Munich Cancer Registry



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Munich Cancer Registry at Munich Cancer Center Marchioninistr. 15 Munich, 81377 Germany

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

Cancer statistics: Survival

C65: Renal pelvis cancer

Year of diagnosis	1988-2013
Patients	1,165
Diseases	1,178
Cases evaluated	482
Creation date	05/13/2015
Export date	12/30/2014
Population	4.64 m



http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/surv_C65__E.pdf

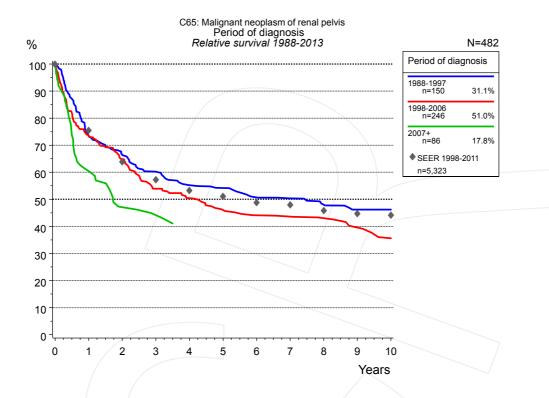


Figure 1a. Relative survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 482 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided population-based statistics since 1988, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

	F	Period	of diag	gnosis	;	
	1988-	1997	1998-	2006	200)7+
	n=1	50	n=2	246	n=	86
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	71.3	73.4	70.7	73.5	59.3	60.4
2	62.7	66.5	59.9	64.9	44.4	47.1
3	54.7	60.2	47.8	54.0	40.7	44.1
4	48.7	55.2	43.1	50.4		
5	46.7	54.2	38.1	46.0		
6	42.5	50.7	35.2	44.1		
7	40.5	50.4	34.3	43.6		
8	37.7	48.0	32.5	43.1		
9	35.0	46.2	29.3	39.6		
10	35.0	46.2	25.5	35.6		
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1988- n=1 Years obs. % 0 100.0 1 71.3 2 62.7 3 54.7 4 48.7 5 46.7 6 42.5 7 40.5 8 37.7 9 35.0	1988-1997 n=150 Years obs. % rel. % 0 100.0 100.0 1 71.3 73.4 2 62.7 66.5 3 54.7 60.2 4 48.7 55.2 5 46.7 54.2 6 42.5 50.7 7 40.5 50.4 8 37.7 48.0 9 35.0 46.2	1988-1997	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Years obs. % rel. % obs. % rel. % obs. % n=246 obs. % rel. % obs. % n= obs. % rel. % obs. % 0 100.0 140.7 140.7 </th

Table 1b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by period of diagnosis for period 1988-2013 (N=482).

Munich Cancer Registry 05/13/2015 surv C65 E.pdf

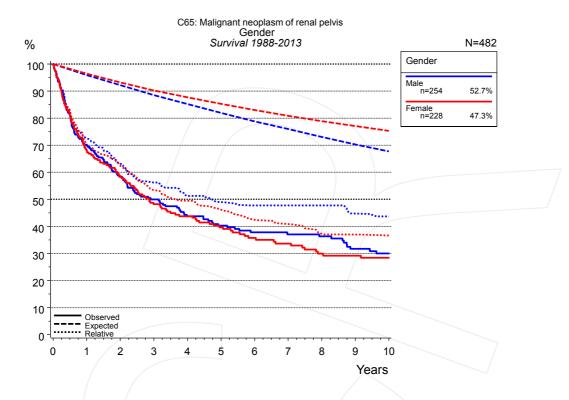


Figure 2a. Survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by gender. Included in the evaluation are 482 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013.

Gender								
	Ma	ale	Female					
	n=2	254	n=2	228				
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %				
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
1	69.8	72.7	68.3	70.4				
2	58.4	63.2	58.6	62.4				
3	50.0	56.2	48.2	53.4				
4	43.7	51.3	43.8	49.5				
5	40.3	48.9	39.7	46.2				
6	37.8	47.7	35.8	42.4				
7	37.1	47.7	33.6	40.9				
8	36.3	47.7	29.9	37.3				
9	31.7	44.8	29.2	37.0				
10	30.0	43.7	28.4	36.7				

Table 2b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by gender for period 1988-2013 (N=482).

Munich Cancer Registry 05/13/2015 surv_C65__E.pdf

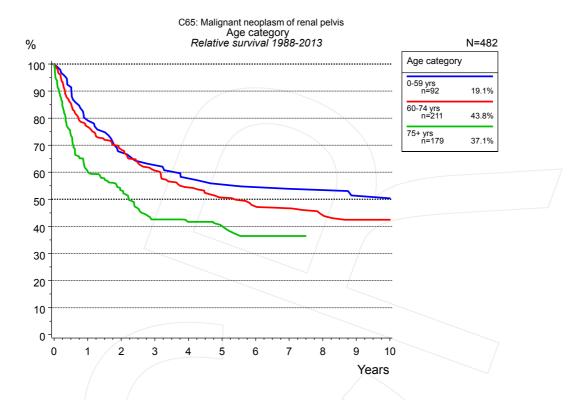


Figure 3a. Relative survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by age category. Included in the evaluation are 482 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013.

Age category										
	0-59	yrs	60-74	4 yrs	75+ yrs					
	n=	92	n=2	211	n=179					
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %				
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
1	79.8	79.2	75.4	76.7	56.0	60.3				
2	67.1	67.4	66.0	68.4	45.0	53.3				
3	62.2	62.6	56.9	60.6	32.8	42.6				
4	57.0	57.7	50.1	54.4	28.9	41.7				
5	54.3	55.5	45.4	50.7	25.4	40.1				
6	52.9	54.5	41.7	47.4	21.5	36.5				
7	51.4	53.9	40.1	46.7	20.3	36.5				
8	51.4	53.4	36.6	44.1						
9	48.2	51.3	34.0	42.4						
10	48.2	50.4	33.0	42.4						

Table 3b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by age category for period 1988-2013 (N=482).

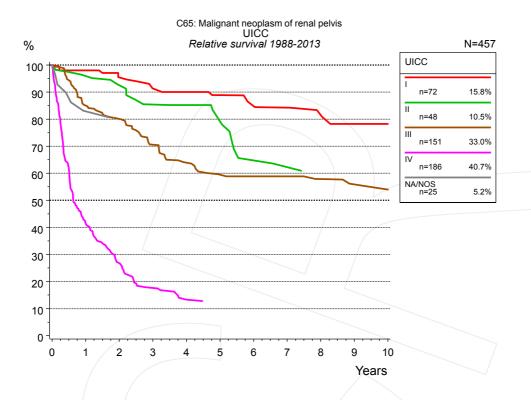


Figure 4a. Relative survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by UICC. For 464 of 482 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 457 cases an evaluable classification was established. The grey line represents the subgroup of 25 patients with missing values regarding UICC (5.2% of 482 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=457).

UICC										
	l		- 1	II III			I۱	/	NA/NOS	
	n=	72	n=	48	n=1	151	n=1	86	n=	25
Years	obs. %	rel. %								
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	95.8	98.0	93.7	96.0	81.9	85.0	40.3	41.4	79.0	82.9
2	88.5	95.4	87.1	92.5	74.3	80.1	25.5	26.8		
3	81.9	91.3	78.1	85.4	62.7	70.5	16.3	17.6		
4	80.1	90.0	75.7	85.2	54.9	63.9	11.5	13.3		
5	76.2	88.9	68.3	79.2	49.2	59.4				
6	72.1	84.8	54.3	64.7	47.1	58.8				
7	69.9	84.2	51.1	62.3	45.9	58.8				
8	65.4	81.5			43.4	57.9				
9	60.7	78.2			40.7	55.8				
10	60.7	78.2			39.3	54.0				

Table 4b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by UICC for period 1988-2013 (N=457).

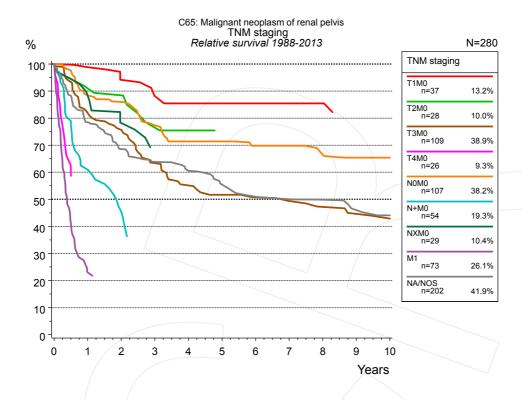


Figure 4c. Relative survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by TNM staging. For 464 of 482 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2013 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 280 cases an evaluable classification was established. The accumulated percentage exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup. The grey line represents the subgroup of 202 patients with missing values regarding TNM staging (41.9% of 482 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=280).

TNM staging														
	T1I	M0	T2l	M0	T3I	M0	T4I	M0	NO	M0	N+I	M0	NX	M0
	n=	37	n=	28	n=1	109	n=	26	n=1	07	n=	54	n=	29
Years	obs. %	rel. %												
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	97.3	98.8	89.3	91.0	80.2	81.8			86.7	88.4	61.0	60.9	85.9	88.3
2	86.5	94.2	85.7	88.4	72.1	75.6			81.8	86.0	44.7	45.5	71.6	78.2
3	78.0	88.1	71.3	76.5	58.2	63.4			70.6	77.4			60.9	67.7
4	75.0	85.4	67.3	75.5	49.4	55.1			64.4	71.4				
5	75.0	85.4	63.1	74.1	44.8	51.7			62.3	71.4				
6	71.6	85.4			42.4	50.7			58.8	69.8				
7	71.6	85.4			39.7	49.3			58.8	69.8				
8	71.6	85.4			37.0	47.2			53.7	66.6				
9	64.0	82.0			34.2	44.6			51.0	65.4				
10	64.0	81.6			32.7	42.8			51.0	65.4				

TNM staging								
cont'd	M	1	NA/NOS					
	n=	73	n=2	202				
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %				
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
1	22.4	23.0	75.3	78.5				
2			63.1	68.6				
3			56.6	63.9				
4			51.5	60.6				
5			45.8	55.5				
6			41.2	51.0				
7			39.1	50.0				
8			36.9	49.8				
9			33.5	46.1				
10			30.8	44.1				

Table 4d. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer by TNM staging for period 1988-2013 (N=463).

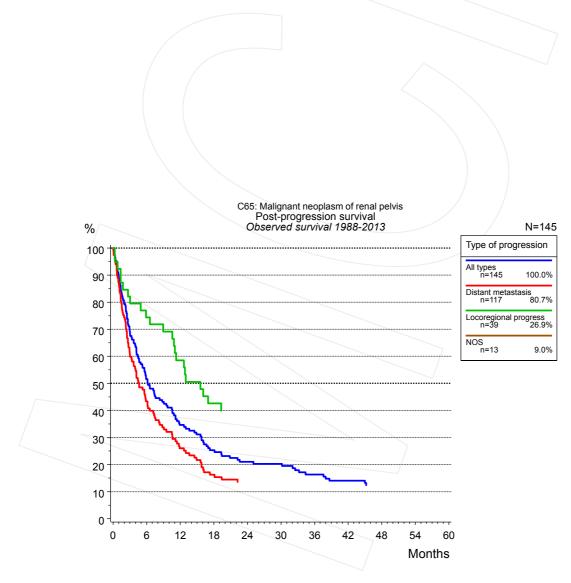


Figure 5a. Observed post-progression survival of 145 patients with renal pelvis cancer diagnosed between 1988 and 2013 (incl. M1). These 145 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 30.1% of the totally 482 evaluated cases. Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=41, 8.5%). Multiple progression types on different sites are included in the evaluation even when not occurring synchronously. The NOS (not otherwise specified) class is included under the condition, that it is the one and only

progression type during the course of disease. Subgroups with sample size <15 are dropped from the chart.

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "All types" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

Type of progression								
	All types	Distant metastasis	Locoregional progress	NOS				
	n=145	n=117	n=39	n=13				
Months	%	%	%	%				
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
12	34.7	26.0	58.5					
24	21.0							
36	16.3							
48	12.4							

Table 5b. Observed post-progression survival of patients with renal pelvis cancer for period 1988-2013 (N=145).

Shortcuts

MCR Munich Cancer Registry, Germany (Tumorregister München)

NCI National Cancer Institute, USA

SEER Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA UICC Union for International Cancer Control, Geneva

DCO Death certificate only. The death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.

NA Not available

NOS Not otherwise specified

OS Observed/overall survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate)
RS Relative survival, compared to the general population,
ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method),

reflecting excess mortality among cancer patients

AS Assembled survival chart (observed, expected, relative)

PPS Post-progression survival, survival since first relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate)

Date of entry: Date of first locoregional recurrence, distant metastasis, unspecified

progression

Event: Death of all causes

CS Conditional survival, survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time

Recommended Citation

Munich Cancer Registry. Survival C65: Renal pelvis cancer [Internet]. 2015 [updated 2015 May 13; cited 2015 Jul 1]. Available from: http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/surv C65 E.pdf

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