.9	84.0
5			96.7	96.5	95.1	95.8	87.2	91.7	64.6	81.6
6			96.7	96.3	92.4	93.5	84.5	90.1	59.1	78.9
7			96.7	96.1	90.1	91.4	82.1	88.6	54.2	76.9
8			96.7	95.9	88.9	90.9	79.5	87.0	49.2	73.9
9			93.2	92.6	88.9	90.9	77.9	86.6	44.1	70.4
10					88.9	91.0	76.0	86.0	41.5	70.9
11					88.1	90.7	73.0	84.2	37.5	69.3
12					86.1	89.4	70.6	83.2	36.1	72.0
13					83.7	87.6	68.0	81.7	32.4	71.4
14							65.7	81.0	29.6	72.2
15							63.5	80.3	26.1	70.5
Median							20.4		7.7	

Table 3b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by age category for period 1998-2020 (N=1,968).

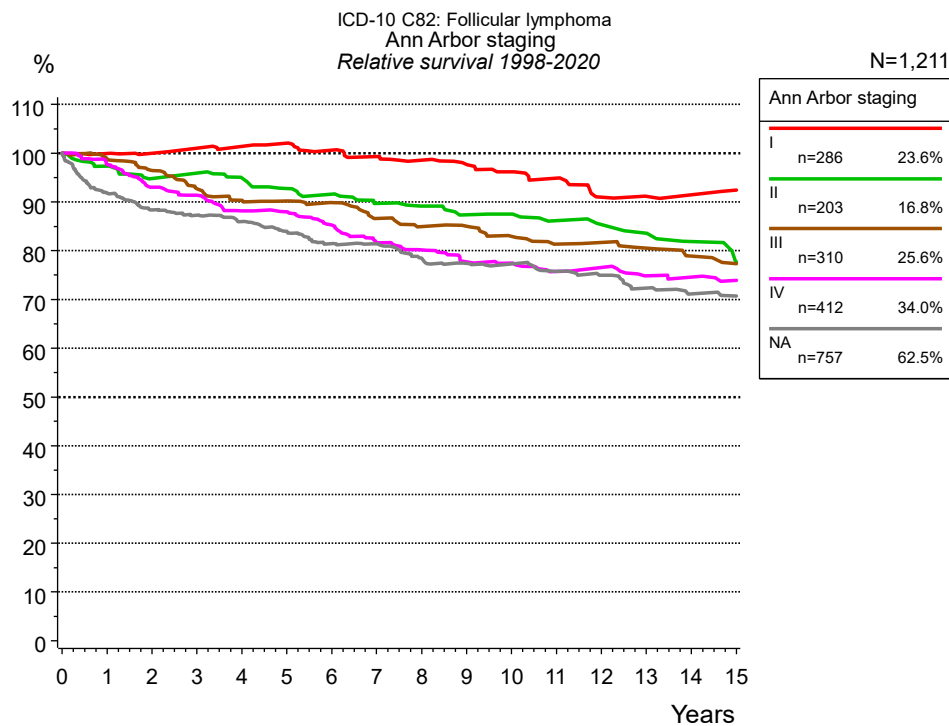


Figure 4a. Relative survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by Ann Arbor staging. For 1,211 of 1,968 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 valid data could be obtained for this item. The grey line represents the subgroup of 757 patients with missing values regarding Ann Arbor staging (38.5 % of 1,968 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=1,211).

Ann Arbor staging											
Years	I n=286		II n=203		III n=310		IV n=412		NA n=757		
	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1	98.9	99.9	96.0	97.4	97.3	98.9	96.3	97.7	89.8	91.8	
2	97.5	100.0	91.5	94.8	93.9	96.5	90.5	93.0	84.8	88.4	
3	97.1	101.0	91.5	95.9	88.7	92.7	87.9	91.4	82.1	87.3	
4	96.0	101.4	88.7	94.9	85.3	90.4	83.4	88.2	79.2	86.0	
5	95.2	102.0	85.3	92.7	83.8	90.2	82.3	88.0	75.8	84.0	
6	92.2	100.6	82.9	91.6	81.8	89.9	78.2	85.2	72.0	81.4	
7	89.4	99.3	79.2	89.7	77.4	86.6	73.6	81.6	70.5	81.4	
8	87.0	98.5	77.2	89.1	74.5	84.9	71.3	80.2	66.6	78.5	
9	84.8	97.7	74.4	87.4	73.5	85.0	68.1	77.7	64.2	77.4	
10	81.9	96.2	73.7	87.6	70.2	83.0	66.6	77.4	62.9	77.3	
11	79.3	94.9	70.5	86.2	67.2	81.3	63.7	75.7	60.0	75.7	
12	74.1	91.0	68.5	85.4	66.5	81.7	63.2	76.5	58.0	74.9	
13	72.4	91.1	66.4	83.5	64.1	80.5	60.1	74.8	54.9	72.3	
14	71.5	91.4	62.7	81.9	61.2	78.9	58.9	74.6	52.4	71.2	
15	70.3	92.5	58.2	77.7	59.0	77.3	56.9	73.9	51.3	70.7	
Median							17.3		15.1		

Table 4b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma by Ann Arbor staging for period 1998-2020 (N=1,211).

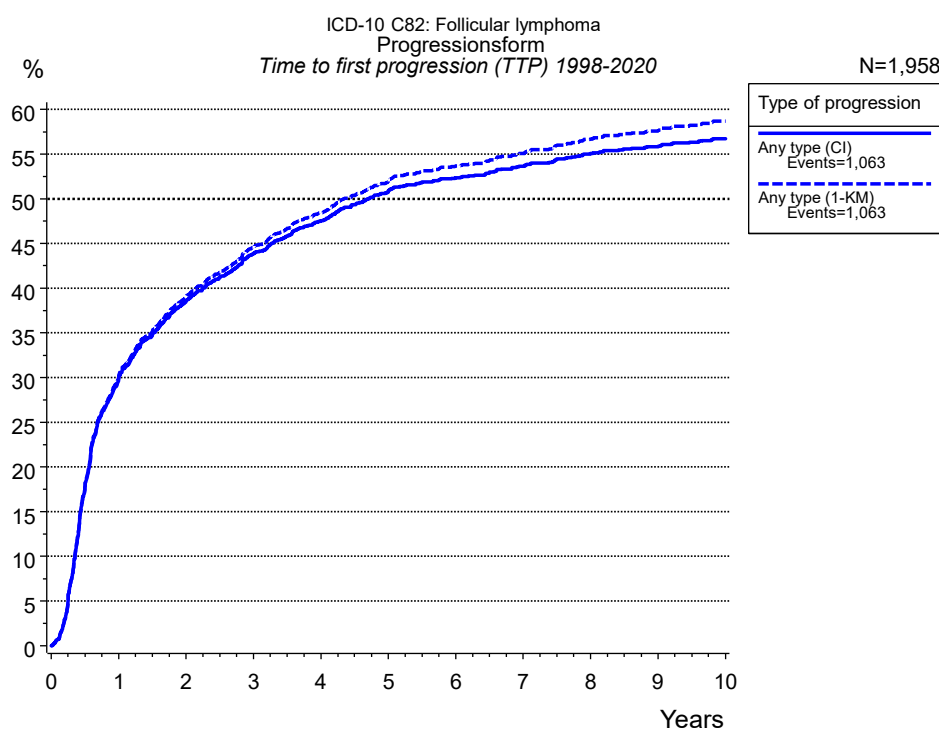


Figure 5a. Time to first progression of 1,958 patients with Follic. lymphoma diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 (in solid cancers M0 only) estimated by cumulative incidence function (CI, solid line) accounting for death as competing risk and by inverse Kaplan-Meier estimate (1-KM, dashed line). The frequency of events may be underestimated due to underreporting.

	Type of progression	
	Any type (CI)	Any type (1-KM)
N	1,958	1,958
Events	1,035	1,035
compet.	142	
Years	%	%
0	0.0	0.0
1	29.8	30.1
2	38.6	39.0
3	43.9	44.6
4	47.5	48.4
5	50.9	52.1
6	52.4	53.7
7	53.6	55.1
8	55.1	56.7
9	55.8	57.6
10	56.7	58.7

Table 5b. Time to first progression of patients with Follic. lymphoma for period 1998-2020 (N=1,958), also showing the total of progression events (Events) and of deaths as competing risk (compet.).

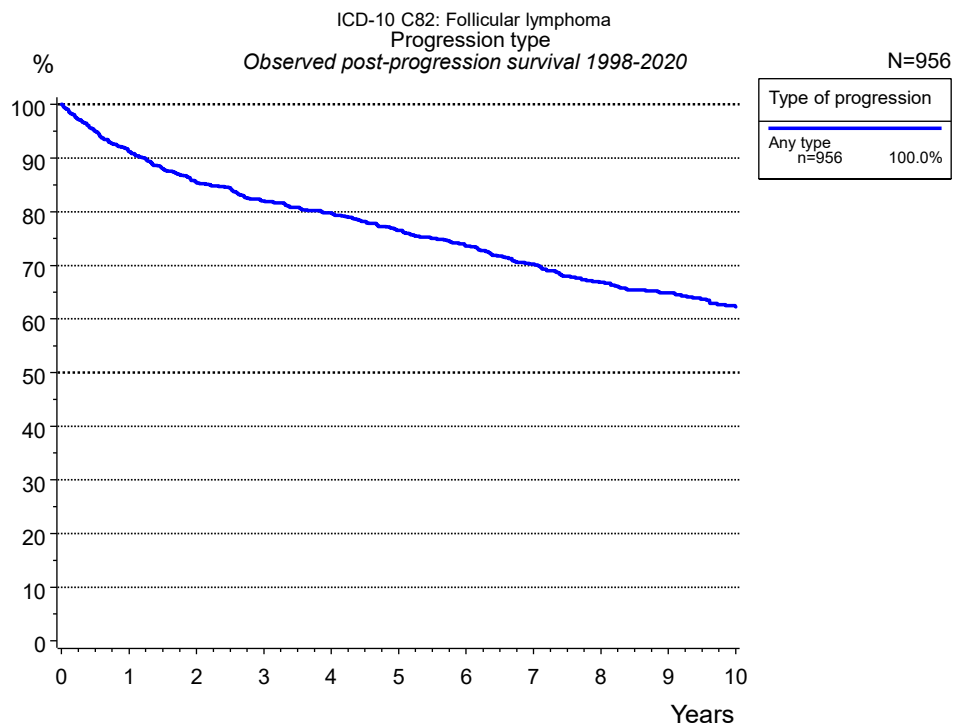


Figure 5c. Observed post-progression survival of 956 patients with Follic. lymphoma diagnosed between 1998 and 2020. These 956 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 48.8 % of the totally 1,958 evaluated cases. Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=107, 5.5 %).

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement “not specified” is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category “Any type” denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100 % value because patients are potentially considered in more than one subgroup.

Type of progression	
Any type n=956	
Years	%
0	100.0
1	91.2
2	85.4
3	82.0
4	79.8
5	76.5
6	73.6
7	70.2
8	66.8
9	64.9
10	62.3

Table 5d. Observed post-progression survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma for period 1998-2020 (N=956).

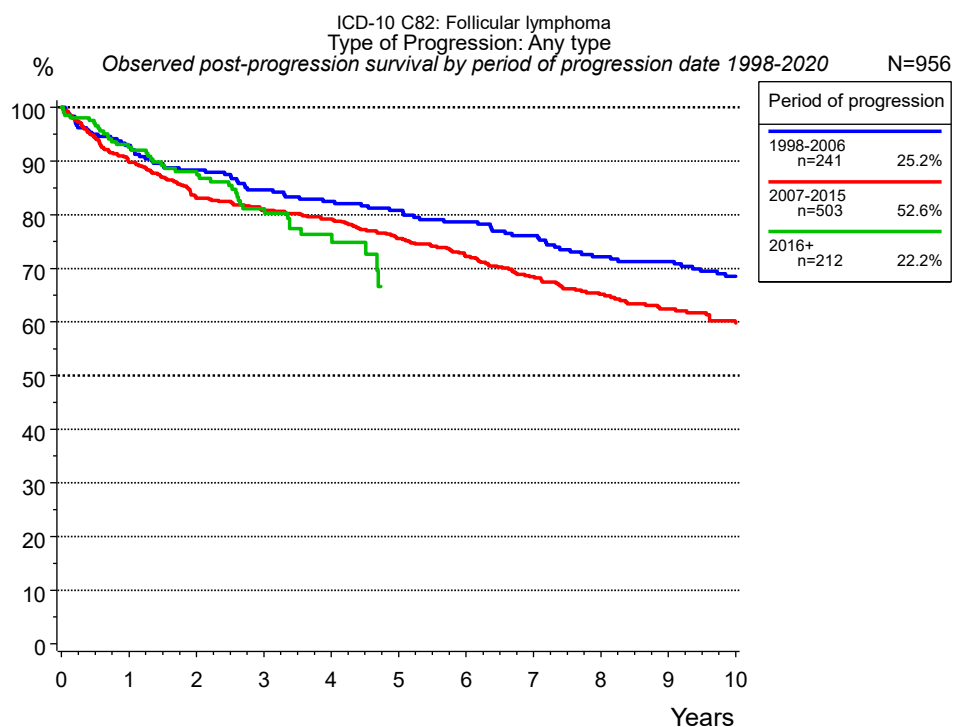


Figure 5e. Observed post-progression (any type) survival of 956 patients with Follic. lymphoma diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 by period of progression.

Years	Period of progression		
	1998-2006 n=241 %	2007-2015 n=503 %	2016+ n=212 %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	92.9	89.7	92.5
2	88.3	83.1	88.1
3	84.6	80.8	81.1
4	82.5	79.2	76.3
5	80.8	75.5	
6	78.7	72.2	
7	76.1	68.4	
8	72.2	65.2	
9	71.3	62.4	
10	68.6	59.8	

Table 5f. Observed post-progression (any type) survival of patients with Follic. lymphoma for period 1998-2020 by period of progression (N=956).

Shortcuts

MCR Munich Cancer Registry, Germany

NCI National Cancer Institute, USA

SEER Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA

UICC Union for International Cancer Control, Geneva

DCO Death certificate only Death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.

NA Not available

NOS Not otherwise specified

OS Overall/Observed survival Overall/Observed survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate)

Date of entry: diagnosis
Event: death from any cause

RS Relative survival Survival compared to “general population”, ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method), reflecting cancer specific survival

AS Assembled survival Assembled chart of observed, expected, relative survival

CS Conditional survival Survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time

TTP Time to progression Time to first progression / relapse
Date of entry: diagnosis
Event: (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression

1-KM 1 minus Kaplan-Meier estimator
 (“inverse” Kaplan-Meier estimator)

CI Cumulative incidence
Death as competing risk (according to Kalbfleisch und Prentice)

PPS Post-progression survival Survival since first progression / relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate)
Date of entry (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression
Event: death from any cause

Recommended Citation

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