Munich Cancer Registry



- Incidence and Mortality
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ICD-10 C66: Ureteral cancer

Year of diagnosis	1988-1997	1998-2014
Patients	93	542
Diseases	93	549
Cases evaluated	63	263
Creation date	03/02/2016	
Export date	12/23/2015	
Population	4.64 m	



Munich Cancer Registry at Munich Cancer Center Marchioninistr. 15 Munich, 81377 Germany

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/sC66__E-ICD-10-C66-Ureteral-cancer-survival.pdf

Survival

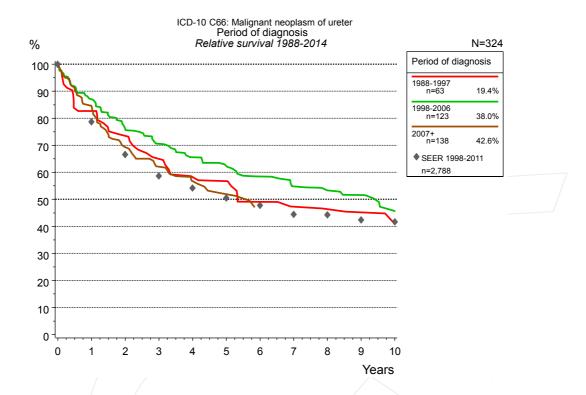


Figure 1a. Relative survival of patients with ureteral cancer by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 324 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided populationbased statistics since 1998, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

		F	Period	of diag	gnosis	;	
		1988-	1997	1998-	2006	200)7+
		n=	63	n=1	23	n=1	38
	Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	1	80.6	82.7	83.8	87.0	81.2	84.5
	2	69.1	73.5	70.1	76.0	64.1	69.3
	3	59.1	65.0	62.3	70.6	55.3	62.1
	4	50.6	58.3	55.3	65.6	48.5	56.7
	5	49.0	56.8	50.9	62.3	43.1	51.9
	6	40.5	49.1	45.6	58.4		
	7	37.0	47.3	41.0	54.8		
	8	35.2	46.4	38.3	53.3		
	9	33.5	45.2	36.4	51.5		
	10	29.7	41.0	30.6	45.7		

Table 1b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with ureteral cancer by period of diagnosis for period 1988-2014 (N=324).

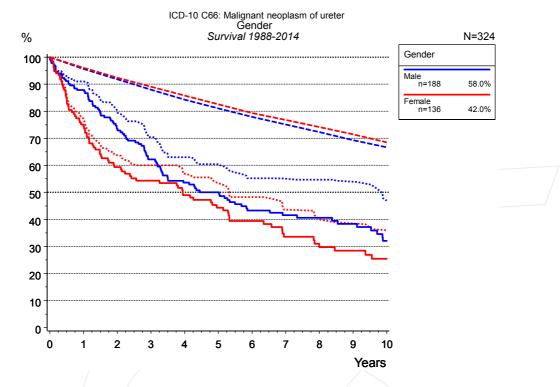


Figure 2a. Survival of patients with ureteral cancer by gender. Included in the evaluation are 324 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

	C	Gende	r			
	Ma	ale	Female			
	n=1	88	n=1	36		
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %		
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
1	87.8	91.0	74.3	77.2		
2	73.5	79.7	59.3	63.8		
3	62.2	70.4	54.3	60.0		
4	53.6	63.0	49.0	56.9		
5	50.0	60.4	44.3	53.4		
6	43.3	55.2	39.4	48.3		
7	41.6	55.0	33.6	43.6		
8	40.6	54.7	29.7	40.0		
9	38.4	53.9	28.4	38.5		
10	32.0	46.9	25.4	36.0		

Table 2b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with ureteral cancer by gender for period 1988-2014 (N=324).



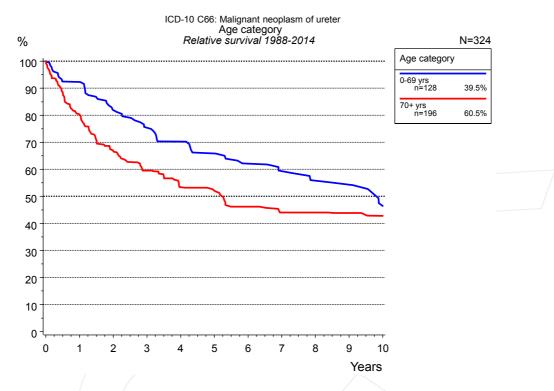


Figure 3a. Relative survival of patients with ureteral cancer by age category. Included in the evaluation are 324 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

	Age category										
		0-69) yrs	70+	yrs						
		n=1	28	n=196							
	Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %						
	0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0						
	1	91.9	92.3	75.5	80.3						
	2	79.9	81.9	59.2	66.8						
	3	72.8	75.4	49.6	59.6						
	4	67.3	70.2	41.1	53.4						
	5	62.3	65.9	37.7	52.1						
	6	57.2	62.1	31.0	46.2						
	7	53.7	59.4	27.4	44.0						
	8	49.6	55.8	26.4	44.0						
	9	48.2	54.3	24.2	43.9						
	10	40.3	46.4	21.7	42.8						

Table 3b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with ureteral cancer by age category for period 1988-2014 (N=324).



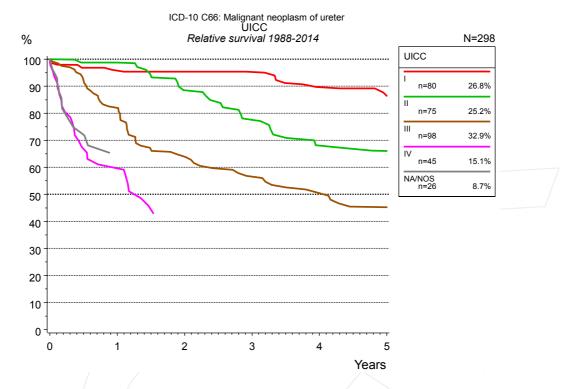


Figure 4a. Relative survival of patients with ureteral cancer by UICC. For 303 of 324 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 298 cases an evaluable classification was established. The grey line represents the subgroup of 26 patients with missing values regarding UICC (8.0% of 324 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=298).

	UICC										
	I II			I	II	I	IV	/	NA/N	NA/NOS	
	n=	80	n=	75	n=	98	n=	45	n=:	26	
Years	obs. %	rel. %									
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1	92.2	95.8	95.8	98.8	79.3	82.0	59.8	59.6	61.3	64.9	
2	88.1	95.4	82.8	88.5	59.3	63.9					
3	83.8	95.3	70.7	77.6	49.8	56.5					
4	75.0	89.7	59.4	68.0	42.2	50.4					
5	70.2	86.4	55.9	66.0	37.1	45.2					

Table 4b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with ureteral cancer by UICC for period 1988-2014 (N=298).



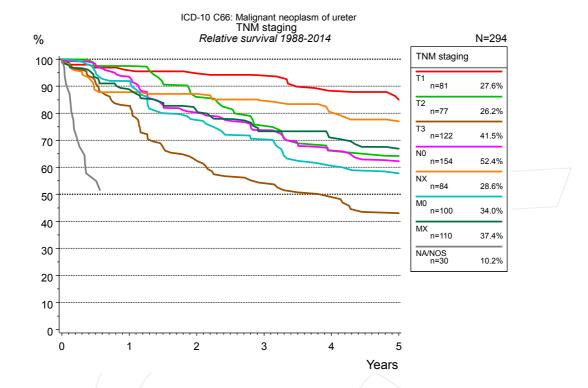


Figure 4c. Relative survival of patients with ureteral cancer by TNM staging. For 303 of 324 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 294 cases an evaluable classification was established. The accumulated percentage exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup. The grey line represents the subgroup of 30 patients with missing values regarding TNM staging (9.3% of 324 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=294).

TNM staging														
	Т	1	Т	2	Т	3	N	0	N	Х	Μ	0	М	Х
	n=	81	n=	77	n=1	22	n=1	154	n=	84	n=1	00	n=1	10
Years	obs. %	rel. %												
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	92.3	95.8	94.6	97.5	80.1	82.8	90.4	93.5	85.1	87.8	89.6	91.9	84.8	88.9
2	86.9	94.7	80.5	86.0	58.2	62.5	75.0	80.2	79.7	87.2	72.6	77.5	74.1	80.9
3	82.6	93.9	68.8	75.4	48.2	54.1	67.0	73.8	72.1	84.6	63.9	70.3	64.0	73.3
4	73.9	88.3	57.8	66.1	41.7	49.0	57.9	66.2	64.3	80.3	52.9	60.6	58.8	70.9
5	69.2	85.0	54.4	64.2	36.2	43.1	53.2	62.3	59.2	77.0	49.5	57.8	53.6	66.9

TN	M stagi	ing	
cont'd	NA/N	NOS	
	n=	30	
Years	obs. %	rel. %	
0	100.0	100.0	

Table 4d. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with ureteral cancer by TNM staging for period 1988-2014 (N=728).

ICD-10 C66: Malignant neoplasm of ureter

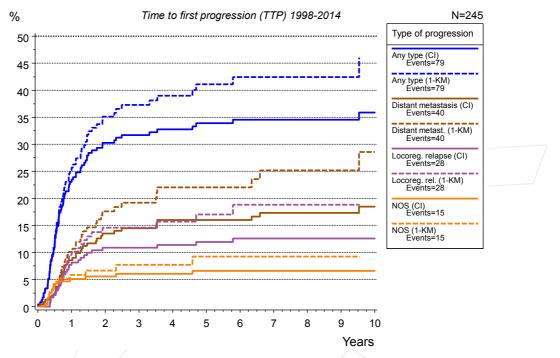


Figure 5a. Time to first progression of 245 patients with ureteral cancer diagnosed between 1998 and 2014 (M0 only in solid cancers) estimated by cumulative incidence function (CI, solid line) accounting for death as competing risk and by inverse Kaplan-Meier estimate (1-KM, dashed line). The frequency of events may be underestimated due to underreporting.

			Type of Distant	progressio Distant	n		
	Any type (CI)	Any type (1-KM)	metastasis (CI)	metast. (1- KM)	Locoreg. relapse (CI)	Locoreg. rel. (1-KM)	NOS (CI)
	n=245	n=245	n=245	n=245	n=245	n=245	n=245
Years	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	23.5	25.7	8.6	10.1	8.2	10.2	5.1
2	30.3	35.1	13.5	17.6	10.9	14.6	5.6
3	31.7	37.3	14.5	19.2	10.9	14.6	6.0
4	32.8	39.0	16.0	22.0	11.4	15.7	6.0
5	33.9	41.1	16.0	22.0	12.0	17.0	6.6
6	34.6	42.4	16.0	22.0	12.6	18.8	6.6
7	34.6	42.4	17.3	25.2	12.6	18.8	6.6
8	34.6	42.4	17.3	25.2	12.6	18.8	6.6
9	34.6	42.4	17.3	25.2	12.6	18.8	6.6
10	35.9	46.0	18.5	28.6	12.6	18.8	6.6

۲ pro	Type of ogression
	NOS (1-KM)
Years	n=245 %
0	0.0
1	5.8
2	6.7
3	7.7
4	7.7
5	9.2
6	9.2
7	9.2
8	9.2
9	9.2
10	9.2

 Table 5b. Time to first progression of patients with ureteral cancer for period 1998-2014 (N=245).



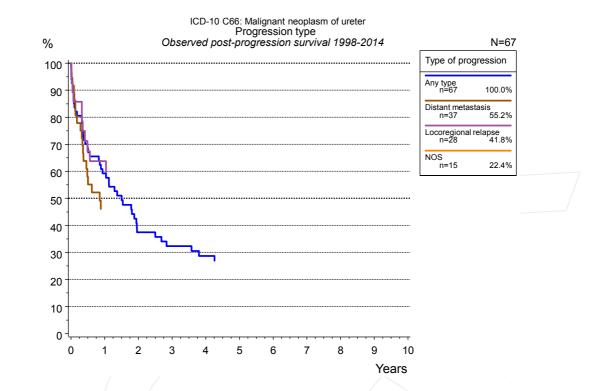


Figure 5c. Observed post-progression survival of 67 patients with ureteral cancer diagnosed between 1998 and 2014. These 67 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 25.9% of the totally 259 evaluated cases (incl. M1, n=14, 5.4%). Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=26, 10.0%). Multiple progression types on different sites are included in the evaluation even when not occuring synchronously. The NOS (not otherwise specified) class is included under the condition, that it is the one and only progression type during the course of disease.

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "Any type" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

Type of progression							
	Any type	NOS					
	n=67	n=37	n=28	n=15			
Years	%	%	%	%			
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1	59.3	46.1	63.8				
2	37.4						
3	32.3						
4	28.7						

Table 5d. Observed post-progression survival of patients with ureteral cancer for period 1998-2014 (N=67).

Shortcuts

MCR	Munich Cancer Registry, Germany									
NCI	National Cancer Institute, L	National Cancer Institute, USA								
SEER	Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA									
UICC	Union for International Can	cer Control, Geneva								
DCO	Death certificate only	Death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.								
NA	Not available									
NOS	Not otherwise specified									
OS	Overall/Observed survival	Overall/Observed survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry: diagnosis Event: death from any cause								
RS	Relative survival	Survival compared to "general population", ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method), reflecting cancer specific survival								
AS	Assembled survival	Assembled chart of observed, expected, relative survival								
CS	Conditional survival	Survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time								
TTP	Time to progression	Time to first progression / relapse Date of entry: diagnosis Event: (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression								
	1-КМ	1 minus Kaplan-Meier estimator ("inverse" Kaplan-Meier estimator)								
	CI	Cumulative incidence Death as competing risk (according to Kalbfleisch und Prentice)								
PPS	Post-progression survival	Survival since first progression / relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression Event: death from any cause								

Recommended Citation

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