# **Munich Cancer Registry**



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## ICD-10 C86: Other T/NK-cell lymphomas

### Survival

Year of diagnosis	1998-2020
Patients	247
Diseases	247
Cases evaluated	187
Creation date	04/15/2022
Database export	12/20/2021
Population	4.92 m



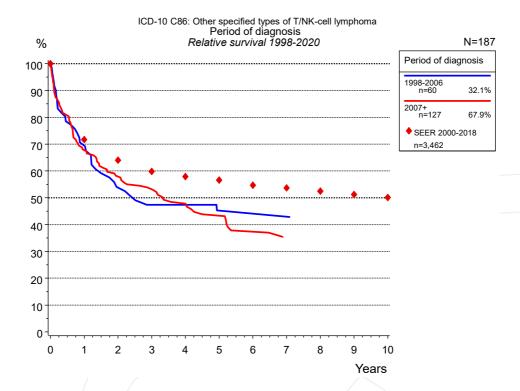
Munich Cancer Registry
Cancer Registry Bavaria - Upper Bavaria Regional Center
at Klinikum Grosshadern/IBE
Marchioninistr. 15
Munich, 81377
Germany

https://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

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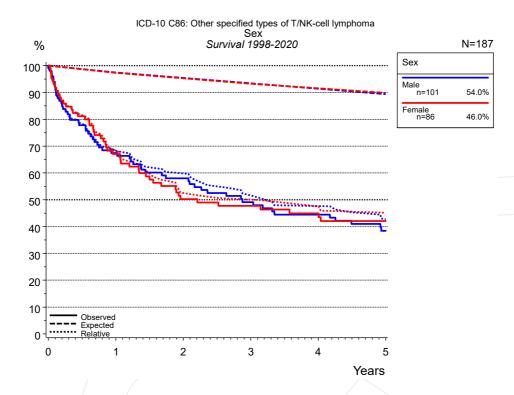
**Figure 1a.** Relative survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 187 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020.

The survival results of the SEER program (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results) of the American National Cancer Institute (NCI) are summarized as the period of diagnosis from 2000 to 2018, and are represented by colored diamonds in order to facilitate comparisons between MCR and SEER.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided population-based statistics since 1998, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

ı	Period	of dia	gnosis	
	1998-	2006	200	7+
	n=	60	n=1	27
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	69.0	69.4	66.4	67.7
2	51.6	53.8	55.7	57.9
3	44.4	47.4	50.4	53.2
4	44.4	47.4	44.7	47.8
5	40.7	45.3	39.7	43.3
6	38.8	44.1	33.7	37.4
7	38.8	43.0	30.7	35.2
Median	2.2		3.0	

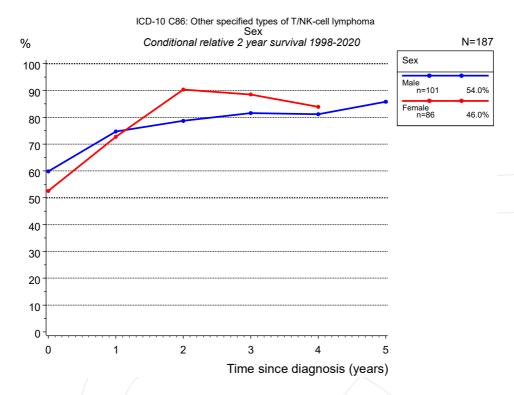
**Table 1b.** Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by period of diagnosis for period 1998-2020 (N=187).



**Figure 2a.** Survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by sex. Included in the evaluation are 187 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020.

Sex				
	Ma	ale	Fen	nale
	n=1	101	n=	86
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	67.4	68.3	67.1	68.3
2	58.0	59.8	50.2	52.5
3	49.1	51.6	47.7	50.0
4	44.5	47.7	45.0	47.6
5	38.5	42.7	42.1	45.2
Median	2.9		2.2	

**Table 2b.** Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by sex for period 1998-2020 (N=187).

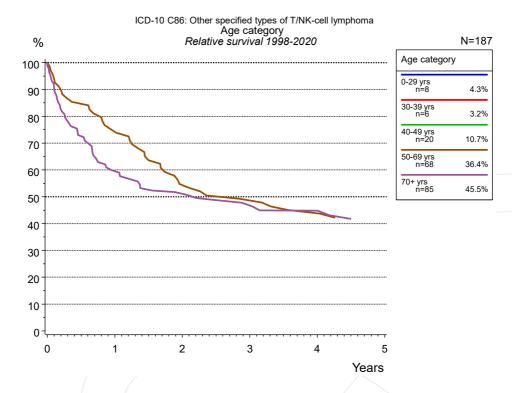


**Figure 2c.** Conditional relative 2-year survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by sex. For 187 of 187 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 valid data could be obtained for this item.

Sex				
	Ma	le	Fem	ale
		Cond.		Cond.
		surv. %		surv. %
Years	n	2 yrs	n	2 yrs
0	101	59.8	86	52.5
1	65	74.7	57	72.7
2	54	78.7	40	90.4
3	43	81.6	35	88.5
4	38	81.2	31	83.9
5	30	85.8		

**Table 2d.** Conditional relative 2-year survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by sex for period 1998-2020 (N=187).

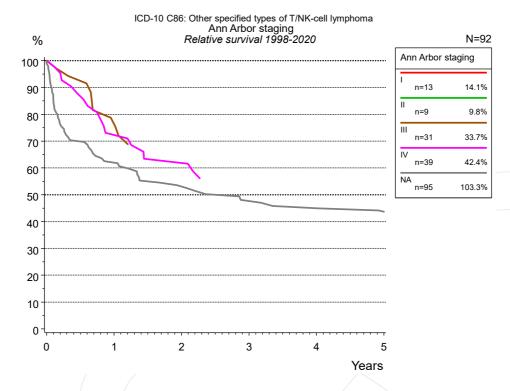
Conditional relative survival rates refer to the relative survival probability, in this case for 2 years after cancer diagnosis, compared to the age- and sex-matched population (=100 %) under the condition of being alive for a certain time period (x-axis in Figure 2a). The results illustrate to what extent the cancer induced mortality of particular subgroups declines in the subsequent years after detection of the malignancy. For instance, according to the presented survival statistics, patients in the subgroup sex="Male", who are alive at least 3 years after cancer diagnosis, the conditional relative 2-year survival rate is 81.6% (n=43).



**Figure 3a.** Relative survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by age category. Included in the evaluation are 187 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020. Subgroups with sample size <20 are omitted from the chart.

		Age	categ	ory		
	40-49	9 yrs	50-6	9 yrs	70+	yrs
	n=	20	n=	68	n=	85
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1			74.6	74.2	57.2	59.5
2			53.7	54.4	47.4	51.1
3			47.8	48.6	41.9	46.8
4			43.3	43.8	38.9	44.8
5			40.3	41.9		
Median			2.4		1.4	

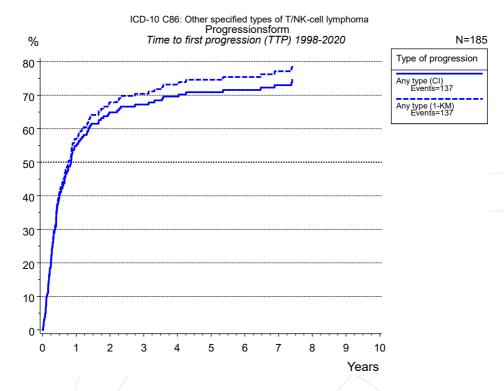
**Table 3b.** Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by age category for period 1998-2020 (N=187).



**Figure 4c.** Relative survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by Ann Arbor staging. For 92 of 187 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 valid data could be obtained for this item. The grey line represents the subgroup of 95 patients with missing values regarding Ann Arbor staging (50.8 % of 187 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=92). Subgroups with sample size <20 are omitted from the chart.

Ann Arbor staging						
	II	I	IV		NA	
	n=	31	n=	39	n=	95
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	76.8	76.3	71.8	72.3	60.9	62.0
2			61.5	61.8	50.9	53.1
3					44.8	47.7
4					42.2	45.0
5					39.5	43.7
Median					2.1	

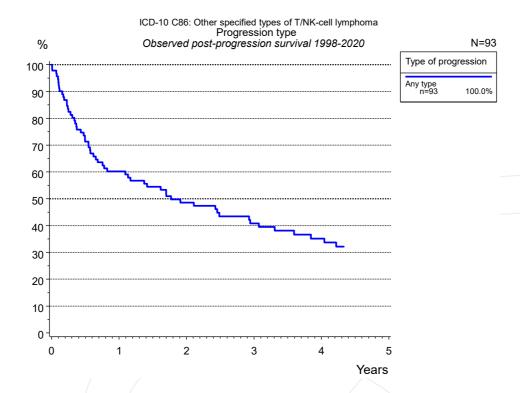
**Table 4d.** Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas by Ann Arbor staging for period 1998-2020 (N=92).



**Figure 5a.** Time to first progression of 185 patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 (in solid cancers M0 only) estimated by cumulative incidence function (CI, solid line) accounting for death as competing risk and by inverse Kaplan-Meier estimate (1-KM, dashed line). The frequency of events may be underestimated due to underreporting.

T	ession	
	Any type (CI)	Any type (1- KM)
N	185	185
Events	131	131
compet.	14	
Years	%	%
0	0.0	0.0
1	54.8	57.0
2	64.9	67.9
3	67.2	70.5
4	69.6	73.2
5	70.9	74.6
6	71.6	75.4
7	73.0	77.2

**Table 5b.** Time to first progression of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas for period 1998-2020 (N=185), also showing the total of progression events (Events) and of deaths as competing risk (compet.).

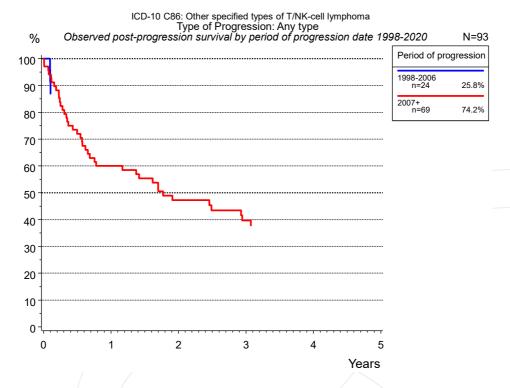


**Figure 5c.** Observed post-progression survival of 93 patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas diagnosed between 1998 and 2020. These 93 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 50.3 % of the totally 185 evaluated cases. Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=44, 23.8 %).

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "Any type" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100 % value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

Type of progression			
	Any type		
	n=93		
Years	%		
0	100.0		
1	60.2		
2	48.6		
3	40.8		
4	35.1		

**Table 5d.** Observed post-progression survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas for period 1998-2020 (N=93).



**Figure 5e.** Observed post-progression (any type) survival of 93 patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas diagnosed between 1998 and 2020 by period of progression.

Period of progression					
	1998-2006	2007+			
	n=24	n=69			
Years	%	%			
0	100.0	100.0			
1		60.0			
2		47.3			
3		39.7			

**Table 5f.** Observed post-progression (any type) survival of patients with Other T/NK-cell lymphomas for period 1998-2020 by period of progression (N=93).



#### **Shortcuts**

MCR	Munich Cancer Registry, Germany				
NCI	National Cancer Institute, USA				
SEER	SEER Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA				
UICC	Union for International Can	cer Control, Geneva			
DCO	Death certificate only	Death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.			
NA	Not available				
NOS	Not otherwise specified				
os	Overall/Observed survival	Overall/Observed survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry: diagnosis Event: death from any cause			
RS	Relative survival	Survival compared to "general population", ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method), reflecting cancer specific survival			
AS	Assembled survival	Assembled chart of observed, expected, relative survival			
CS	Conditional survival	Survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time			
TTP	Time to progression	Time to first progression / relapse Date of entry: diagnosis Event: (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression			
	1-KM	1 minus Kaplan-Meier estimator ("inverse" Kaplan-Meier estimator)			
	CI	Cumulative incidence Death as competing risk (according to Kalbfleisch und Prentice)			
PPS	Post-progression survival	Survival since first progression / relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression Event: death from any cause			

#### **Recommended Citation**

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