Munich Cancer Registry



- Baseline statistics
- Selection Matrix
- Homepage
- Deutsch

Munich Cancer Registry at Munich Cancer Center Marchioninistr. 15 Munich, 81377 Germany

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

Cancer statistics: Survival

C02-C06: Oral cavity cancer

Year of diagnosis	1988-2013
Patients	3,781
Diseases	3,824
Cases evaluated	2,304
Creation date	05/13/2015
Export date	12/30/2014
Population	4.64 m



http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/surv_C0206E.pdf

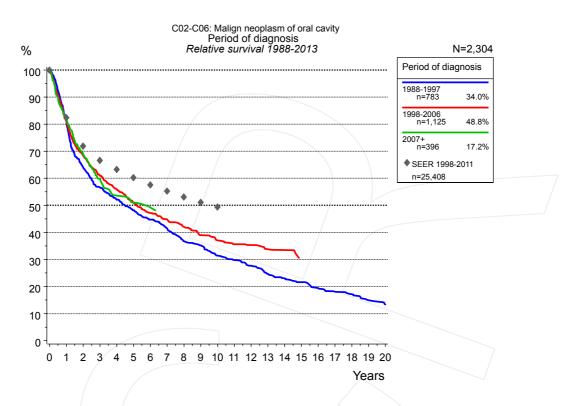


Figure 1a. Relative survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 2,304 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013.

The survival results of the SEER program (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results) of the American National Cancer Institute (NCI) are summarized as the period of diagnosis from 1998 to 2011, and are represented by gray diamonds in order to facilitate comparisons between MCR and SEER.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided populationbased statistics since 1988, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

	F	Period	of dia	qnosis	;	
	1988-			-2006	200)7+
	n=7	783	n=1,	,125	n=3	396
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	79.2	80.6	79.7	81.1	80.3	81.6
2	62.0	64.0	66.1	68.3	66.8	68.9
3	53.9	56.6	58.0	60.9	57.0	59.7
4	48.7	52.1	52.3	55.8	50.6	53.6
5	44.3	48.2	46.9	50.9	47.4	51.1
6	40.5	44.7	42.7	47.1	45.3	49.2
7	37.0	41.5	39.9	44.8		
8	32.1	36.8	36.8	42.0		
9	30.3	35.2	33.5	39.0		
10	26.6	31.4	31.1	37.0		
11	24.8	29.8	29.4	35.6		
12	22.6	27.7	28.7	35.3		
13	19.7	24.6	26.8	33.8		
14	18.1	23.0	26.3	33.5		
15	16.7	21.6				
16	14.7	19.4				
17	13.5	18.1				
18	12.6	17.2				
19	10.6	14.9				
20	9.4	13.4				

Table 1b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by period of diagnosis for period 1988-2013 (N=2,304).

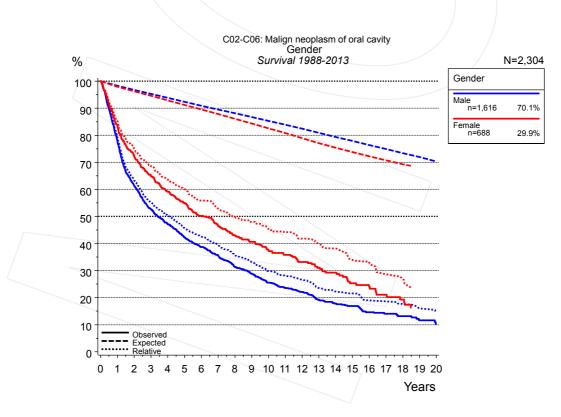


Figure 2a. Survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by gender. Included in the evaluation are 2,304 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013.

	C	Gende	r	
	Ma	ale	Ferr	nale
	n=1,	616	n=6	888
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	77.9	79.1	83.5	85.3
2	61.4	63.4	72.4	75.1
3	52.7	55.3	64.9	68.5
4	47.2	50.3	59.1	63.6
5	42.2	45.7	54.9	60.1
6	38.7	42.5	50.2	55.9
7	35.7	39.8	46.6	52.8
8	31.4	35.5	42.8	49.7
9	28.8	33.2	40.6	48.0
10	25.5	29.9	37.5	45.4
11	23.7	28.0	35.8	44.2
12	22.1	26.7	33.2	41.8
13	19.2	23.6	31.0	39.9
14	17.8	22.3	29.2	38.1
15	16.9	21.6	25.3	33.9
16	14.6	19.0	24.0	32.9
17	14.0	18.6	21.1	28.6
18	13.2	17.7	19.3	26.9
19	11.6	16.1		
20	10.2	14.3		

Table 2b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by gender for period 1988-2013 (N=2,304).

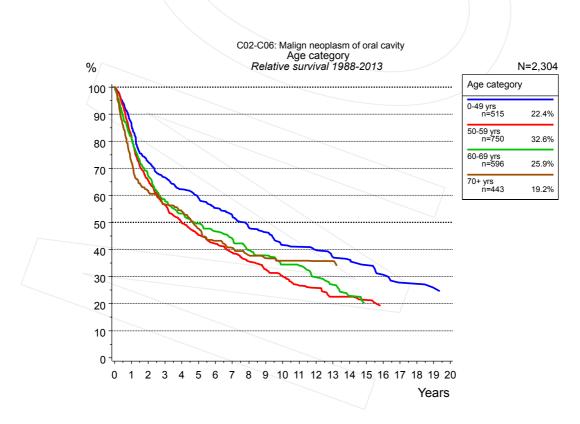


Figure 3a. Relative survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by age category. Included in the evaluation are 2,304 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013.

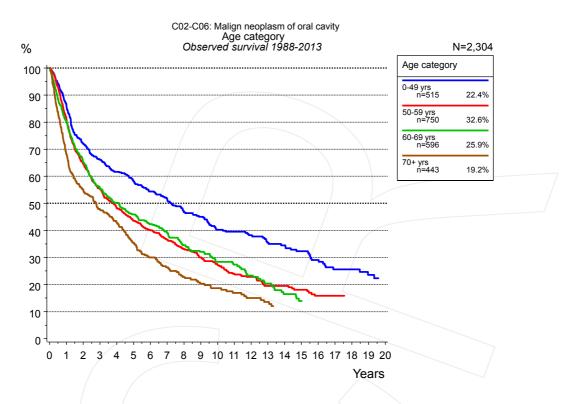


Figure 3b. Observed survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by age category. Included in the evaluation are 2,304 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013.

	Age category 0-49 yrs 50-59 yrs 60-69 yrs 70+										
	0-49	yrs	50-59	9 yrs	60-69	9 yrs	70+ yrs				
	n=515		n=750		n=5	596	n=443				
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %			
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1	85.8	86.0	81.3	81.9	80.4	81.4	68.1	72.3			
2	72.0	72.3	64.7	65.5	65.4	67.2	55.2	61.8			
3	66.2	66.6	55.4	56.5	55.4	57.9	47.7	56.7			
4	61.6	62.3	48.2	49.7	50.2	53.3	42.9	54.2			
5	58.1	59.0	43.6	45.4	45.9	49.6	35.5	47.7			
6	54.4	55.4	40.0	42.1	42.4	46.7	30.0	43.2			
7	51.9	52.8	36.6	38.9	39.2	44.1	26.4	40.6			
8	46.7	48.0	33.1	35.6	34.5	39.8	22.8	37.9			
9	45.0	46.4	30.1	32.7	32.1	37.9	20.3	36.8			
10	40.2	41.7	27.3	30.2	28.3	34.5	18.7	35.9			
11	39.5	41.1	24.0	26.7	27.3	34.1	16.9	35.9			
12	38.2	39.8	22.8	25.8	23.3	29.8	15.0	35.8			
13	35.4	37.2	19.5	22.5	20.4	27.0	13.5	35.7			
14	34.5	36.2	19.5	22.5	16.4	22.9					
15	32.3	34.3	18.1	21.3	13.9	20.2					
16	29.1	30.7	15.8	19.3	13.9	20.2					
17	25.6	27.8	15.8	19.1	13.9	20.2					
18	25.6	27.3									
19	23.6	25.9									

Table 3c. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by age category for period 1988-2013 (N=2,304).

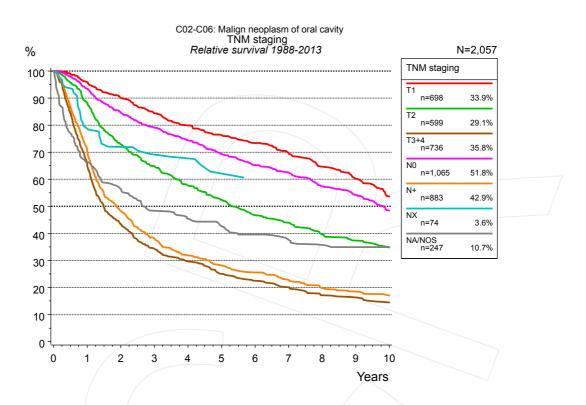


Figure 4a. Relative survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by TNM staging. For 2,070 of 2,304 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 2,057 cases an evaluable classification was established. The accumulated percentage exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup. The grey line represents the subgroup of 247 patients with missing values regarding TNM staging (10.7% of 2,304 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=2,057).

						TN	M stagi	ing						
	T1 T2 T3+4				Ñ	0	N	+	NX		NA/NOS			
	n=6	698	n=5	599	n=7	'36	n=1,065		n=8	383	n=74		n=247	
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	94.6	95.9	86.6	88.2	64.5	65.6	92.0	93.5	69.5	70.5	77.4	78.7	64.5	66.3
2	87.5	90.1	70.5	72.9	42.2	43.4	82.1	84.7	46.9	48.2	68.6	72.0	53.9	56.4
3	80.7	84.4	61.7	64.8	32.8	34.3	75.5	79.1	36.4	38.0	63.6	69.1	45.1	48.3
4	75.3	79.9	54.0	57.7	27.9	29.7	69.8	74.4	30.2	31.9	61.8	67.7	41.5	45.4
5	70.7	76.3	48.3	52.4	23.2	25.0	64.1	69.4	26.3	28.2	54.8	62.1	38.2	42.7
6	67.0	73.4	42.3	46.7	20.6	22.5	59.3	65.3	23.5	25.6	51.4	59.0	34.8	39.5
7	62.7	69.7	39.4	43.9	18.2	20.1	56.0	62.5	20.7	22.8			32.2	37.6
8	57.1	64.7	34.8	39.7	15.2	17.2	50.5	57.4	17.7	19.9			30.0	35.7
9	52.3	60.2	32.2	37.4	14.4	16.3	47.0	54.2	16.3	18.5			28.9	35.0
10	45.6	53.6	29.8	34.8	12.5	14.5	41.4	48.5	14.6	17.0			28.3	35.0

Table 4b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by TNM staging for period 1988-2013 (N=4,055).

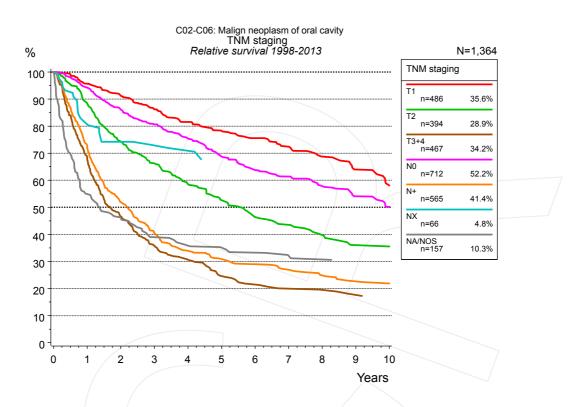


Figure 4c. Relative survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by TNM staging. For 1,375 of 1,521 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2013 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 1,364 cases an evaluable classification was established. The accumulated percentage exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup. The grey line represents the subgroup of 157 patients with missing values regarding TNM staging (10.3% of 1,521 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=1,364).

						TN	VI stag	ing						
	Т	1	Т	T2 T3+4			N0 N+			NX		NA/NOS		
	n=4	86	n=3	394	n=4	67	n=7	n=712		565	n=66		n=157	
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	94.5	95.7	86.8	88.3	67.4	68.4	92.9	94.2	71.6	72.5	79.4	80.6	53.1	54.9
2	88.8	91.2	71.9	74.3	45.2	46.6	83.6	86.1	50.5	51.9	71.0	74.2	44.2	46.2
3	82.7	86.3	63.0	66.2	34.3	35.8	77.2	80.7	39.0	40.6	67.3	72.9	36.0	39.0
4	77.1	81.5	54.9	58.6	28.9	30.6	71.0	75.4	32.2	33.9	65.2	70.9	32.8	35.8
5	72.8	78.3	48.7	52.6	22.9	24.6	63.8	68.8	29.0	30.9	59.8	66.6	31.1	35.1
6	69.2	75.6	42.1	46.4	20.0	21.4	58.2	63.8	26.7	29.0			29.3	33.2
7	65.5	72.4	39.2	43.5	18.2	20.0	55.4	61.4	24.8	26.9			27.2	32.1
8	60.7	68.8	35.3	39.7	17.4	19.5	51.2	57.8	22.4	24.9			26.1	30.7
9	55.5	64.0	31.1	36.0	15.9	17.6	47.0	54.1	20.2	22.7			24.8	30.5
10	49.4	58.1	31.1	35.5	15.0	16.5	42.9	50.1	18.8	21.9			24.8	30.4

Table 4d. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by TNM staging for period 1998-2013 (N=2,690).

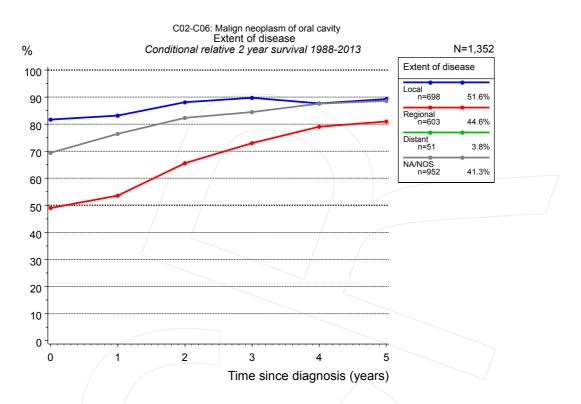


Figure 4e. Conditional relative 2-year survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by extent of disease. For 2,070 of 2,304 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 1,352 cases an evaluable classification was established. The grey line represents the subgroup of 952 patients with missing values regarding extent of disease (41.3% of 2,304 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=1,352).

Extent of disease											
	Loc	al	Regio	onal	Dist	ant	NA/NOS				
		Cond.		Cond.		Cond.	Cond.				
		surv. %		surv. %		surv. %		surv. %			
Years	n	2 yrs	n	2 yrs	n	2 yrs	n	2 yrs			
0	698	81.7	603	49.0	51		952	69.4			
1	600	83.2	410	53.6			726	76.4			
2	510	88.1	263	65.6			574	82.3			
3	435	89.7	190	73.0			479	84.4			
4	372	87.7	146	79.0			395	87.6			
5	315	89.3	111	81.0			321	88.5			

Table 4f. Conditional relative 2-year survival of patients with oral cavity cancer by extent of disease for period 1988-2013 (N=1,352).

Conditional relative survival rates refer to the relative survival probability, in this case for 2 years after cancer diagnosis, compared to the age- and sex-matched population (=100%) under the condition of being alive for a certain time period (x-axis in Figure 4c). The results illustrate to what extent the cancer induced mortality of particular subgroups declines in the subsequent years after detection of the malignancy. For instance, according to the presented survival statistics, patients in the subgroup extent of disease="Local", who are alive at least 3 years after cancer diagnosis, the conditional relative 2-year survival rate is 89.7% (n=435).

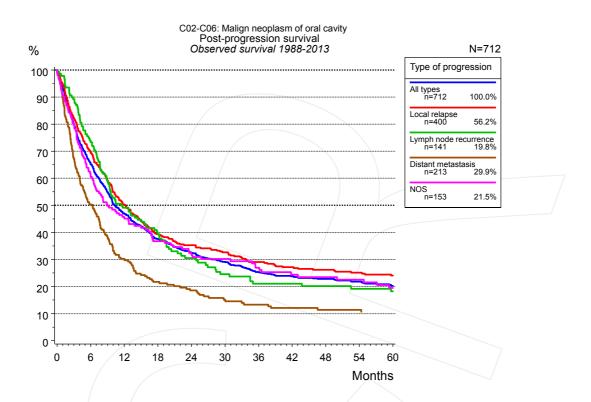


Figure 5a. Observed post-progression survival of 712 patients with oral cavity cancer diagnosed between 1988 and 2013 (incl. M1). These 712 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 30.9% of the totally 2,304 evaluated cases. Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=280, 12.2%). Multiple progression types on different sites are included in the evaluation even when not occuring synchronously. The NOS (not otherwise specified) class is included under the condition, that it is the one and only progression type during the course of disease.

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "All types" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

Type of progression											
	All types Local relapse Lymph node recurrence Distant metastasis										
	n=712	n=400	n=141	n=213	n=153						
Months	%	%	%	%	%						
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0						
12	46.9	50.3	49.2	30.2	45.1						
24	32.6	35.3	30.5	18.5	32.4						
36	25.4	29.0	21.1	13.3	26.9						
48	22.8	26.2	20.2	11.4	23.5						
60	20.3	24.1	18.3		19.5						
36 48	25.4 22.8	29.0 26.2	21.1 20.2	13.3	2						

Table 5b. Observed post-progression survival of patients with oral cavity cancer for period 1988-2013 (N=712).

Shortcuts

- MCR Munich Cancer Registry, Germany (Tumorregister München)
- NCI National Cancer Institute, USA
- SEER Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA
- UICC Union for International Cancer Control, Geneva
- DCO Death certificate only. The death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.
- NA Not available
- NOS Not otherwise specified
- OS Observed/overall survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate)
- RS Relative survival, compared to the general population, ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method), reflecting excess mortality among cancer patients
- AS Assembled survival chart (observed, expected, relative)
- PPS Post-progression survival, survival since first relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate)
- Date of entry: Date of first locoregional recurrence, distant metastasis, unspecified progression

Event:

- Death of all causes
- CS Conditional survival, survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time

Recommended Citation

Munich Cancer Registry. Survival C02-C06: Oral cavity cancer [Internet]. 2015 [updated 2015 May 13; cited 2015 Jul 1]. Available from: http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/surv_C0206E.pdf

Copyright

The content of the public web site provided by the Munich Cancer Registry is available worldwide and free of charge. All documents are free to download, utilize, copy, print-out and distribute, providing that the MCR is referenced.

Disclaimer

The Munich Cancer Registry reserves the right to not be responsible for the topicality, correctness, completeness or quality of the information provided. Liability claims regarding damage caused by the use of any information provided, including any kind of information which is incomplete or incorrect, will therefore be rejected.

Index of figures and tables

Fig./Tb	ol.	Page
1a	Relative survival by period of diagnosis (chart)	2
1b	Survival by period of diagnosis (table)	3
2a	Survival by gender (chart)	3
2b	Survival by gender (table)	4
3a	Relative survival by age category (chart)	4
3b	Observed survival by age category (chart)	5
3c	Survival by age category (table)	5
4a	Relative survival by TNM staging 1988+ (chart)	6
4b	Survival by TNM staging 1988+ (table)	6
4c	Relative survival by TNM staging 1998+ (chart)	7
4d	Survival by TNM staging 1998+ (table)	7
4e	Conditional survival by extent of disease (chart)	8
4f	Conditional survival by extent of disease (table)	8
5a	Observed post-progression survival (chart)	9
5b	Observed post-progression survival (table)	9