# **Munich Cancer Registry**



- Incidence and Mortality
- Selection Matrix
- Homepage
- Deutsch

### ICD-10 C88,C90: Immunoprolif. disease

| Year of diagnosis | 1988-1997  | 1998-2014 |
|-------------------|------------|-----------|
| Patients          | 461        | 3,882     |
| Diseases          | 461        | 3,886     |
| Cases evaluated   | 403        | 2,428     |
| Creation date     | 03/02/2016 |           |
| Export date       | 12/23/2015 |           |
| Population        | 4.64 m     |           |

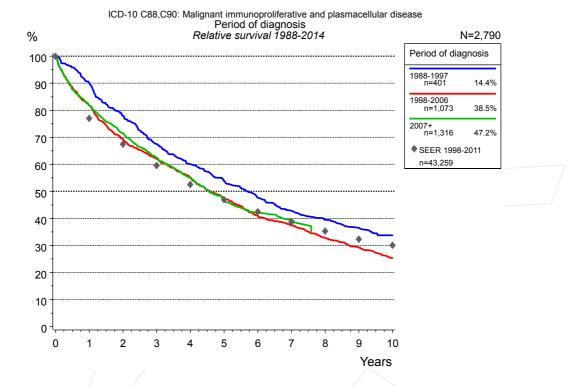


Munich Cancer Registry at Munich Cancer Center Marchioninistr. 15 Munich, 81377 Germany

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/sC8890E-ICD-10-C88-C90-Immunoprolif.- disease-survival.pdf

## Survival



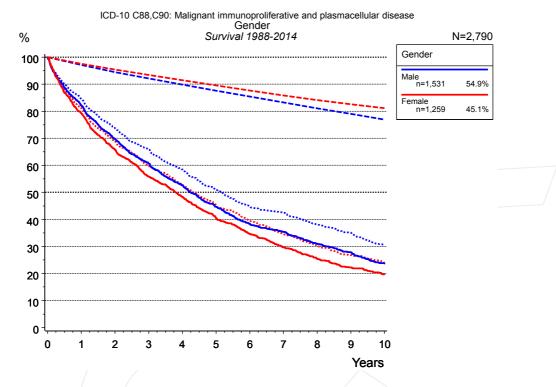
**Figure 1a.** Relative survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 2,790 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

The survival results of the SEER program (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results) of the American National Cancer Institute (NCI) are summarized as the period of diagnosis from 1998 to 2011, and are represented by gray diamonds in order to facilitate comparisons between MCR and SEER.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided populationbased statistics since 1998, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

|       | F      | Period | of diag | gnosis | ;      |        |
|-------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
|       | 1988-  | 1997   | 1998-   | 2006   | 200    | )7+    |
|       | n=4    | 101    | n=1,    | 073    | n=1,   | 316    |
| Years | obs. % | rel. % | obs. %  | rel. % | obs. % | rel. % |
| 0     | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0   | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  |
| 1     | 87.9   | 90.0   | 79.8    | 81.9   | 79.6   | 81.9   |
| 2     | 74.4   | 78.0   | 65.7    | 69.1   | 67.9   | 71.6   |
| 3     | 62.9   | 67.5   | 57.7    | 62.1   | 57.7   | 62.4   |
| 4     | 54.7   | 60.1   | 50.0    | 55.1   | 49.8   | 55.1   |
| 5     | 48.0   | 53.8   | 42.0    | 47.4   | 41.3   | 46.8   |
| 6     | 41.5   | 47.7   | 35.5    | 40.9   | 36.2   | 42.1   |
| 7     | 36.6   | 42.8   | 31.7    | 37.4   | 33.3   | 39.4   |
| 8     | 32.9   | 39.5   | 27.2    | 32.8   |        |        |
| 9     | 30.1   | 36.6   | 23.8    | 29.2   |        |        |
| 10    | 27.0   | 33.7   | 20.0    | 25.3   |        |        |

**Table 1b.** Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by period of diagnosis for period 1988-2014 (N=2,790).

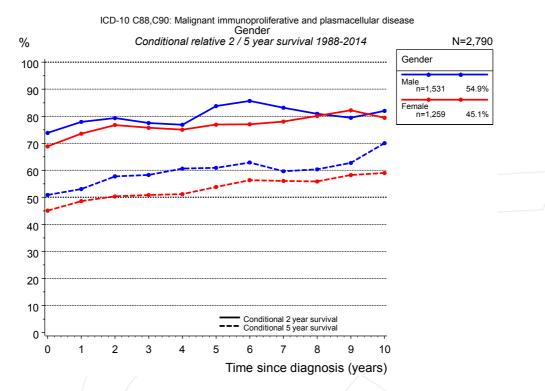


**Figure 2a.** Survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by gender. Included in the evaluation are 2,790 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

|       | C      | Gende  | r       |        |  |  |
|-------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--|--|
|       | Ma     | ale    | Female  |        |  |  |
|       | n=1,   | 531    | n=1,259 |        |  |  |
| Years | obs. % | rel. % | obs. %  | rel. % |  |  |
| 0     | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0   | 100.0  |  |  |
| 1     | 82.1   | 84.6   | 79.3    | 81.3   |  |  |
| 2     | 69.8   | 73.9   | 65.8    | 68.9   |  |  |
| 3     | 60.7   | 65.8   | 55.8    | 59.7   |  |  |
| 4     | 52.5   | 58.5   | 48.3    | 52.8   |  |  |
| 5     | 44.7   | 50.9   | 40.4    | 45.1   |  |  |
| 6     | 38.3   | 44.8   | 34.6    | 39.4   |  |  |
| 7     | 35.4   | 42.5   | 29.7    | 34.5   |  |  |
| 8     | 31.0   | 38.1   | 25.5    | 30.1   |  |  |
| 9     | 27.9   | 35.1   | 22.2    | 26.7   |  |  |
| 10    | 23.7   | 30.7   | 19.7    | 24.0   |  |  |
|       |        |        |         |        |  |  |

**Table 2b.** Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by gender for period 1988-2014 (N=2,790).



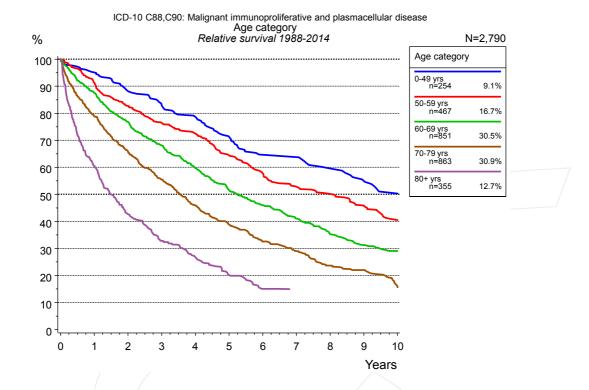


**Figure 2c.** Conditional relative 2 / 5-year survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by gender. For 2,790 of 2,790 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item.

| Gender |       |         |         |        |         |        |  |
|--------|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--|
|        |       | Male    |         | Female |         |        |  |
|        |       | Cond. s | surv. % |        | Cond. s | urv. % |  |
| Years  | n     | 2 yrs   | 5 yrs   | n      | 2 yrs   | 5 yrs  |  |
| 0      | 1,531 | 73.9    | 50.9    | 1,259  | 68.9    | 45.1   |  |
| 1      | 1,219 | 77.9    | 53.1    | 974    | 73.6    | 48.6   |  |
| 2      | 984   | 79.3    | 57.8    | 773    | 76.8    | 50.4   |  |
| 3      | 801   | 77.5    | 58.3    | 611    | 75.7    | 50.9   |  |
| 4      | 637   | 76.9    | 60.6    | 487    | 75.0    | 51.2   |  |
| 5      | 496   | 83.8    | 60.9    | 381    | 76.9    | 53.9   |  |
| 6      | 389   | 85.7    | 62.9    | 294    | 77.0    | 56.4   |  |
| 7      | 311   | 83.2    | 59.7    | 225    | 78.0    | 56.1   |  |
| 8      | 240   | 80.9    | 60.4    | 166    | 80.1    | 55.9   |  |
| 9      | 190   | 79.4    | 62.7    | 128    | 82.2    | 58.3   |  |
| 10     | 148   | 82.0    | 70.1    | 99     | 79.5    | 59.0   |  |
|        |       |         |         |        |         |        |  |

**Table 2d.** Conditional relative 2 / 5-year survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by gender for period 1988-2014 (N=2,790).

Conditional relative survival rates refer to the relative survival probability, in this case for 2 and 5 years after cancer diagnosis, compared to the age- and sex-matched population (=100%) under the condition of being alive for a certain time period (x-axis in Figure 2a). The results illustrate to what extent the cancer induced mortality of particular subgroups declines in the subsequent years after detection of the malignancy. For instance, according to the presented survival statistics, patients in the subgroup gender="Male", who are alive at least 3 years after cancer diagnosis, the conditional relative 2-year survival rate is 77.5% (n=801).



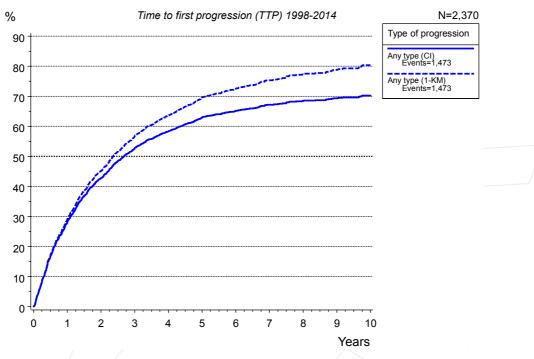
**Figure 3a.** Relative survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by age category. Included in the evaluation are 2,790 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

| Age category |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|              | 0-49   | yrs    | 50-59  | 9 yrs  | 60-69  | 9 yrs  | 70-79  | 9 yrs  | 80+    | yrs    |
|              | n=2    | 254    | n=4    | 67     | n=8    | 351    | n=8    | 363    | n=3    | 855    |
| Years        | obs. % | rel. % |
| 0            | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  | 100.0  |
| 1            | 95.2   | 95.1   | 90.9   | 91.3   | 86.4   | 87.5   | 76.4   | 78.9   | 55.3   | 60.5   |
| 2            | 88.0   | 88.2   | 81.8   | 82.7   | 74.6   | 76.8   | 61.5   | 65.9   | 35.4   | 42.6   |
| 3            | 82.6   | 82.8   | 75.1   | 76.5   | 65.2   | 68.1   | 49.8   | 55.5   | 24.5   | 32.8   |
| 4            | 77.9   | 78.7   | 70.7   | 72.5   | 56.2   | 59.7   | 39.6   | 46.0   | 18.1   | 26.8   |
| 5            | 70.6   | 71.3   | 62.2   | 64.4   | 47.6   | 51.6   | 31.9   | 38.8   | 12.0   | 20.1   |
| 6            | 63.7   | 64.6   | 55.2   | 57.8   | 41.6   | 46.0   | 25.4   | 32.6   | 7.7    | 15.0   |
| 7            | 63.0   | 63.7   | 50.1   | 52.8   | 36.4   | 41.1   | 21.4   | 29.0   | 6.8    | 15.0   |
| 8            | 58.8   | 59.5   | 47.0   | 50.1   | 30.7   | 35.3   | 16.5   | 23.7   |        |        |
| 9            | 53.9   | 55.0   | 42.8   | 45.9   | 26.5   | 31.3   | 14.5   | 22.0   |        |        |
| 10           | 49.5   | 50.3   | 37.3   | 40.5   | 24.0   | 29.0   | 9.6    | 15.7   |        |        |

**Table 3b.** Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease by age category for period 1988-2014 (N=2,790).



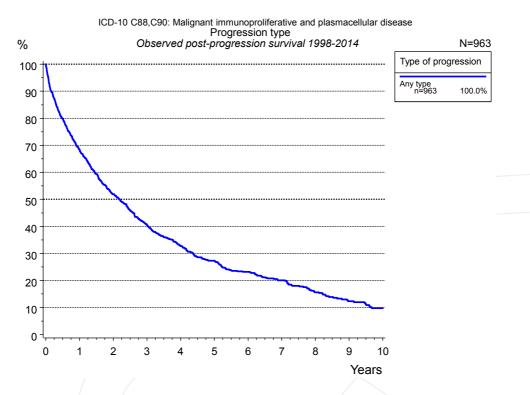
ICD-10 C88,C90: Malignant immunoproliferative and plasmacellular disease



**Figure 5a.** Time to first progression of 2,370 patients with immunoprolif. disease diagnosed between 1998 and 2014 (M0 only in solid cancers) estimated by cumulative incidence function (CI, solid line) accounting for death as competing risk and by inverse Kaplan-Meier estimate (1-KM, dashed line). The frequency of events may be underestimated due to underreporting.

| ٦     | ype of progr  | ression         |
|-------|---------------|-----------------|
|       | Any type (CI) | Any type (1-KM) |
|       | n=2,370       | n=2,370         |
| Years | %             | %               |
| 0     | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| 1     | 28.1          | 29.1            |
| 2     | 42.7          | 45.1            |
| 3     | 52.6          | 56.5            |
| 4     | 58.3          | 63.5            |
| 5     | 62.9          | 69.5            |
| 6     | 65.2          | 72.5            |
| 7     | 67.2          | 75.3            |
| 8     | 68.5          | 77.3            |
| 9     | 69.3          | 78.8            |
| 10    | 70.2          | 80.3            |
|       |               |                 |

**Table 5b.** Time to first progression of patients with immunoprolif. disease for period 1998-2014 (N=2,370).

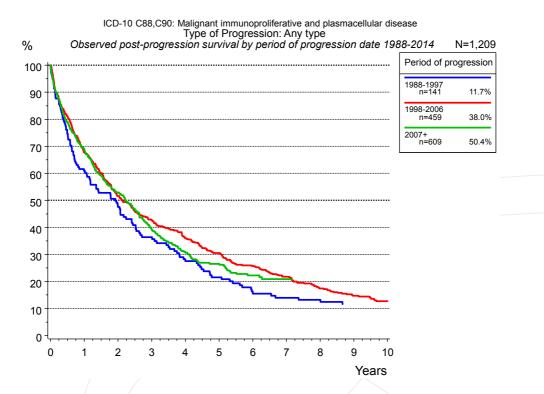


**Figure 5c.** Observed post-progression survival of 963 patients with immunoprolif. disease diagnosed between 1998 and 2014. These 963 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 40.6% of the totally 2,373 evaluated cases. Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=513, 21.6%).

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "Any type" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

| ٦     | Type of   |  |
|-------|---|--|
| pro   |   |  |
|       |   |  |
| Years | %   |  |
| 0     | 100.0   |  |
| 1     | 68.4  |  |
| 2     | 51.9  |  |
| 3     | 40.5  |  |
| 4     | 32.7  |  |
| 5     | 27.3  |  |
| 6     | 23.2  |  |
| 7     | 20.1  |  |
| 8     | 15.6  |  |
| 9     | 12.3  |  |
| 10    | 9.8   |  |
|       | Years<br>0<br>1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>9 | 0 100.0   1 68.4   2 51.9   3 40.5   4 32.7   5 27.3   6 23.2   7 20.1   8 15.6   9 12.3 |

**Table 5d.** Observed post-progression survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease for period 1998-2014 (N=963).



**Figure 5e.** Observed post-progression (any type) survival of 1,209 patients with immunoprolif. disease diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 by period of progression.

| Period of progression |           |           |       |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|--|--|--|--|
|                       | 1988-1997 | 1998-2006 | 2007+ |  |  |  |  |
|                       | n=141     | n=459     | n=609 |  |  |  |  |
| Years                 | %         | %         | %     |  |  |  |  |
| 0                     | 100.0     | 100.0     | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| 1                     | 60.9      | 67.8      | 68.9  |  |  |  |  |
| 2                     | 47.6      | 51.6      | 52.9  |  |  |  |  |
| 3                     | 36.4      | 42.7      | 39.1  |  |  |  |  |
| 4                     | 27.5      | 36.0      | 30.7  |  |  |  |  |
| 5                     | 21.6      | 30.5      | 26.6  |  |  |  |  |
| 6                     | 15.5      | 25.7      | 22.2  |  |  |  |  |
| 7                     | 14.0      | 21.8      | 20.9  |  |  |  |  |
| 8                     | 13.2      | 17.4      |       |  |  |  |  |
| 9                     | 11.6      | 14.7      |       |  |  |  |  |
| 10                    |           | 12.8      |       |  |  |  |  |
|                       |           |           |       |  |  |  |  |

**Table 5f.** Observed post-progression (any type) survival of patients with immunoprolif. disease for period 1988-2014 by period of progression (N=1,209).



#### Shortcuts

| MCR         | Munich Cancer Registry, Germany  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| NCI<br>SEER | National Cancer Institute, USA<br>Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results, USA |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UICC        | Union for International Can  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DCO<br>NA   | Death certificate only<br>Not available  | Death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOS         | Not otherwise specified  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OS          | Overall/Observed survival  | Overall/Observed survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate)<br>Date of entry: diagnosis<br>Event: death from any cause  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RS          | Relative survival  | Survival compared to "general population",<br>ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method),<br>reflecting cancer specific survival   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AS          | Assembled survival   | Assembled chart of observed, expected, relative survival  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CS          | Conditional survival   | Survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TTP         | Time to progression  | Time to first progression / relapse<br>Date of entry: diagnosis<br>Event: (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence,<br>distant metastasis or unspecified progression  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 1-КМ   | 1 minus Kaplan-Meier estimator<br>("inverse" Kaplan-Meier estimator)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | CI   | Cumulative incidence<br>Death as competing risk (according to Kalbfleisch und Prentice)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PPS         | Post-progression survival  | Survival since first progression / relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate)<br>Date of entry (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node<br>recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression<br>Event: death from any cause |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Recommended Citation**

Munich Cancer Registry. Survival ICD-10 C88,C90: Immunoprolif. disease [Internet]. 2016 [updated 2016 Mar 2; cited 2016 May 1]. Available from: http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/sC8890E-ICD-10-C88-C90-Immunoprolif.-disease-survival.pdf

#### Copyright

The content of the public web site provided by the Munich Cancer Registry is available worldwide and free of charge. All documents are free to download, utilize, copy, print-out and distribute, providing that the MCR is referenced.

#### Disclaimer

The Munich Cancer Registry reserves the right to not be responsible for the topicality, correctness, completeness or quality of the information provided. Liability claims regarding damage caused by the use of any information provided, including any kind of information which is incomplete or incorrect, will therefore be rejected.

### Index of figures and tables

| Fig./Tb | bl.   | Page |
|---------|---|------|
| 1a      | Relative survival by period of diagnosis (chart)                    | 2    |
| 1b      | Survival by period of diagnosis (table)                             | 2    |
| 2a      | Survival by gender (chart)  | 3    |
| 2b      | Survival by gender (table)  | 3    |
| 2c      | Conditional survival by gender (chart)                              | 4    |
| 2d      | Conditional survival by gender (table)                              | 4    |
| 3a      | Relative survival by age category (chart)                           | 5    |
| 3b      | Survival by age category (table)                                    | 5    |
| 5a      | Time to first progression (chart)                                   | 6    |
| 5b      | Time to first progression (table)                                   | 6    |
| 5c      | Observed post-progression survival (chart)                          | 7    |
| 5d      | Observed post-progression survival (table)                          | 7    |
| 5e      | Observed post-progression survival by period of progression (chart) | 8    |
| 5f      | Observed post-progression survival by period of progression (table) | 8    |