Munich Cancer Registry



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ICD-10 C33, C34: Small cell LC

Year of diagnosis	1988-1997	1998-2014
Patients	893	4,795
Diseases	893	4,796
Cases evaluated	824	4,028
Creation date	04/11/2016	
Export date	12/23/2015	
Population	4.64 m	





Munich Cancer Registry at Munich Cancer Center Marchioninistr. 15 Munich, 81377 Germany

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

 $http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/sC34s_E-ICD-10-C33-C34-Small-cell-LC-survival.pdf$

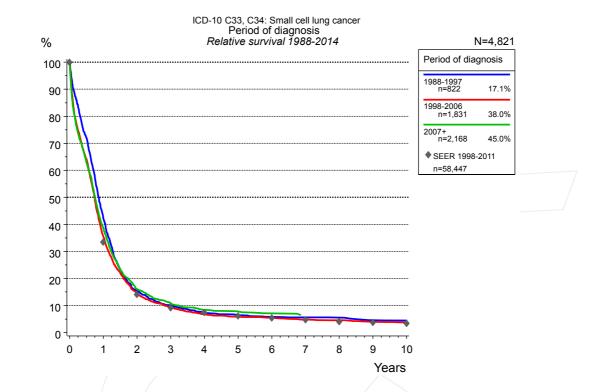


Figure 1a. Relative survival of patients with small cell LC by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 4,821 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

The survival results of the SEER program (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results) of the American National Cancer Institute (NCI) are summarized as the period of diagnosis from 1998 to 2011, and are represented by gray diamonds in order to facilitate comparisons between MCR and SEER.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided populationbased statistics since 1998, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

	F	Period	of diag	gnosis	;	
	1988-	1997	1998-	2006	200)7+
	n=8	322	n=1,	831	n=2,	168
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	41.7	42.3	34.7	35.5	37.9	38.7
2	14.9	15.4	14.1	14.7	15.4	16.0
3	9.6	10.1	8.7	9.2	10.3	10.7
4	7.0	7.5	6.4	6.8	7.8	8.4
5	6.0	6.5	5.4	5.9	7.2	7.8
6	5.2	5.8	4.9	5.5	6.4	7.1
7	4.9	5.6	4.3	4.8	5.8	6.3
8	4.8	5.5	4.0	4.6		
9	3.9	4.6	3.5	4.0		
10	3.7	4.4	3.1	3.7		

Table 1b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with small cell LC by period of diagnosis for period 1988-2014 (N=4,821).

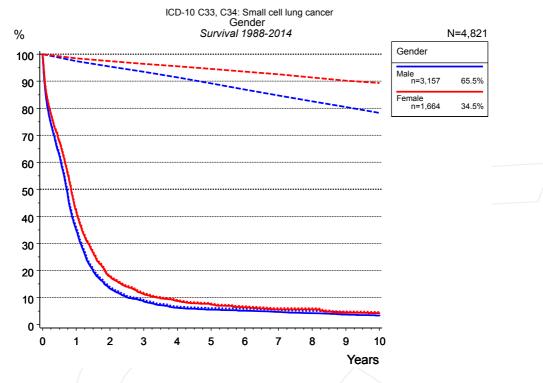


Figure 2a. Survival of patients with small cell LC by gender. Included in the evaluation are 4,821 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

	G	Gender	r	
			Ferr	nale
	n=3,	157	n=1,	664
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	34.9	35.8	41.8	42.3
2	13.3	13.9	17.7	18.1
3	8.6	9.1	11.3	11.7
4	6.2	6.7	8.7	9.1
5	5.5	6.1	7.4	7.8
6	5.1	5.8	6.4	6.8
7	4.6	5.4	5.6	6.1
8	4.2	5.0	5.6	6.0
9	3.7	4.6	4.4	4.8
10	3.4	4.2	4.2	4.6

Table 2b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with small cell LC by gender for period 1988-2014 (N=4,821).



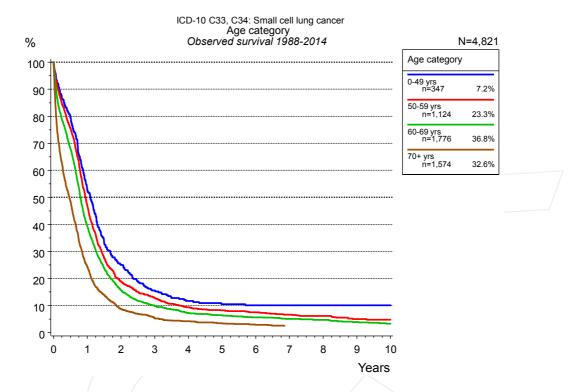


Figure 3a. Observed survival of patients with small cell LC by age category. Included in the evaluation are 4,821 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

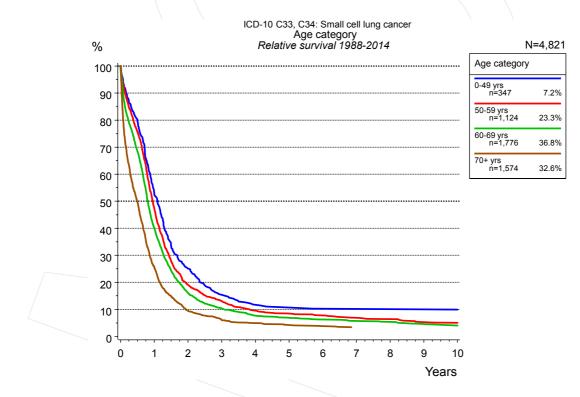


Figure 3b. Relative survival of patients with small cell LC by age category. Included in the evaluation are 4,821 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

	Age category													
	0-49	yrs	50-59	9 yrs	60-69 yrs		70+ yrs							
	n=3	347	n=1,	n=1,124		n=1,776		n=1,574						
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %						
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0						
1	52.5	52.6	47.0	47.3	39.5	40.0	24.5	25.6						
2	25.0	25.1	18.9	19.1	15.6	16.0	8.7	9.4						
3	15.5	15.4	12.8	13.1	9.9	10.3	5.3	6.0						
4	11.7	11.7	9.3	9.6	7.2	7.7	4.2	5.0						
5	10.5	10.7	8.2	8.4	6.4	6.9	3.5	4.2						
6	10.1	10.2	7.5	7.8	5.6	6.2	2.9	3.8						
7	10.1	10.2	6.7	6.9	5.0	5.7	2.4	3.3						
8	10.1	10.1	6.2	6.4	4.7	5.4								
9	10.1	10.0	5.0	5.3	3.9	4.6								
10	10.1	9.9	4.8	5.0	3.3	4.0								

Table 3c. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with small cell LC by age category for period 1988-2014 (N=4,821).



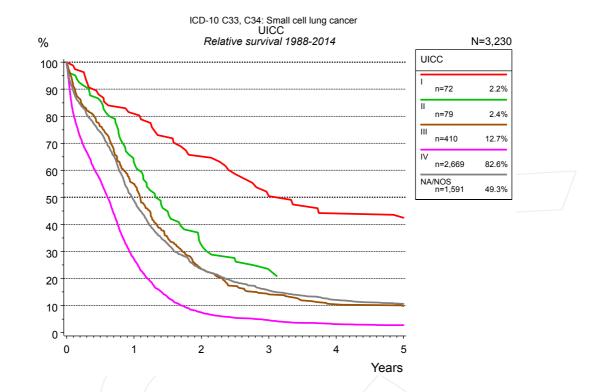


Figure 4a. Relative survival of patients with small cell LC by UICC. For 4,036 of 4,821 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 3,230 cases an evaluable classification was established. The grey line represents the subgroup of 1,591 patients with missing values regarding UICC (33.0% of 4,821 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=3,230).

					UICC					
	I		II III			IV	/	NA/N	IOS	
	n=	72	n=	79	n=4	10	n=2,	669	n=1,	591
Years	obs. %	rel. %								
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	80.0	81.0	62.1	63.0	54.1	55.0	26.6	27.2	47.7	48.8
2	63.3	65.1	31.7	32.4	22.8	23.5	7.2	7.4	22.5	23.4
3	49.0	50.5	22.5	23.3	13.7	14.1	4.3	4.5	14.7	15.6
4	40.8	44.1			10.0	10.4	3.0	3.2	11.2	12.1
5	39.1	42.5			9.3	9.8	2.5	2.7	9.7	10.6

Table 4b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with small cell LC by UICC for period 1988-2014 (N=3,230).



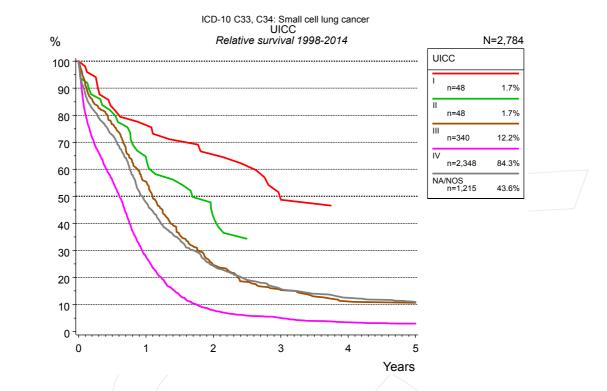


Figure 4c. Relative survival of patients with small cell LC by UICC. For 3,387 of 3,999 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 2,784 cases an evaluable classification was established. The grey line represents the subgroup of 1,215 patients with missing values regarding UICC (30.4% of 3,999 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=2,784).

	I		I	II III			IV	/	NA/N	10S
	n=	48	n=	48	n=3	340	n=2,	n=2,348		215
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %						
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	76.2	76.4	63.6	64.4	54.6	55.5	27.2	27.7	46.6	47.7
2	64.2	65.4	41.7	42.5	23.8	24.6	7.6	7.9	23.3	24.2
3	48.5	48.8			15.0	15.3	4.7	5.0	14.9	15.8
4	43.1	46.3			10.7	11.1	3.2	3.4	11.6	12.5
5	43.1	44.8			10.3	10.6	2.7	2.9	10.0	10.9

Table 4d. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with small cell LC by UICC for period 1998-2014 (N=2,784).



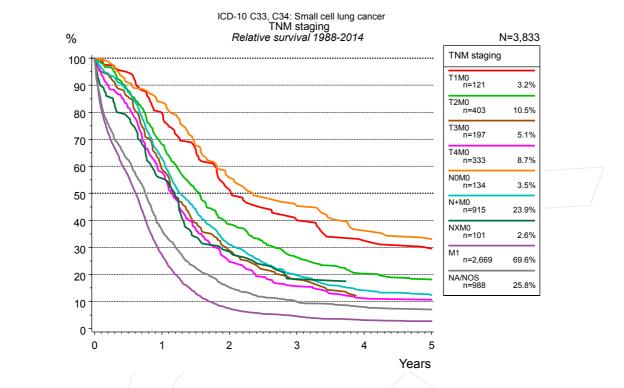


Figure 4e. Relative survival of patients with small cell LC by TNM staging. For 4,036 of 4,821 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 3,833 cases an evaluable classification was established. The accumulated percentage exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup. The grey line represents the subgroup of 988 patients with missing values regarding TNM staging (20.5% of 4,821 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=3,833).

	TNM staging													
	T1M0		T2	M0	T3M0		T4I	T4M0		N0M0		M0	NXM0	
	n=1	121	n=4	103	n=197		n=333		n=134		n=915		n=101	
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	78.6	79.6	67.0	68.1	58.6	59.0	57.0	57.8	82.6	83.6	62.0	63.0	55.1	55.5
2	50.2	51.3	37.3	38.6	28.0	28.9	24.0	24.7	53.7	55.8	30.1	31.1	28.5	28.4
3	38.9	40.1	25.2	26.4	17.6	18.2	15.0	15.7	43.6	45.4	18.8	19.7	17.7	18.3
4	30.9	32.5	19.1	20.3	11.4	12.0	10.7	11.2	34.0	36.2	13.3	14.1	16.6	17.1
5	27.7	29.6	16.7	18.2			9.9	10.7	30.4	33.1	11.5	12.4		

TNM staging							
cont'd	Μ	1	NA/NOS				
	n=2,669		n=988				
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %			
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1	26.6	27.2	35.3	36.3			
2	7.2	7.4	14.6	15.2			
3	4.3	4.5	9.4	9.9			
4	3.0	3.2	7.3	7.9			
5	2.5	2.7	6.5	7.1			
	Years 0 1 2 3 4	cont'd M Years obs. % 0 100.0 1 26.6 2 7.2 3 4.3 4 3.0	cont'd M1 n=2,669 Years obs.% rel.% 0 100.0 100.0 1 26.6 27.2 2 7.2 7.4 3 4.3 4.5 4 3.0 3.2	cont'd M1 NA/N n=2,669 n=9 Years obs.% rel.% obs.% 0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1 26.6 27.2 35.3 2 7.2 7.4 14.6 3 4.3 4.5 9.4 4 3.0 3.2 7.3			

Table 4f. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with small cell LC by TNM staging for period 1988-2014 (N=3,833).

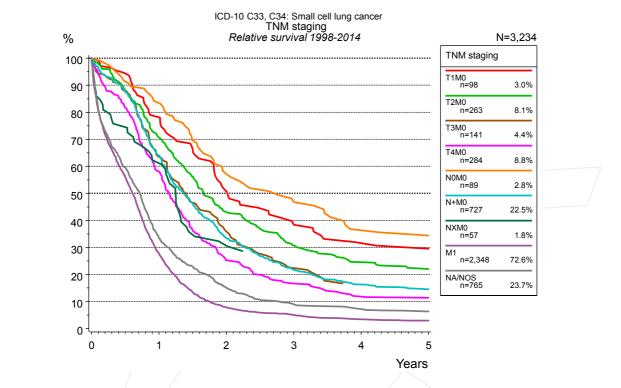


Figure 4g. Relative survival of patients with small cell LC by TNM staging. For 3,387 of 3,999 cases diagnosed between 1998 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 3,234 cases an evaluable classification was established. The accumulated percentage exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup. The grey line represents the subgroup of 765 patients with missing values regarding TNM staging (19.1% of 3,999 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=3,234).

	TNM staging													
	T1M0		T2	M0	T3M0		T4M0		N0M0		N+M0		NXM0	
	n=	98	n=2	263	n=1	n=141 n=284		284	n=89		n=727		n=57	
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	77.6	78.2	69.7	70.6	62.7	63.5	57.3	58.0	82.7	83.4	63.0	64.0	61.4	61.1
2	49.7	50.7	41.6	43.1	34.9	35.9	24.5	25.3	55.1	57.1	32.3	33.4	31.5	30.6
3	37.6	38.5	29.4	30.7	21.7	22.4	16.0	16.7	45.6	46.8	20.7	21.7		
4	29.8	31.6	23.2	24.6			11.4	11.8	34.2	36.3	15.4	16.3		
5	28.4	29.5	20.4	22.0			10.9	11.4	32.8	34.4	13.4	14.5		

	TNM staging							
cont'd	Μ	1	NA/NOS					
	n=2,	n=2,348		765				
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %				
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
1	27.2	27.7	32.5	33.4				
2	7.6	7.9	14.5	15.1				
3	4.7	5.0	8.5	9.0				
4	3.2	3.4	6.7	7.2				
5	2.7	2.9	5.9	6.3				
	Years 0 1 2 3 4	cont'd M Years obs. % 0 100.0 1 27.2 2 7.6 3 4.7 4 3.2	cont'd M1 n=2,348 Years obs. % rel. % 0 100.0 100.0 1 27.2 27.7 2 7.6 7.9 3 4.7 5.0 4 3.2 3.4	cont'd M1 NA/N n=2,348 n=7 Years obs. % rel. % obs. % 0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1 27.2 27.7 32.5 2 7.6 7.9 14.5 3 4.7 5.0 8.5 4 3.2 3.4 6.7				

Table 4h. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with small cell LC by TNM staging for period 1998-2014 (N=3,234).

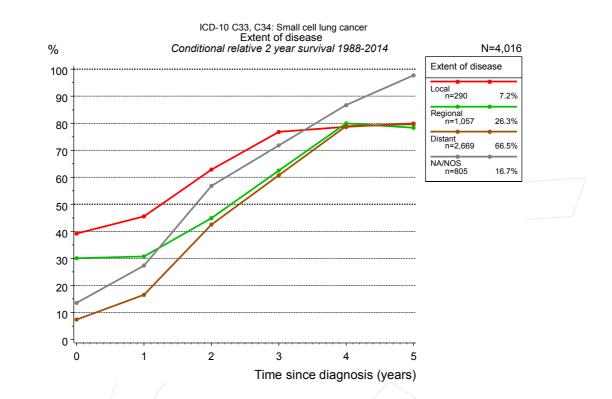


Figure 4i. Conditional relative 2-year survival of patients with small cell LC by extent of disease. For 4,036 of 4,821 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item. For a total of 4,016 cases an evaluable classification was established. The grey line represents the subgroup of 805 patients with missing values regarding extent of disease (16.7% of 4,821 patients, the percent values of all other categories are related to n=4,016).

			Exten	t of dis	sease				
	Loc	al	Regio	Regional Distant			NA/NOS		
		Cond.		Cond.		Cond.		Cond.	
		surv. %		surv. %		surv. %		surv. %	
Years	n	2 yrs	n	2 yrs	n	2 yrs	n	2 yrs	
0	290	39.2	1,057	30.1	2,669	7.4	805	13.6	
1	176	45.6	607	30.8	677	16.5	258	27.4	
2	101	62.9	281	44.9	168	42.5	94	56.8	
3	72	76.8	158	62.5	89	60.8	63	71.8	
4	58	78.7	103	80.0	50	78.9	49	86.7	
5	48	79.9	80	78.3	37	79.6	41	97.7	

Table 4j. Conditional relative 2-year survival of patients with small cell LC by extent of disease for period 1988-2014 (N=4,016).

Conditional relative survival rates refer to the relative survival probability, in this case for 2 years after cancer diagnosis, compared to the age- and sex-matched population (=100%) under the condition of being alive for a certain time period (x-axis in Figure 4g). The results illustrate to what extent the cancer induced mortality of particular subgroups declines in the subsequent years after detection of the malignancy. For instance, according to the presented survival statistics, patients in the subgroup extent of disease="Local", who are alive at least 3 years after cancer diagnosis, the conditional relative 2-year survival rate is 76.8% (n=72).

ICD-10 C33, C34: Small cell lung cancer

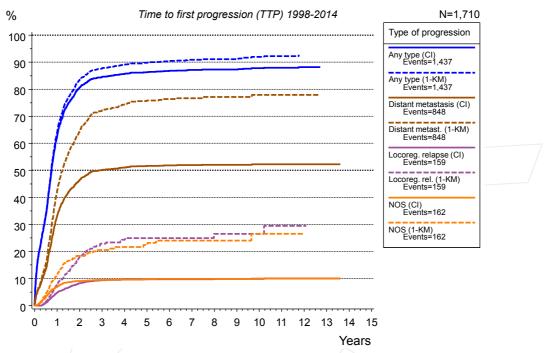


Figure 5a. Time to first progression of 1,710 patients with small cell LC diagnosed between 1998 and 2014 (M0 only in solid cancers) estimated by cumulative incidence function (CI, solid line) accounting for death as competing risk and by inverse Kaplan-Meier estimate (1-KM, dashed line). The frequency of events may be underestimated due to underreporting.

			Type of Distant	f progressio Distant	n		
	Any type (CI)	Any type (1-KM)	metastasis (CI)	metast. (1- KM)	Locoreg. relapse (CI)	Locoreg. rel. (1-KM)	NOS (CI)
	n=1,710	n=1,710	n=1,710	n=1,710	n=1,710	n=1,710	n=1,710
Years	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	62.6	64.1	33.2	42.5	4.9	8.0	7.1
2	80.7	83.4	46.4	64.4	8.3	18.0	9.1
3	84.6	87.8	50.1	72.2	9.4	22.9	9.4
4	85.7	89.1	51.1	74.5	9.6	24.4	9.6
5	86.3	89.8	51.7	75.9	9.7	24.9	9.7
6	86.8	90.5	51.9	76.4	9.7	24.9	9.8
7	87.2	90.9	52.0	76.7	9.7	24.9	9.8
8	87.3	91.1	52.1	77.2	9.9	26.5	9.8
9	87.3	91.1	52.1	77.2	9.9	26.5	9.8
10	87.8	91.9	52.3	77.9	9.9	26.5	10.0
11	88.0	92.3	52.3	77.9	10.0	29.5	10.0
12	88.2	92.8	52.3	77.9	10.0	29.5	10.0
13	88.2	92.8	52.3	77.9	10.0	29.5	10.0
14			52.3	77.9			10.0
15			52.3	77.9			10.0

Type of	
progression	
	NOS (1-KM)
	n=1,710
Years	%
0	0.0
1	11.5
2	18.4
3	20.6
4	21.7
5	22.4
6	24.0
7	24.0
8	24.0
9	24.0
10	26.6
11	26.6
12	26.6
13	26.6
14	26.6
15	26.6

 Table 5b. Time to first progression of patients with small cell LC for period 1998-2014 (N=1,710).



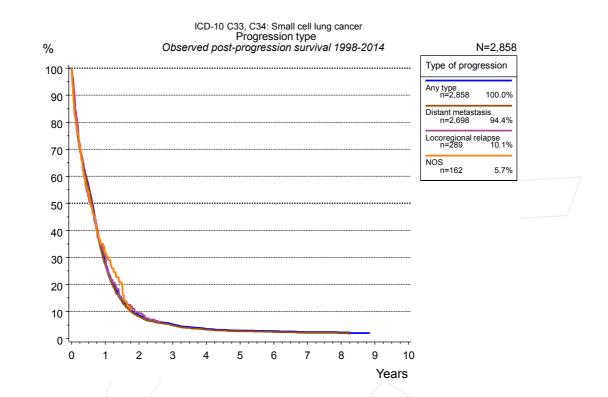


Figure 5c. Observed post-progression survival of 2,858 patients with small cell LC diagnosed between 1998 and 2014. These 2,858 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 71.9% of the totally 3,976 evaluated cases (incl. M1, n=2,266, 57.0%). Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=845, 21.3%). Multiple progression types on different sites are included in the evaluation even when not occuring synchronously. The NOS (not otherwise specified) class is included under the condition, that it is the one and only progression type during the course of disease.

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "Any type" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

	Any type n=2,858	Type of progr Distant metastasis n=2,698	Locoregional relapse n=289	NOS n=162
Years	%	%	%	%
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	28.6	27.2	30.3	31.7
2	8.6	8.1	9.4	
3	5.2	4.9		
4	3.6	3.3		
5	2.9	2.6		
6	2.7	2.4		
7	2.4	2.1		
8	2.3	2.0		
9	2.1	1.7		

Table 5d. Observed post-progression survival of patients with small cell LC for period 1998-2014 (N=2,858).

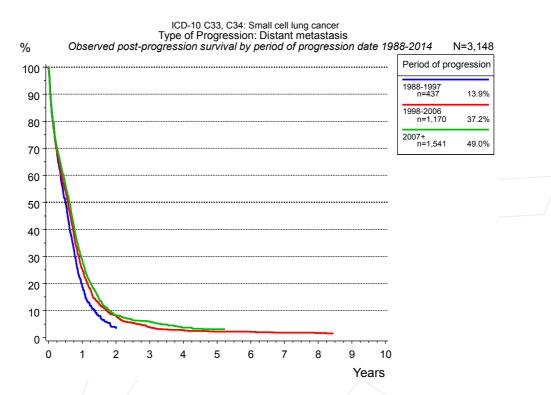


Figure 5e. Observed post-progression (distant metastasis) survival of 3,148 patients with small cell LC diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 by period of progression.

	Period of progression					
	1988-1997	1998-2006	2007+			
	n=437	n=1,170	n=1,541			
Years	%	%	%			
0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1	18.8	25.3	28.6			
2	3.8	8.1	8.2			
3		3.9	5.9			
4		2.8	3.7			
5		2.2	3.1			
6		2.1				
7		1.8				
8		1.7				
9		1.5				

Table 5f. Observed post-progression (distant metastasis) survival of patients with small cell LC for period 1988-2014 by period of progression (N=3,148).



Shortcuts

MCR	Munich Cancer Registry, Germany					
NCI	National Cancer Institute, USA					
SEER	Surveillance, Epidemiology	, and End Results, USA				
UICC	Union for International Can	cer Control, Geneva				
DCO	Death certificate only	Death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.				
NA	Not available					
NOS	Not otherwise specified					
OS	Overall/Observed survival	Overall/Observed survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry: diagnosis Event: death from any cause				
RS	Relative survival	Survival compared to "general population", ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method), reflecting cancer specific survival				
AS	Assembled survival	Assembled chart of observed, expected, relative survival				
CS	Conditional survival	Survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time				
TTP	Time to progression	Time to first progression / relapse Date of entry: diagnosis Event: (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression				
	1-КМ	1 minus Kaplan-Meier estimator ("inverse" Kaplan-Meier estimator)				
	CI	Cumulative incidence Death as competing risk (according to Kalbfleisch und Prentice)				
PPS	Post-progression survival	Survival since first progression / relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression Event: death from any cause				

Recommended Citation

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