Munich Cancer Registry



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ICD-10 C92.1: Chronic myel. leukaemia

Survival

Year of diagnosis	1988-1997	1998-2014
Patients	133	888
Diseases	133	888
Cases evaluated	112	502
Creation date	04/11/2016	
Export date	12/23/2015	
Population	4.64 m	



Munich Cancer Registry at Munich Cancer Center Marchioninistr. 15 Munich, 81377 Germany

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en

http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/sC921_E-ICD-10-C92.1-Chronic-myel-leukaemia-survival.pdf

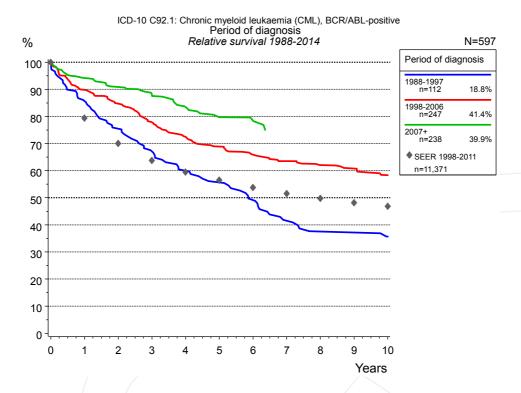


Figure 1a. Relative survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by period of diagnosis. Included in the evaluation are 597 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

The presented survival curves are derived from clinical records with valid follow-up informations, which means that death certificate cases (DCO) cases are omitted from the analysis. With this one restriction, the MCR has provided population-based statistics since 1998, collecting data on all cancer cases in the region of southern Bavaria. Historical data of previous time periods can be heavily selected, therefore, univariate survival comparisons of the presented time periods must be carefully considered. Nonetheless, all calculable survival curves are depicted to facilitate the comparison of long time follow-up analyses of relative survival between particular cancers.

	F	Period	of diag	gnosis	3	
	1988-	1997	1998-	2006	200)7+
	n=112		n=247		n=2	238
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	84.8	85.6	88.4	89.8	92.7	94.2
2	74.0	75.5	82.2	84.7	87.9	90.9
3	65.0	67.1	74.2	77.9	84.0	87.8
4	57.8	60.0	68.3	72.4	78.7	83.5
5	53.2	55.7	64.0	68.9	73.7	79.8
6	46.6	49.1	60.6	65.9	72.5	78.4
7	38.9	41.5	57.6	63.5		
8	34.8	37.5	55.4	62.0		
9	34.8	37.2	54.0	60.8		
10	32.7	35.7	51.0	58.3		
	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Years obs. % 0 100.0 1 84.8 2 74.0 3 65.0 4 57.8 5 53.2 6 46.6 7 38.9 8 34.8 9 34.8	1988-1997 n=112 Years obs. % rel. % 0 100.0 100.0 1 84.8 85.6 2 74.0 75.5 3 65.0 67.1 4 57.8 60.0 5 53.2 55.7 6 46.6 49.1 7 38.9 41.5 8 34.8 37.5 9 34.8 37.2	1988-1997 1998- n=112 n=2 Years obs. % rel. % obs. % 0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1 84.8 85.6 88.4 2 74.0 75.5 82.2 3 65.0 67.1 74.2 4 57.8 60.0 68.3 5 53.2 55.7 64.0 6 46.6 49.1 60.6 7 38.9 41.5 57.6 8 34.8 37.5 55.4 9 34.8 37.2 54.0	1988-1997 1998-2006 n=112 n=247 Years obs. % rel. % obs. % rel. % 0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1 84.8 85.6 88.4 89.8 2 74.0 75.5 82.2 84.7 3 65.0 67.1 74.2 77.9 4 57.8 60.0 68.3 72.4 5 53.2 55.7 64.0 68.9 6 46.6 49.1 60.6 65.9 7 38.9 41.5 57.6 63.5 8 34.8 37.5 55.4 62.0 9 34.8 37.2 54.0 60.8	n=112 n=247 n=2 years obs. % rel. % obs. % rel. % obs. % obs. % rel. % obs. % 0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1 84.8 85.6 88.4 89.8 92.7 2 74.0 75.5 82.2 84.7 87.9 3 65.0 67.1 74.2 77.9 84.0 4 57.8 60.0 68.3 72.4 78.7 5 53.2 55.7 64.0 68.9 73.7 6 46.6 49.1 60.6 65.9 72.5 7 38.9 41.5 57.6 63.5 8 34.8 37.5 55.4 62.0 9 34.8 37.2 54.0 60.8

Table 1b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by period of diagnosis for period 1988-2014 (N=597).

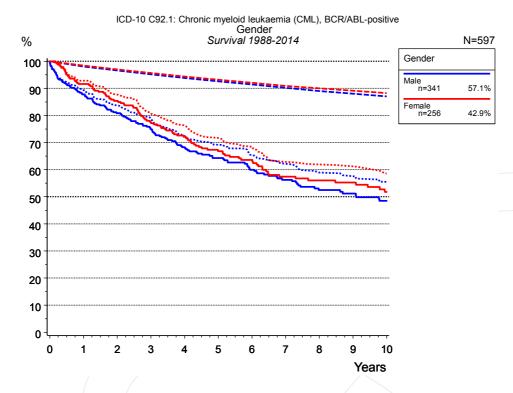


Figure 2a. Survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by gender. Included in the evaluation are 597 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

Gender							
	Ma	ale	Female				
	n=3	341	n=2	256			
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %			
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
1	87.8	89.3	91.6	92.9			
2	80.9	83.7	85.4	87.7			
3	74.8	78.6	77.6	80.7			
4	68.3	72.4	72.1	76.2			
5	64.3	69.2	66.8	71.7			
6	60.0	65.4	63.6	68.5			
7	56.3	62.2	57.4	62.9			
8	52.5	58.9	56.0	61.9			
9	51.2	57.6	55.3	61.2			
10	48.5	55.5	51.8	58.6			

Table 2b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by gender for period 1988-2014 (N=597).

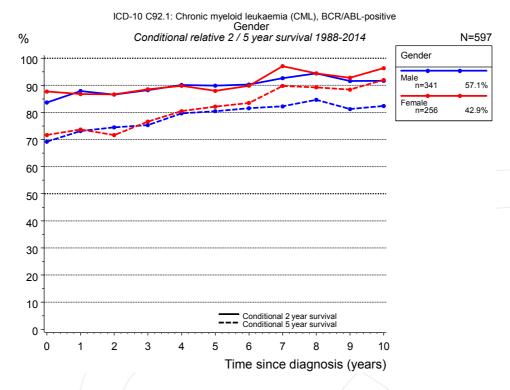


Figure 2c. Conditional relative 2 / 5-year survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by gender. For 597 of 597 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 valid data could be obtained for this item.

	Gender								
	Male			F					
		Cond. s	surv. %		Cond. s	surv. %			
Years	n	2 yrs	5 yrs	n	2 yrs	5 yrs			
0	341	83.7	69.2	256	87.7	71.7			
1	287	87.9	73.2	227	86.8	73.7			
2	250	86.6	74.5	203	86.7	71.6			
3	216	88.2	75.4	174	88.5	76.6			
4	178	90.2	79.7	154	89.8	80.5			
5	153	89.9	80.5	127	88.0	82.2			
6	135	90.3	81.6	110	89.9	83.5			
7	114	92.7	82.2	88	97.1	89.8			
8	87	94.4	84.7	76	94.4	89.3			
9	78	91.6	81.3	67	92.8	88.4			
10	68	91.7	82.4	56	96.3	92.0			

Table 2d. Conditional relative 2 / 5-year survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by gender for period 1988-2014 (N=597).

Conditional relative survival rates refer to the relative survival probability, in this case for 2 and 5 years after cancer diagnosis, compared to the age- and sex-matched population (=100%) under the condition of being alive for a certain time period (x-axis in Figure 2a). The results illustrate to what extent the cancer induced mortality of particular subgroups declines in the subsequent years after detection of the malignancy. For instance, according to the presented survival statistics, patients in the subgroup gender="Male", who are alive at least 3 years after cancer diagnosis, the conditional relative 2-year survival rate is 88.2% (n=216).

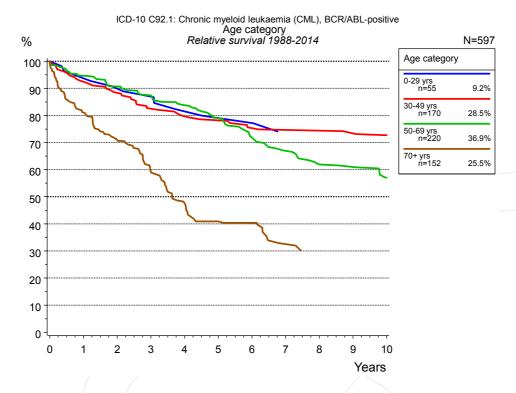
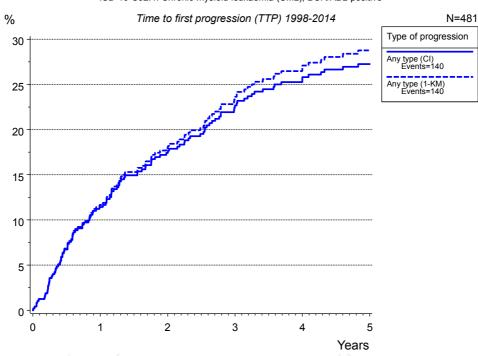


Figure 3a. Relative survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by age category. Included in the evaluation are 597 cases diagnosed between 1988 and 2014.

Age category								
	0-29	yrs	30-49	9 yrs	50-69 yrs		70+ yrs	
	n=	55	n=170		n=220		n=152	
Years	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %	obs. %	rel. %
0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	94.5	93.7	92.8	92.5	94.0	94.7	77.2	81.1
2	90.8	89.9	88.3	88.4	89.2	90.7	64.3	71.0
3	88.8	87.0	82.3	82.5	84.7	87.4	51.3	59.0
4	82.2	81.5	79.4	79.7	80.4	83.8	39.3	47.5
5	79.8	79.1	77.9	78.2	74.9	79.0	31.8	40.9
6	79.8	77.2	74.7	75.3	67.5	71.9	30.9	40.4
7			73.8	74.7	61.7	67.0	22.9	32.6
8			73.8	74.4	56.0	62.0	20.2	29.5
9			72.7	73.4	55.1	61.0		
10			71.5	72.7	50.0	57.0		

Table 3b. Observed (obs.) and relative (rel.) survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia by age category for period 1988-2014 (N=597).



ICD-10 C92.1: Chronic myeloid leukaemia (CML), BCR/ABL-positive

Figure 5a. Time to first progression of 481 patients with chronic myel. leukaemia diagnosed between 1998 and 2014 (M0 only in solid cancers) estimated by cumulative incidence function (CI, solid line) accounting for death as competing risk and by inverse Kaplan-Meier estimate (1-KM, dashed line). The frequency of events may be underestimated due to underreporting.

Type of progression							
	Any type (CI)	Any type (1-KM)					
	n=481	n=481					
Years	%	%					
0	0.0	0.0					
1	11.4	11.7					
2	17.4	17.9					
3	22.7	23.6					
4	25.3	26.5					
5	27.3	28.8					

Table 5b. Time to first progression of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia for period 1998-2014 (N=481).

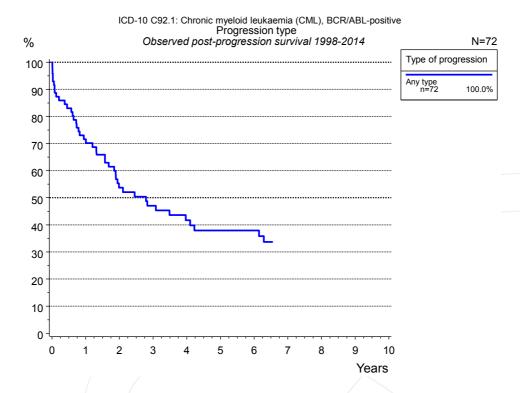


Figure 5c. Observed post-progression survival of 72 patients with chronic myel. leukaemia diagnosed between 1998 and 2014. These 72 patients with documented progression events during their course of disease represent 15.0 % of the totally 481 evaluated cases. Patients with cancer relapse documented via death certificates only were excluded (n=68, 14.1 %).

Medical record documentation often lacks the linguistic severity to distinguish between local relapse, regional lymph node metastasis and distant spread in solid cancers. Frequently, the statement "not specified" is the only information in registries regarding relapse of the disease. The category "Any type" denotes all cases who suffered from at least one relapse during the course of disease (incl. primary M1-status). Although, the real number of relapsed patients is likely to be much higher. The accumulated percentage of patients with local relapse or distant metastasis exceeds the 100% value because patients are potientially considered in more than one subgroup.

	Type of ogression	
ριο	Any type	
	n=72	
Years	%	
0	100.0	
1	71.6	
2	53.7	
3	47.0	
4	41.7	
5	37.9	
6	37.9	
7	33.7	
8	33.7	
9	33.7	

Table 5d. Observed post-progression survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia for period 1998-2014 (N=72).

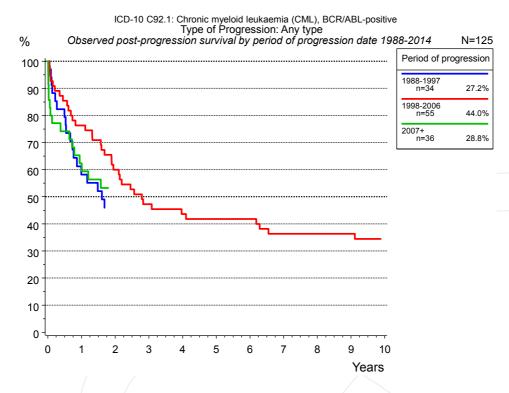


Figure 5e. Observed post-progression (any type) survival of 125 patients with chronic myel. leukaemia diagnosed between 1988 and 2014 by period of progression.

	Period o	of progression	n
	1988-1997	1998-2006	2007+
	n=34	n=55	n=36
Years	%	%	%
0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1	58.2	76.4	62.3
2		60.0	
3		47.3	
4		43.6	
5		41.8	
6		41.8	
7		36.4	
8		36.4	
9		36.4	
10		34.4	

Table 5f. Observed post-progression (any type) survival of patients with chronic myel. leukaemia for period 1988-2014 by period of progression (N=125).

Shortcuts

MCR	Munich Cancer Registry, Germany				
NCI	National Cancer Institute, U	JSA			
SEER	Surveillance, Epidemiology	, and End Results, USA			
UICC	Union for International Can	cer Control, Geneva			
DCO	Death certificate only	Death certificate provides the only notification to the registry.			
NA	Not available				
NOS	Not otherwise specified				
os	Overall/Observed survival	Overall/Observed survival (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry: diagnosis Event: death from any cause			
RS	Relative survival	Survival compared to "general population", ratio of observed to expected survival (Ederer II method), reflecting cancer specific survival			
AS	Assembled survival	Assembled chart of observed, expected, relative survival			
CS	Conditional survival	Survival probability under the condition of surviving a given period of time			
TTP	Time to progression	Time to first progression / relapse Date of entry: diagnosis Event: (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression			
	1-KM	1 minus Kaplan-Meier estimator ("inverse" Kaplan-Meier estimator)			
	CI	Cumulative incidence Death as competing risk (according to Kalbfleisch und Prentice)			
PPS	Post-progression survival	Survival since first progression / relapse (Kaplan-Meier estimate) Date of entry (progression / relapse): first local-, lymph node recurrence, distant metastasis or unspecified progression Event: death from any cause			

Recommended Citation

Munich Cancer Registry. Survival ICD-10 C92.1: Chronic myel. leukaemia [Internet]. 2016 [updated 2016 Apr 11; cited 2016 Jun 1]. Available from: http://www.tumorregister-muenchen.de/en/facts/surv/sC921_E-ICD-10-C92.1-Chronic-myel.-leukaemia-survival.pdf

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