Munich Cancer Registry



- ▶ Baseline statistics
- ▶ Selection Matrix
- ▶ Homepage
- ▶ Deutsch

Munich Cancer Registry at Munich Cancer Center Marchioninistr. 15 Munich, 81377 Germany

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

Cancer statistics: Survival

C01: Base of tongue cancer

Year of diagnosis	1988-2012
Patients	741
Diseases	742
Cases evaluated	428
Creation date	03/25/2014
Export date	02/12/2014
Population	4.5 m



http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/surv_C01__E.pdf

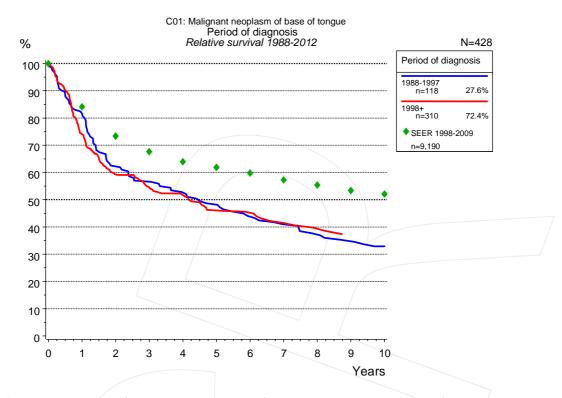


Figure 1a. Relative survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 428 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2012.

The survival results of the SEER program (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results) of the American National Cancer Institute (NCI) are summarized as the period of diagnosis from 1998 to 2009, and are represented by green diamonds in order to facilitate comparisons between MCR and SEER.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided population-based statistics since 1988, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

Period of diagnosis				
	1988-	1997	1998+	
	n=118		n=3	310
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	81.4	81.6	72.9	74.1
2	61.0	62.2	57.6	59.3
3	55.1	56.6	52.1	54.4
4	49.8	52.6	48.4	51.7
5	45.5	48.2	42.7	46.0
6	40.2	43.8	41.0	45.1
7	36.7	41.0	36.4	41.4
8	33.2	37.2	34.1	39.4
9	30.6	34.7	31.4	37.2
10	28.0	32.9	31.4	36.6

Table 1b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by period of diagnosis for period 1988-2012 (N=428).

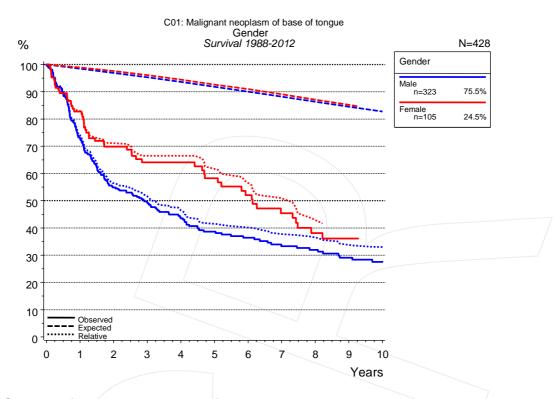


Figure 2a. Survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by gender. Included in the evaluation are 428 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2012.

Gender										
	Ma	ale	Fen	nale						
	n=3	323	n=	105						
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. $\%$	rel. %						
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0						
1	72.9	74.0	82.7	82.9						
2	54.8	56.4	69.8	71.1						
3	49.3	51.6	64.0	66.5						
4	43.5	46.4	64.0	66.5						
5	38.7	41.6	58.2	61.7						
6	36.4	40.1	52.0	56.5						
7	33.3	37.7	45.4	50.8						
8	32.0	36.5	38.1	42.9						
9	29.1	33.8	36.1	40.5						
10	27.5	33.0								

Table 2b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by gender for period 1988-2012 (N=428).

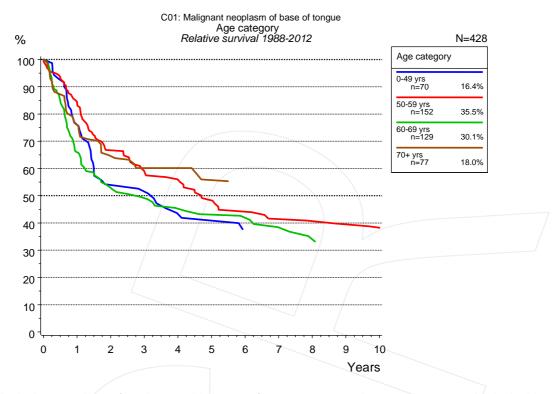


Figure 3a. Relative survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by age category. Included in the evaluation are 428 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2012.

Age category											
	0-49	yrs	50-59 yrs		60-69	9 yrs	70+ yrs				
	n=	70	n=152		n=129		n=77				
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %			
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1	76.8	76.0	83.8	84.3	65.4	65.9	73.7	75.9			
2	53.9	53.9	65.9	66.7	51.6	52.9	59.8	64.5			
3	52.1	51.5	57.8	58.8	47.6	49.1	53.5	60.2			
4	43.1	43.3	54.2	55.9	42.7	45.2	53.5	60.2			
5	41.3	40.8	47.2	48.3	40.0	43.0	44.9	55.7			
6	37.0	37.6	42.9	44.2	38.4	41.9	42.2	54.0			
7	37.0	36.4	39.2	41.4	33.8	38.3					
8	37.0	35.2	37.9	40.7	30.1	33.9					
9			36.6	39.5							
10			35.1	38.2							

Table 3b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by age category for period 1988-2012 (N=428).

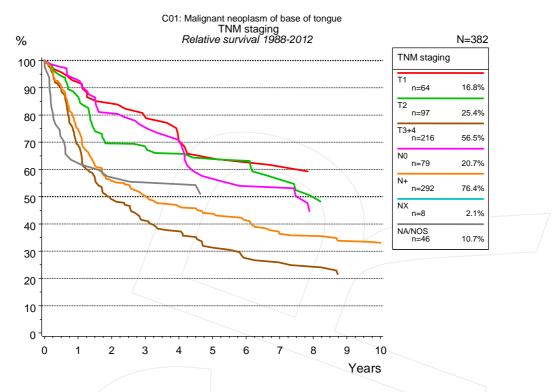


Figure 4a. Relative survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by TNM staging. For 384 of 428 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2012 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 382 cases an evaluable classification was established. The accumulated percentage exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup. The grey line represents the subgroup of 46 patients with missing values regarding TNM staging (10.7% of 428 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=382). Subgroups with sample size <15 are dropped from the chart.

	TNM staging													
	Т	1	Т	2	T3	+4	N0 N+		NX		NA/NOS			
	n=	64	n=	97	n=2	216 n=79		n=292		n=8		n=46		
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	92.1	91.9	85.2	86.6	68.5	69.0	92.3	92.8	73.9	74.9			62.7	62.2
2	83.9	84.2	67.5	69.6	47.8	49.0	79.0	80.6	54.4	55.8			55.7	57.1
3	78.5	79.1	65.0	68.3	39.6	41.2	73.0	75.4	48.3	50.2			53.1	55.2
4	67.8	70.5	62.3	65.8	35.5	37.3	66.3	70.3	43.8	46.4			53.1	54.6
5	63.0	64.1	59.2	63.9	29.5	31.3	53.1	56.6	41.0	43.7			46.9	49.1
6	60.4	62.6	57.6	63.2	24.9	27.4	48.6	53.8	37.9	41.3				
7	57.2	61.1	48.6	56.3	23.0	25.8	48.6	53.3	32.5	36.4				
8	54.0	59.0	42.5	49.7	22.0	24.3	38.3	43.8	31.8	35.6				
9	54.0	57.5	40.1	48.2	18.6	21.0			29.3	33.7				
10			40.1	48.2					28.3	33.0				

Table 4b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with base of tongue cancer by TNM staging for period 1988-2012 (N=756).

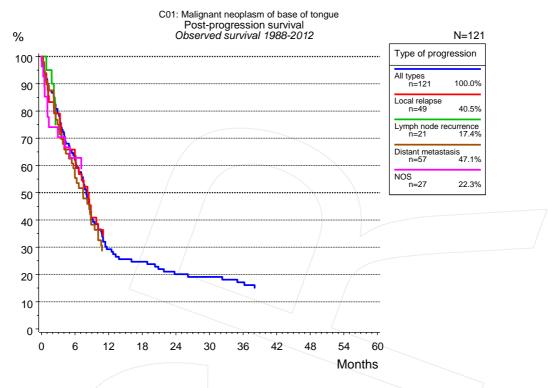


Figure 5a. Observed post-progression survival of 121 patients with base of tongue cancer diagnosed between 1988 and 2012 (incl. M1). These 121 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 28.3% of the totally 428 evaluated cases. Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=79, 18.5%). Multiple progression types on different sites are included in the evaluation even when not occurring synchronously. The NOS (not otherwise specified) class is included under the condition, that it is the one and only progression type during the course of disease.

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "All types" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

Type of progression											
	All types Local relapse Lymph node recurrence Distant metastasis										
	n=121	n=49	n=21	n=57	n=27						
Months	s %	%	%	%	%						
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0						
12	29.2										
24	20.1										
36	17.1										

Table 5b. Observed post-progression survival of patients with base of tongue cancer for period 1988-2012 (N=121).

Shortcuts

AS Assembled survival chart (observed, expected, relative)

CS Conditional survival

DCO Death certificate only. The death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.

MCR Munich Cancer Registry, Germany (Tumorregister München)

NA Not available

NCI National Cancer Institute, USA

NOS Not otherwise specified

OS Observed/overall survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate)

PPS Post-progression survival

RS Relative Survival. Ratio of observed and expected survival (derived from the normal population)

SEER Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA

TTP Time to progression

Date of entry: Date of diagnosis

Event (Progression): First local recurrence, lymph node relapse or distant metastasis, unspecified

recurrence

First all-cause recurrence is illustrated by survival curves (Kaplan-Meier estimate).

First local recurrence, lymph node relapse or distant metastasis are depicted cumulatively, where

applicable ("reverse" Kaplan-Meier estimate).

UICC Union for International Cancer Control, Geneva

Recommended Citation

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Index of figures and tables

F	ig./Tb	l.	Page
	1a	Relative survival by period of diagnosis (chart)	2
	1b	Survival by period of diagnosis (table)	2
	2a	Survival by gender (chart)	3
	2b	Survival by gender (table)	3
	3a	Relative survival by age category (chart)	4
	3b	Survival by age category (table)	4
	4a	Relative survival by TNM staging (chart)	5
	4b	Survival by TNM staging (table)	5
	5a	Observed post-progression survival (chart)	6
	5b	Observed post-progression survival (table)	6